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Rubbing Alcohol

DEFINITION

Rubbing Alcohol and all preparations under the classification of Rubbing Alcohols are manufactured in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Treasury Department, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms, Formula 23-H (8 parts by volume of acetone, 1.5 parts by volume of methyl isobutyl ketone, and 100 parts by volume of ethyl alcohol) being used. It contains NLT 68.5% and NMT 71.5% by volume of dehydrated alcohol, the remainder consisting of water and the denaturants, with or without color additives, and perfume oils. Rubbing Alcohol contains, in each 100 mL, NLT 355 mg of sucrose octaacetate or NLT 1.40 mg of denatonium benzoate. The preparation may be colored with one or more color additives, listed by the FDA for use in drugs. A suitable stabilizer may be added. Rubbing Alcohol complies with the requirements of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the U.S. Treasury Department.

[NOTE—Rubbing Alcohol is packaged, labeled, and sold in accordance with the regulations issued by the U.S. Treasury Department, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms.]

ASSAY

• DENATONIUM BENZOATE

Buffer: 9.23 g of anhydrous dibasic sodium phosphate in 800 mL of water. Adjust with saturated citric acid solution to a pH of 4 ± 0.1 , dilute with water to 1000 mL, and mix.

Standard solution: 50 µg/mL of [USP Denatonium Benzoate RS](#) in water

Sample solution: Dissolve the residue obtained in the test for *Limit of Nonvolatile Residue* in 50.0 mL of water, and transfer to a suitable flask.

Instrumental conditions

Analytical wavelength: Maximum absorbance at about 410 nm

Cell: 1 cm

Analysis

Samples: *Buffer*, *Standard solution*, and *Sample solution*

Transfer 10.0 mL each of *Buffer*, *Standard solution*, and *Sample solution* to individual 250-mL separators. Add to each 40 mL of *Buffer* 10 mL of a 1-in-1000 solution of bromophenol blue in chloroform and 60 mL of chloroform. Shake the separators vigorously for 2 min, allow to stand for 15 min, then withdraw the chloroform layers through chloroform-washed cotton into 100-mL volumetric flasks. Repeat the extraction with 20 mL of chloroform, adding the filtered chloroform extracts to the respective volumetric flasks, and dilute with chloroform to volume. Without delay, concomitantly determine the absorbances of the solutions, using the blank to set a suitable spectrophotometer.

Calculate the quantity, in mg, of denatonium benzoate ($C_{28}H_{34}N_2O_3 \cdot H_2O$) in 100 mL of Rubbing Alcohol:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times 0.025$$

A_U = absorbance of the *Sample solution*

A_S = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Denatonium Benzoate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NLT 1.40 mg

• SUCROSE OCTAACETATE

Sample solution: Using about 50 mL of 70% alcohol, transfer the residue obtained in the test for *Limit of Nonvolatile Residue* to a 500-mL conical flask.

Analysis: Neutralize the *Sample solution* with 0.1 N sodium hydroxide VS, using phenolphthalein TS as the indicator. Add 25.0 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, attach an air condenser to the flask, and reflux on a steam bath for 1 h. Remove from the steam bath, cool quickly, and titrate the excess alkali with 0.1 N sulfuric acid VS, using phenolphthalein TS as the indicator. Perform a blank determination (see [Titrimetry](#), [\(541\)](#), *Residual Titrations*). Each mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide is equivalent to 8.483 mg of sucrose octaacetate ($C_{28}H_{38}O_{19}$).

Acceptance criteria: NLT 355 mg of sucrose octaacetate per 100 mL of Rubbing Alcohol

IMPURITIES

• METHANOL

Sample solution: Dilute 0.50 mL of Rubbing Alcohol with water to 1.0 mL.

Analysis: To 0.50 mL of the *Sample solution* add 1 drop of dilute phosphoric acid (1 in 20) and 1 drop of potassium permanganate solution (1 in 20). Mix, allow to stand for 1 min, and add dropwise sodium metabisulfite solution (1 in 20) until the permanganate color is discharged. If a brown color remains, add 1 drop of dilute phosphoric acid (1 in 20). To the colorless solution add 5 mL of freshly prepared chromotropic acid TS, and heat in a water bath at 60° for 10 min.

Acceptance criteria: No violet color appears.

SPECIFIC TESTS

• **SPECIFIC GRAVITY (841):** 0.8691–0.8771 at 15.56° (the U.S. government standard temperature for alcohol determination) for Rubbing Alcohol manufactured with specially denatured alcohol Formula 23-H

• **LIMIT OF NONVOLATILE RESIDUE**

Where the denaturant is denatonium benzoate

Sample: 200.0 mL of Rubbing Alcohol

Analysis: Evaporate the *Sample*, transferred in convenient portions, in a suitable tared dish on a steam bath, and dry the residue at 105° for 1 h. Retain the residue for the Assay for *Denatonium Benzoate*.

Acceptance criteria: The weight of the residue is NLT 2.8 mg.

Where the denaturant is sucrose octaacetate

Sample: 25.0 mL of Rubbing Alcohol

Analysis: Evaporate the *Sample* in a suitable tared dish on a steam bath, and dry the residue at 105° for 1 h. Retain the residue for the Assay for *Sucrose Octaacetate*.

Acceptance criteria: The weight of the residue is NLT 89 mg.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, remote from fire, and store at controlled room temperature.

• **LABELING:** Label it to indicate that it is flammable.

• **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Denatonium Benzoate RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
RUBBING ALCOHOL	Documentary Standards Support	SM22020 Small Molecules 2
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services RSTECH@usp.org	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

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