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## Sodium Nitrite

### Change to read:

$\text{NaNO}_2$  ▲68.99▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

Nitrous acid, sodium salt;

Sodium nitrite CAS RN®: 7632-00-0; UNII: M0KG633D4F.

### DEFINITION

Sodium Nitrite contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of sodium nitrite ( $\text{NaNO}_2$ ), calculated on the dried basis.

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** [IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL \(191\), Chemical Identification Tests, Sodium](#): Meets the requirements
- **B.** [IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL \(191\), Chemical Identification Tests, Nitrite](#): Meets the requirements

### Change to read:

- **C.** The retention time of the ▲nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

### ASSAY

#### Change to read:

##### • PROCEDURE

▲[NOTE—Use water with a resistivity of NLT 18 megohm-cm to prepare the solutions.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Mobile phase:** 2.7 mM sodium carbonate and 0.3 mM [sodium bicarbonate](#) in [water](#)

**Standard solution:** 0.12 mg/mL of [USP Sodium Nitrite RS](#)▲ and 1 µg/mL of [USP Sodium Nitrate RS](#)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) in [water](#)

**Sample solution:** 0.12 mg/mL of Sodium Nitrite in [water](#)

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** Conductivity with suppression

#### Columns

**Guard:** 4-mm × 50-mm, ▲13-µm▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) packing ▲[L110](#)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Analytical:** 4-mm × 200-mm; 9-µm packing [L105](#)

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 25 µL

**Run time:** NLT 4 times the retention time of nitrite

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for ▲nitrite and nitrate▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) ions are 1.0 and 1.85, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 ▲for nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.5% ▲for nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of sodium nitrite ( $\text{NaNO}_2$ ) in the portion of Sodium Nitrite taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response ▲of nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response ▲of nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) from the *Standard solution*

$C_s$  = concentration of [USP Sodium Nitrite RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_u$  = concentration of Sodium Nitrite in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 98.0%–102.0% on the dried basis

## IMPURITIES

**Change to read:**

### • LIMIT OF ALUMINUM, IRON, AND SELENIUM

▲[NOTE—Use water with a resistivity of NLT 18 megohm-cm to prepare the solutions.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Internal standard stock solution:** To 2 mL each of commercially available 1 mg/mL scandium (for aluminum) and yttrium (for iron) and 10 mg/mL germanium (for selenium) standards in a 100-mL volumetric flask, add 2 mL of [nitric acid](#) and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**Internal standard solution:** To 0.5 mL of the *Internal standard stock solution* in a 10-mL volumetric flask, add 0.5 mL of [nitric acid](#) and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**Blank solution:** Dilute with [water](#) to volume, 0.125 mL of the *Internal standard solution*, 0.5 mL of [nitric acid](#), and 0.5 mL of 80 ppm gold solution in a 50-mL volumetric flask.

**Standard solutions:** 2, 5, 50, and 100 ppb solutions for aluminum and selenium; 0, 50, 100, 500, and 1000 ppb for iron as follows. To suitable amounts of commercially available aluminum, selenium, and iron standard solutions in a 50-mL volumetric flask, add 0.125 mL of the *Internal standard solution*, 0.5 mL of [nitric acid](#), and 0.5 mL of 80 ppm gold solution, and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**Sample solution:** To 1 g of Sodium Nitrite in a 50-mL volumetric flask, add 0.125 mL of the *Internal standard solution*, 2.5 mL of [nitric acid](#), and 0.5 mL of 80 ppm gold solution, and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

### Instrumental conditions

(See [Plasma Spectrochemistry \(730\)](#).)

**Mode:** Inductively coupled plasma–mass spectrometer (ICP–MS)

**Spectrometer:** Quadrupole mass spectrometer

**Detector:** Ion detector

### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solutions*

**Suitability requirements:** Before analyzing samples, the instrument must pass a suitable performance check. Generate the calibration curve using the corresponding *Standard solutions* for each element under test. The linear regression coefficient is NLT 0.999.

### Analysis

**Sample:** *Sample solution*

Determine the concentration of each element in the *Sample solution* using the calibration curve.

▲Calculate the amount of each element in the portion of Sodium Nitrite taken:

$$\text{Result} = [(C_t \times V)/W]$$

$C_t$  = concentration of each element in the *Sample solution* determined from the calibration curve (μg/mL or ppm)

$V$  = volume of the *Sample solution*, 50 mL

$W$  = weight of Sodium Nitrite taken (g)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 1](#).

**Table 1**

Element	Isotope (amu)	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (ppm)
Aluminum	27	2
Iron	57	10
Selenium	82	30

**Change to read:**

### • LIMIT OF SODIUM NITRATE

▲[NOTE—Use water with a resistivity of NLT 18 megohm-cm to prepare the solutions.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Mobile phase, ▲Standard solution, ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) Sample solution, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

**System suitability** ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for nitrite and nitrate are 1.0 and about 1.85, respectively.]

**Suitability requirements**

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 ▲ for nitrite ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.5% ▲ for nitrite and NMT 5% for nitrate ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Analysis**

**Sample:** *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of sodium nitrate ( $\text{NaNO}_3$ ) in the portion of ▲ Sodium Nitrite ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of nitrate from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of nitrite from the *Sample solution*

$F$  = relative response factor for nitrate, 0.7

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 0.4%

**Change to read:**

• **LIMIT OF CALCIUM AND POTASSIUM**

▲ [NOTE—Use water with a resistivity of NLT 18 megohm-cm to prepare the solutions.] ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Internal standard solution:** 40 ppm scandium solution prepared from a suitable commercially available 1000 ppm high purity scandium standard solution in [water](#)

**Blank solution:** To 0.5 mL of the *Internal standard solution* in a 50-mL volumetric flask, add 0.5 mL of [nitric acid](#) and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**Standard solutions:** 2.5, 5.0, 7.5, and 10.0 ppm of calcium and potassium prepared as follows. To suitable amounts of the respective commercially available calcium and potassium standard solutions in a suitable volumetric flask, add 0.5 mL of the *Internal standard solution* and 0.5 mL of [nitric acid](#), and dilute with [water](#) to 50 mL.

**Sample solution:** To 1 g of Sodium Nitrite in a 50-mL volumetric flask, add 0.5 mL of the *Internal standard solution* and 2.5 mL of [nitric acid](#), and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**Instrumental conditions**

(See [Plasma Spectrochemistry \(730\)](#).)

**Mode:** Inductively coupled plasma–mass spectrometer (ICP–MS)

**Spectrometer:** Quadrupole mass spectrometer

**Detector:** Ion detector

**System suitability**

**Sample:** *Standard solutions*

**Suitability requirements:** Before analyzing samples, the instrument must pass a suitable performance check. Generate the calibration curve using the *Standard solutions* of the corresponding elements. The linear regression coefficient is NLT 0.999.

**Analysis**

**Sample:** *Sample solution*

Determine the concentration of each element in the *Sample solution* using the calibration curve.

▲ Calculate the amount of each element in the portion of Sodium Nitrite taken:

$$\text{Result} = [(C_t \times V)/W]$$

$C_t$  = concentration of each element in the *Sample solution* determined from the calibration curve (ppm or  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )

$V$  = volume of the *Sample solution*, 50 mL

$W$  = weight of Sodium Nitrite taken (g)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 2](#).

**Table 2**

Element	Isotope (amu)	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (ppm)
Calcium	44	100

Element	Isotope (amu)	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (ppm)
Potassium	39	50

**Change to read:**• **LIMIT OF CARBONATE**

All carbonate solutions must be prepared fresh and stored in tightly sealed vials and stored in a cool area away from excessive heat.

**Standard stock solution:** 1 mg/mL of carbonate prepared as follows. Dissolve 0.177 g of [▲USP Sodium Carbonate Anhydrous RS](#)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) in a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with water to volume.

**Standard solutions:** 0.50, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, and 5.0 µg/mL carbonate in [water](#) from the *Standard stock solution*

**Sample solution:** Transfer 1.0 g of Sodium Nitrite into a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

**▲Instrumental conditions**

(See [Total Organic Carbon \(643\)](#).)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**System suitability:** Before analyzing samples, the total organic carbon (TOC) analyzer must pass a suitable performance check. Generate the calibration curve using the *Standard solutions*. The linear regression coefficient is NLT 0.995; the relative standard deviation for each *Standard solution* is NMT 10%.

**Analysis**

**Sample:** *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of carbonate in the portion of ▲Sodium Nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) taken:

$$\text{Result} = [(C_t \times \Delta V_{\text{▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)}}) / W] \times 100$$

$C_t$  = concentration of carbonate ▲in the *Sample solution* determined from the calibration curve▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) (g/mL)

$\Delta V$  = volume of the *Sample solution*, 100 mL▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

$W$  = weight of ▲Sodium Nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) taken (g)

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 0.02%

**Change to read:**• **TOTAL NON-PURGEABLE ORGANIC CONTENT**

**Standard stock solution:** Equivalent to 250 µg/mL of total organic carbon prepared as follows. Weigh 9 mg of [USP Sucrose RS](#) in a suitable flask, and add 15 mL of [water](#).

**Standard solutions:** ▲Equivalent to▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) 0.5, 2.0, and 10 µg/mL of total organic carbon in [water](#) from the *Standard stock solution*

**Sample solution:** Dissolve and dilute with [water](#) to volume, 5.0 g of Sodium Nitrite in a 100-mL volumetric flask.

**▲Instrumental conditions**

(See [Total Organic Carbon \(643\)](#).)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**System suitability:** Before analyzing samples, the total organic carbon analyzer instrument must pass a suitable performance check.

Generate the calibration curve using the *Standard solutions*. The linear regression coefficient is NLT 0.99; relative standard deviation for the 2 µg/mL and 10 µg/mL calibration standards is NMT 15%.

**Analysis**

**Sample:** *Sample solution*

Calculate the amount, in ppm, of non-purgeable organic content present in the ▲Sodium Nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) taken:

$$\text{Result} = [(C_t \times \Delta V_{\text{▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)}}) / W]$$

$C_t$  = amount of non-purgeable organic content as determined ▲from the calibration curve (µg/mL)

$V$  = volume of the *Sample solution*, 100 mL▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

$W$  = weight of ▲Sodium Nitrite▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) taken (g)

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 10 ppm

**Change to read:**• **LIMIT OF SULFATE**

**Standard solution:** 0.0148 mg/mL of ▲[USP Sodium Sulfate Anhydrous RS](#)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) in [water](#)

**Sample solution:** 100 mg/mL of Sodium Nitrite in [water](#)

**Analysis**

**Samples:** ▲ *Standard solution* and ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) *Sample solution*

Evaporate 5 mL of the ▲ *Standard solution* or ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) *Sample solution* to dryness. Add 1 mL of dilute hydrochloric acid (prepared by adding 1 mL of [hydrochloric acid](#) to 19 mL of [water](#)). Pass through a prewashed small filter paper, and wash with two 2-mL portions of [water](#). Dilute to 10 mL, and add 1 mL of [barium chloride TS](#). Compare turbidity in the *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*, 10 min after adding the [barium chloride TS](#).

**Acceptance criteria:** Any turbidity in the *Sample solution* should not exceed the turbidity in the *Standard solution* (NMT 0.01%).

**Change to read:**

• **LIMIT OF CHLORIDE**

**Standard solution:** 0.0165 mg/mL of ▲ [USP Sodium Chloride RS](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) in [water](#)

**Sample solution:** 100 mg/mL of Sodium Nitrite in water

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

To 2.0 mL of the *Sample solution* in a suitable test tube add 10 mL of water and 1 mL of [glacial acetic acid](#) and boil for 5 min. Pass through a chlorine-free filter paper, and dilute with water to 20 mL. Dilute 1 mL of the *Standard solution* with water to 20 mL in a separate test tube. Add 1 mL of [nitric acid](#) and 1 mL of 0.1 N silver nitrate. Allow to stand for 5 min protected from light and compare using a black background.

**Acceptance criteria:** Any turbidity in the *Sample solution* should not exceed the turbidity in the *Standard solution* (NMT 50 ppm).

**SPECIFIC TESTS**

**Change to read:**

- [BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST \(85\)](#): ▲ Meets the requirements ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)
- [MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TESTS \(61\)](#): NMT 100 cfu/g, total aerobic microbial count and NMT 20 cfu/g, total yeasts and molds

**Change to read:**

• [pH \(791\)](#)

▲ **Sample solution:** 10% of Sodium Nitrite in [water](#) at 25° ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

**Acceptance criteria:** 7.0–9.0

**Change to read:**

• **INSOLUBLE MATTER**

**Sample solution:** ▲ Dissolve 20 g ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) of Sodium Nitrite ▲ in 200 mL of ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023) [water](#).

**Analysis:** Heat the *Sample solution* to boiling in a covered beaker at about 100° for 1 h. Pass the hot solution through a suitable crucible filter of 10–15 µm pore size. Wash the beaker and filter with hot water, dry at 105°, cool in a desiccator, and weigh the residue.

**Acceptance criteria:** ▲ NMT 1 mg (0.005%) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

• [LOSS ON DRYING \(731\)](#)

**Analysis:** Dry over silica gel for 4 h.

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 0.25%

**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers and store at 25°, excursions permitted between 15° and 30°.

**Change to read:**

• [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#)

▲ [USP Sodium Carbonate Anhydrous RS](#)

[USP Sodium Chloride RS](#)

[USP Sodium Nitrate RS](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

[USP Sodium Nitrite RS](#)

▲ [USP Sodium Sulfate Anhydrous RS](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2023)

[USP Sucrose RS](#)

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
SODIUM NITRITE	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

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