

Status: Currently Official on 17-Feb-2025  
 Official Date: Official as of 01-May-2020  
 Document Type: USP Monographs  
 DocId: GUID-4CB0F8DF-1682-491C-846C-8036E8053428\_2\_en-US  
 DOI: [https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M84312\\_02\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M84312_02_01)  
 DOI Ref: 881fx

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## Topiramate Capsules

### DEFINITION

Topiramate Capsules contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of topiramate ( $C_{12}H_{21}NO_8S$ ).

### IDENTIFICATION

*Change to read:*

- A. **▲SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197F▲** (CN 1-MAY-2020)

**Wavenumber range:** 4000 to 650  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

**Standard solution:** 20 mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in acetone

**Sample solution:** Open an appropriate number of Capsules to prepare a 20-mg/mL topiramate solution in acetone. Shake the solution for 30 min, and centrifuge for 10 min. Then pass an aliquot of the clear supernatant through a suitable nylon filter of 0.2- $\mu\text{m}$  pore size, and use the filtrate for analysis.

### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Apply 50  $\mu\text{L}$  to an NaCl plate, allow the solution to dry, then obtain the IR spectrum.

**Acceptance criteria:** Meet the requirements

- B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

### ASSAY

#### • PROCEDURE

**Buffer:** 1.5 g/L of ammonium acetate in water. Adjust with glacial acetic acid to a pH of 4.0.

**Diluent:** Acetonitrile and water (20:80)

**Mobile phase:** Methanol and Buffer (20:80)

**Standard solution:** 6 mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in Diluent

**Sample solution:** Nominally 6 mg/mL of topiramate in Diluent from NLT 20 Capsules. [NOTE—Shake vigorously for at least 60 min, and pass a portion through a PTFE chemical-resistant filter of 0.45- $\mu\text{m}$  pore size.]

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** Refractive index

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  25-cm; 5- $\mu\text{m}$  packing L1

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 100  $\mu\text{L}$

#### Temperatures

**Column:** 35°

**Detector:** 35°

#### System suitability

**Sample:** Standard solution

#### Suitability requirements

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of topiramate ( $C_{12}H_{21}NO_8S$ ) in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of topiramate in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0%

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

### • [Dissolution \(711\)](#)

#### Test 1

**Medium:** Water; 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm. Use an appropriate sinker as necessary.

**Time:** 45 min

**Standard stock solution:** 0.56 mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in *Medium* prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 2% of the flask volume of acetone to dissolve the solid. Dilute with *Medium* to volume.

**Standard solution:** ( $L/900$ ) mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in *Medium*, where  $L$  is the label claim, in mg of topiramate per Capsule from the *Standard stock solution*

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 1- $\mu$ m pore size.

**Mobile phase:** Methanol and water (32:68)

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** Refractive index

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  15-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing L7

**Flow rate:** 2 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 200  $\mu$ L

#### Temperatures

**Column:** 35°

**Detector:** 35°

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for Capsules labeled to contain more than 15 mg of topiramate; NMT 3.0% for Capsules labeled to contain less than or equal to 15 mg of topiramate

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of topiramate ( $C_{12}H_{21}NO_8S$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$L$  = label claim (mg/Capsule)

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% ( $Q$ ) of the labeled amount of topiramate is dissolved.

#### Test 2

If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

**Medium:** Water; 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm. Use an appropriate sinker as necessary.

**Time:** 60 min

**Standard solution:** (*L*/900) mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in *Medium*, where *L* is the label claim, in mg of topiramate per Capsule

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter.

**Mobile phase:** Methanol and water (40:60)

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** Refractive index

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L7

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 100 μL

#### Temperatures

**Column:** 35°

**Detector:** 35°

#### System suitability

**Sample:** Standard solution

#### Suitability requirements

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of topiramate ( $C_{12}H_{21}NO_8S$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the Sample solution

$r_S$  = peak response from the Standard solution

$C_S$  = concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of Medium, 900 mL

$L$  = label claim (mg/Capsule)

**Tolerances:** NLT 75% (*Q*) of the labeled amount of topiramate ( $C_{12}H_{21}NO_8S$ ) is dissolved.

- [Uniformity of Dosage Units \(905\)](#): Meet the requirements

#### IMPURITIES

- **LIMIT OF SULFAMATE AND SULFATE:** Use water with a resistivity of NLT 18 megohm-cm for the preparation of the Mobile phase, Standard solution, and Sample solution.

**Buffer:** 0.8 g/L of *p*-hydroxybenzoic acid in water

**Mobile phase:** Methanol and Buffer (2.5:97.5). Adjust with sodium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9.4 ± 0.5.

**Standard solution:** 0.015 mg/mL each of sodium sulfate and sulfamic acid in Mobile phase from anhydrous sodium sulfate and sulfamic acid, respectively

**Sample solution:** Grind the contents of NLT 20 Capsules. Transfer an amount of powder equivalent to 300 mg of topiramate to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add about 40 mL of Mobile phase, and stir for 30 min. Sonicate for 10 min, and dilute with Mobile phase to volume. Centrifuge, and pass through a polyethersulfone membrane filter of 0.45-μm pore size, discarding the first 3 mL of the filtrate.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** Conductivity

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-μm packing L47

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min. [NOTE—A suitable background suppression unit may be used.]

**Detector temperature:** 30°

**Injection volume:** 70 μL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** Standard solution

[NOTE—The relative retention time of the sulfamate peak is 0.44 relative to the sulfate peak.]

**Suitability requirements****Relative standard deviation:** NMT 15.0% for the sulfamate and sulfate peaks**Analysis****Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of sulfate in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$$

 $r_U$  = peak response of sulfate from the Sample solution $r_S$  = peak response of sulfate from the Standard solution $C_S$  = concentration of sodium sulfate in the Standard solution (mg/mL) $C_U$  = nominal concentration of topiramate in the Sample solution (mg/mL) $M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of sulfate anion, 96.04 $M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of anhydrous sodium sulfate, 142.04

Calculate the percentage of sulfamate in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$$

 $r_U$  = peak response of sulfamate from the Sample solution $r_S$  = peak response of sulfamate from the Standard solution $C_S$  = concentration of sulfamic acid in the Standard solution (mg/mL) $C_U$  = nominal concentration of topiramate in the Sample solution (mg/mL) $M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of sulfamate anion, 96.09 $M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of sulfamic acid, 97.09**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 0.25% (w/w) of sulfate and NMT 0.25% (w/w) of sulfamate**• ORGANIC IMPURITIES****Diluent, Mobile phase, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.**Standard solution:** 1.2 mg/mL of [USP Topiramate RS](#) and 0.6 mg/mL of [USP Topiramate Related Compound A RS](#) in Diluent**System suitability****Sample:** Standard solution[NOTE—Identify the peaks due to topiramate related compound A and topiramate using the relative retention times given in [Table 1](#).]**Suitability requirements****Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0%**Analysis****Samples:** Sample solution and Standard solution

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

 $r_U$  = peak response of the individual impurity from the Sample solution $r_S$  = peak response of topiramate from the Standard solution $C_S$  = concentration of [USP Topiramate RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL) $C_U$  = nominal concentration of topiramate in the Sample solution (mg/mL) $F$  = relative response factor (see [Table 1](#))

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 1](#).**Table 1**

| Name                                       | Relative Retention Time | Relative Response Factor | Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%) |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Topiramate related compound A              | 0.66                    | 1.1                      | 0.5                          |
| Topiramate                                 | 1.0                     | —                        | —                            |
| Individual unspecified degradation product | —                       | —                        | 0.2                          |
| Total impurities                           | —                       | —                        | 0.7                          |

**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Store in tightly closed containers at controlled room temperature, protected from moisture.
- **LABELING:** Topiramate Capsules may be swallowed whole or may be administered by carefully opening the Capsule and sprinkling the entire contents on a teaspoon of soft food. This drug-food mixture should be swallowed immediately and not chewed. It should not be stored for future use. When more than one *Dissolution* test is given, the labeling states the *Dissolution* test used only if *Test 1* is not used.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Topiramate RS](#)[USP Topiramate Related Compound A RS](#)2,3:4,5-Bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)- $\beta$ -D-fructopyranose. $C_{12}H_{20}O_6$  260.28**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

| Topic/Question             | Contact   | Expert Committee          |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| TOPIRAMATE CAPSULES        | <a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>                               | SM42020 Small Molecules 4 |
| REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT | RS Technical Services<br><a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a> | SM42020 Small Molecules 4 |

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)**Most Recently Appeared In:**

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. PF 39(1)

**Current DocID:** [GUID-4CB0F8DF-1682-491C-846C-8036E8053428\\_2\\_en-US](#)**DOI:** [https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M84312\\_02\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M84312_02_01)**DOI ref:** [881fx](#)