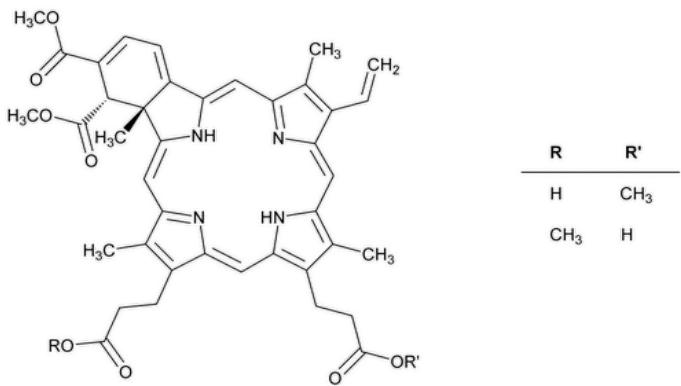


Status: Currently Official on 17-Feb-2025
Official Date: Official as of 01-May-2020
Document Type: USP Monographs
DocId: GUID-2C236332-A643-4E97-AC99-DA4AD6257DA6_4_en-US
DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M88105_04_01
DOI Ref: ti95l

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Verteporfin



$C_{41}H_{42}N_4O_8$ 718.79
23*H*,25*H*-Benzo[*b*]porphine-9,13-dipropanoic acid, 18-ethenyl-4,4a-dihydro-3,4-bis(methoxycarbonyl)-4a,8,14,19-tetramethyl-, monomethyl ester, *trans*-;
(±)-*trans*-3,4-Dicarboxy-4,4a-dihydro-4a,8,14,19-tetramethyl-18-vinyl-23*H*,25*H*-benzo[*b*]porphine-9,13-dipropanoic acid, 3,4,9-trimethyl ester mixture with (±)-*trans*-3,4-dicarboxy-4,4a-dihydro-4a,8,14,19-tetramethyl-18-vinyl-23*H*,25*H*-benzo[*b*]porphine-9,13-dipropionic acid, 3,4,13-trimethyl ester CAS RN®: 129497-78-5; UNII: 0X9PA28K43.

DEFINITION
Verteporfin contains NLT 94.0% and NMT 102.0% of verteporfin ($C_{41}H_{42}N_4O_8$), calculated on the anhydrous basis.

[**CAUTION**—Verteporfin is a light-activated drug used in photodynamic therapy. Care should be taken to avoid contact with eyes and skin.]

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- **A.** **▲SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197M▲** (CN 1-MAY-2020)
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Solution A: Acetonitrile, 1% (w/v) aqueous ammonium sulfate, glacial acetic acid, and 3.6 M sulfuric acid (10:10:1:0.027)
Solution B: Tetrahydrofuran, 1% (w/v) aqueous ammonium sulfate, glacial acetic acid, and 3.6 M sulfuric acid (10:10:1:0.034)
Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	80	20
60	80	20
90	60	40

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
91	60	40
120	30	70
121	30	70
125	0	100
137	0	100
140	80	20
150	80	20

Diluent: Acetonitrile and tetrahydrofuran (1:1)

Standard solution: 0.25 mg/mL of [USP Verteporfin RS](#) prepared as follows. Transfer [USP Verteporfin RS](#) to a suitable volumetric flask, add *Diluent* equivalent to 60% of the flask volume and dissolve, then dilute with water to volume. Protect this solution from light.

Sample solution: Equivalent to 0.25 mg/mL of Verteporfin prepared as follows. Transfer 25 mg of Verteporfin to a 100-mL volumetric flask, add 60 mL of *Diluent* and dissolve, then dilute with water to volume. Protect this solution from light.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: Vis 410 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; packing L1

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

Injection volume: 20 µL

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.5 between the two verteporfin regioisomer peaks

Tailing factor: NMT 1.3

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of verteporfin ($C_{41}H_{42}N_4O_8$) in the portion of Verteporfin taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = sum of two verteporfin regioisomer peak responses from the *Sample solution*

r_S = sum of two verteporfin regioisomer peak responses from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Verteporfin RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Verteporfin in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the ratio for the two verteporfin regioisomer peaks from the *Sample solution*.

Acceptance criteria

Assay: 94.0%–102.0% on the anhydrous basis

Peak ratio: 0.9–1.1

IMPURITIES

• [RESIDUE ON IGNITION \(281\)](#): NMT 0.2%

• **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Procedure

Solution A, Solution B, Mobile phase, Standard solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Sensitivity solution: 0.25 µg/mL of [USP Verteporfin RS](#) in water from the *Standard solution*

System suitability

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sensitivity solution*

Suitability requirements

Signal-to-noise ratio: NLT 10, *Sensitivity solution*

Resolution: NLT 2.5 between the two verteporfin peaks, *Standard solution*

Tailing factor: NMT 1.3, *Standard solution*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Sample: *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of each individual impurity in the portion of Verteporfin taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_T) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response for each impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_T = sum of the responses of all the peaks from the *Sample solution*

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 2](#).

Table 2

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Impurity	0.56	0.6
Verteporfin (first regioisomer peak)	1.0	—
Any other individual impurity	—	0.8
Total impurities	—	4.0

SPECIFIC TESTS

- [MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TESTS \(61\)](#) and [TESTS FOR SPECIFIED MICROORGANISMS \(62\)](#): The total aerobic microbial count is NMT 10² cfu/g.
- [BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST \(85\)](#): NMT 0.5 USP Endotoxin Unit/mg of verteporfin
- [WATER DETERMINATION, Method 1c\(921\)](#): NMT 1.4%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, and store in a freezer.
- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#)
[USP Verteporfin RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
VERTEPORFIN	Documentary Standards Support	SM32020 Small Molecules 3
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services RSTECH@usp.org	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. PF 30(3)

Current DocID: GUID-2C236332-A643-4E97-AC99-DA4AD6257DA6_4_en-US

DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M88105_04_01

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