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# Spironolactone and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

**DEFINITION**  
Spironolactone and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amounts of spironolactone ( $C_{24}H_{32}O_4S$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ).

**IDENTIFICATION**

- **A.** The retention times of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

**Add the following:**

- ▲• **B.** The UV spectra of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

**ASSAY**

**Change to read:**

- **PROCEDURE**

▲Protect all solutions containing spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide from light.

**Solution A:** [Methanol](#) and [water](#) (10:90)

**Solution B:** [Methanol](#)

**Mobile phase:** See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	100	0
5	100	0
6	59	41
26	59	41
26.05	100	0
30	100	0

**Diluent:** [Acetonitrile](#) and [water](#) (50:50)

**System suitability stock solution:** 50 µg/mL each of [USP Spironolactone Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate to dissolve if necessary.

**System suitability solution:** 0.1 mg/mL each of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), and 1 µg/mL each of [USP Spironolactone Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer an appropriate amount of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add a suitable portion of the *System suitability stock solution* and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

**Standard solution:** 0.1 mg/mL each of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate to dissolve if necessary.

**Sample stock solution:** Nominally 0.5 mg/mL each of spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide from Tablets prepared as follows. Transfer Tablets (NLT 10) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add *Diluent* to about 60% of the flask volume, sonicate for about 10 min, and maintain a cool

sonication bath temperature. Shake for about another 30 min and allow to cool to room temperature. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.1 mg/mL each of spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample stock solution* prepared as follows.

Transfer 10.0 mL of the *Sample stock solution* to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Pass a portion through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size and discard the first 4 mL of the filtrate.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 190–400 nm.

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 2.7-μm packing [L1](#)

#### Temperatures

**Autosampler:** 5°

**Column:** 40°

**Flow rate:** 1.2 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

#### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for benzothiadiazine related compound A, hydrochlorothiazide, spironolactone, and spironolactone related compound A are 0.7, 1.0, 4.0, and 4.4, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between benzothiadiazine related compound A and hydrochlorothiazide; NLT 2.0 between spironolactone and spironolactone related compound A, *System suitability solution*

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 for hydrochlorothiazide and spironolactone, *Standard solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.0% for hydrochlorothiazide and spironolactone, *Standard solution* ▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentages of ▲the labeled amounts ▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023) of spironolactone ( $C_{24}H_{32}O_4S$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0%

#### PERFORMANCE TESTS

**Change to read:**

• [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#)

**Medium:** 0.1 N [hydrochloric acid](#) containing 0.1% [sodium dodecyl sulfate](#); 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm

**Time:** 60 min

**Solution A:** [Acetonitrile](#)

**Solution B:** 4.5 g/L of [monobasic potassium phosphate](#) in [water](#)

**Mobile phase:** See [Table 2](#).

**Table 2**

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	25	75

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
10	75	25
18	75	25
25	25	75

**Standard solution:** 12.5 µg/mL each of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in a mixture of [methanol](#) and *Medium* ▲(50:50)▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

**Sample solution:** Transfer a 5.0-mL portion of the solution under test to a 10-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with [methanol](#) to volume.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 25-cm; ▲10-µm▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023) packing [L1](#)

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 20 µL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for hydrochlorothiazide and spironolactone are 0.5 and 1.0, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between hydrochlorothiazide and spironolactone

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% ▲each for hydrochlorothiazide and spironolactone▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

▲Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of spironolactone ( $C_{24}H_{32}O_4S$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times D \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Spironolactone RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$D$  = dilution factor for the *Sample solution*

$L$  = label claim of spironolactone or hydrochlorothiazide (mg/Tablet)

▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

**Tolerances:** NLT 75% (Q) each of the labeled amounts of spironolactone ( $C_{24}H_{32}O_4S$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) is dissolved.

#### Change to read:

• [UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS \(905\)](#): Meet the requirements ▲▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

#### Add the following:

#### ▲IMPURITIES

##### • ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Protect all solutions containing spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide from light.

**Solution A, Solution B, Diluent, System suitability stock solution, and System suitability solution:** Prepare as directed in the Assay.

**Mobile phase:** See [Table 3](#).

**Table 3**

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	100	0
5	100	0
14	60	40
34	60	40
41	20	80
46	20	80
51.5	100	0
60	100	0

**Sensitivity solution:** 0.5 µg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate to dissolve if necessary.

**Standard stock solution:** Use *Standard solution* from the Assay.

**Standard solution:** 5 µg/mL each of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Spironolactone Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Spironolactone RS](#), and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable portion of the *Standard stock solution* to a suitable volumetric flask. Add a suitable portion of the *System suitability stock solution* and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 500 µg/mL each of spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide in *Diluent*, prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of finely powdered Tablets (NLT 20), equivalent to 250 mg each of spironolactone and hydrochlorothiazide, to a suitable volumetric flask. Add *Diluent* to about 60% of the flask volume, sonicate for about 10 min, and maintain a cool sonication bath temperature. Shake for about another 30 min and dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Pass a portion through a suitable filter of 0.2-µm pore size and discard the first 4 mL of the filtrate. [NOTE—It is recommended to store the *Sample solution* in a refrigerator and use within 6 h.]

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm

#### Columns

**Guard:** 2.1-mm × 5-mm; 1.6-µm packing [L1](#)

**Analytical:** 2.1-mm × 15-cm; 1.6-µm packing [L1](#)

#### Temperatures

**Autosampler:** 5°

**Column:** 40°

**Flow rate:** 0.3 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 2 µL

#### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution*, *Sensitivity solution*, and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times in [Table 4](#) are provided as information that could aid in peak assignment.]

**Table 4**

Name	Relative Retention Time
Benzothiadiazine related compound A	0.7
Hydrochlorothiazide	1.0
Spironolactone related compound B <sup>a</sup>	5.6

Name	Relative Retention Time
Spironolactone	5.7
Spironolactone related compound A	6.1
Spironolactone related compound C <sup>b</sup>	6.8
7-Epispironolactone <sup>c</sup>	7.0
Spironolactone related compound D <sup>d</sup>	7.3

<sup>a</sup> (2'R)-7 $\alpha$ -(Acetylthio)-5'H-spiro[androst-4-ene-17,2'-furan]-3,5'-dione.

<sup>b</sup> (2'R)-3',4'-Dihydro-5'H-spiro[androst-4-ene-17,2'-furan]-3,5'-dione.

<sup>c</sup> (2'R)-7 $\beta$ -(Acetylthio)-3',4'-dihydro-5'H-spiro[androst-4-ene-17,2'-furan]-3,5'-dione.

<sup>d</sup> (2'R)-7 $\alpha$ -(Acetyldisulfanyl)-3',4'-dihydro-5'H-spiro[androst-4-ene-17,2'-furan]-3,5'-dione.

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between benzothiadiazine related compound A and hydrochlorothiazide; NLT 2.0 between spironolactone and spironolactone related compound A, *System suitability solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0% each for benzothiadiazine related compound A, hydrochlorothiazide, spironolactone, and spironolactone related compound A, *Standard solution*

**Signal-to-noise ratio:** NLT 10, *Sensitivity solution*

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of benzothiadiazine related compound A in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) in the *Standard solution* ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

Calculate the percentage of spironolactone related compound A in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of spironolactone related compound A from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of spironolactone related compound A from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Spironolactone Related Compound A RS](#) in the *Standard solution* ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of spironolactone in the *Sample solution* ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

Calculate the percentage of any unspecified degradation product in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of any unspecified degradation product from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (µg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 5](#). The reporting threshold is 0.1%.

Table 5

Name	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Benzothiadiazine related compound A	1.0
Spironolactone related compound A	1.0
Any unspecified degradation product	0.2
Total degradation products <sup>a</sup>	2.0

<sup>a</sup> Excluding benzothiadiazine related compound A.

▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Change to read:

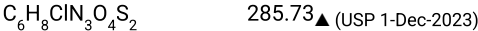
- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers. ▲Store at controlled room temperature.▲ (USP 1-Dec-2023)

Change to read:

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

▲ [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#)

4-Amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide.

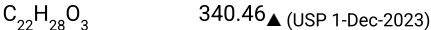


[USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#)

[USP Spironolactone RS](#)

▲ [USP Spironolactone Related Compound A RS](#)

(2'R)-3',4'-Dihydro-5'H-spiro[androst-4,6-diene-17,2'-furan]-3,5'-dione.



**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
SPIRONOLACTONE AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

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