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Rotigotine Transdermal System

DEFINITION

Rotigotine Transdermal System contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of rotigotine ($C_{19}H_{25}$ NOS).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The UV spectrum of the rotigotine peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

Extraction solvent: Prepare a mixture of [2-propanol](#) and [tert-butylmethylether](#) (80:20). Add 1 mL of [methanesulfonic acid](#) to 1 L of the solvent mixture.

Solution A: 0.5 mL of [methanesulfonic acid](#) in 1 L of [water](#)

Solution B: 0.5 mL of [methanesulfonic acid](#) in 1 L of [acetonitrile](#)

Mobile phase: *Solution A* and *Solution B* (65:35)

Diluent: 1 mL of [methanesulfonic acid](#) in 1 L of [water](#)

Standard stock solution: 0.5 mg/mL of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Extraction solvent*. [NOTE—Sonication in a cooled ultrasonic bath may be used to aid in dissolution.]

Standard solution: Mix 3 mL of the *Standard stock solution* with 7 mL of *Diluent*.

Sample stock solution: Nominally 0.45 mg/mL of rotigotine from NLT 10 Transdermal Systems prepared as follows. Transfer the required number of Transdermal Systems without the release liner to a suitable flask containing *N* mL of *Extraction solvent*, where *N* is the total area of the Transdermal Systems taken. Close the flask and sonicate the solution for NLT 10 min in a sonicator maintained at 20°, shaking the flask intermittently to ensure the silicone matrix is completely dissolved. [NOTE—Sonication time may be extended if needed to enable complete dissolution of the silicone matrix.]

Sample solution: Mix 3 mL of *Sample stock solution* with 7 mL of *Diluent*. Centrifuge the solution and use the clear supernatant. [NOTE—A centrifuge speed of NLT 4000 rpm for NLT 15 min may be used.]

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 272 nm. For *Identification A*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

Column: 4.0-mm × 7.5-cm; 4-μm packing [L7](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 2 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

Run time: NLT 4 times the retention time of rotigotine

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.2

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of rotigotine ($C_{19}H_{25}$ NOS) in each Transdermal System taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times C_s \times (V/N) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times (1/L) \times 100$$

r_u = peak response from the *Sample solution*
 r_s = peak response from the *Standard solution*
 C_s = concentration of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard stock solution* (mg/mL)
 V = volume of the *Sample stock solution* (mL)
 N = number of Transdermal System units used to prepare the *Sample stock solution*
 M_{r1} = molecular weight of rotigotine, ▲315.48▲ (CN 1-Aug-2024)
 M_{r2} = molecular weight of rotigotine hydrochloride, 351.93
 L = label claim (nominal content) of rotigotine in each Transdermal System (mg/unit)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

- [DRUG RELEASE \(724\)](#)

Medium: Dissolve 6.9 g of [monobasic sodium phosphate](#) in 1 L of water. Adjust with a suitable concentration of sodium hydroxide or phosphoric acid to a pH of 4.5; 900 mL, deaerated.

Apparatus 5: 50 rpm; Transdermal System on metal disk

Times: 15, 30, 60, and 180 min

Solution A, Solution B, and Mobile phase: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution: ($L/800$) mg/mL of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Medium*, where L is the label claim in mg/unit

Sample solution: Withdraw 2 mL from the vessel at the specified times.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 272 nm

Column: 4.0-mm × 7.5-cm; 4-μm packing [L7](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 2 mL/min

Injection volume: 50 μL

Run time: NLT 2.5 times the retention time of rotigotine

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.2 for rotigotine

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for rotigotine

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount (nominal content) of rotigotine ($C_{19}H_{25}NOS$) released at each time point i :

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times C_s \times V \times (1/L) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$$

r_u = peak response from the *Sample solution*

r_s = peak response from the *Standard solution*

C_s = concentration of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

V = volume of the *Medium*, 900 mL

L = label claim (nominal content) of rotigotine in the Transdermal System (mg/unit)

M_{r1} = molecular weight of rotigotine, ▲315.48▲ (CN 1-Aug-2024)

M_{r2} = molecular weight of rotigotine hydrochloride, 351.93

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

| Time Point (i) | Time (min) | Rotigotine Released (%) |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | 15 | 14–34 |
| 2 | 30 | 27–47 |
| 3 | 60 | 45–65 |
| 4 | 180 | NLT 85 |

The percentages of the labeled amount of rotigotine ($C_{19}H_{25}NOS$) released at the times specified conform to [Drug Release \(724\)](#).

[Acceptance Table 1](#).

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meets the requirements

IMPURITIES

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Extraction solvent, Solution A, Solution B, Diluent, and Standard stock solution: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

Mobile phase: See [Table 2](#).

Table 2

| Time (min) | Solution A (%) | Solution B (%) |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 95 | 5 |
| 2.0 | 95 | 5 |
| 35 | 40 | 60 |
| 38 | 40 | 60 |
| 39 | 95 | 5 |

Impurities stock solution: 0.1 mg/mL each of [USP Rotigotine Related Compound C RS](#) and [USP Rotigotine Related Compound K RS](#) in [2-propanol](#)

System suitability stock solution: 0.15 mg/mL of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) and 0.0025 mg/mL each of [USP Rotigotine Related Compound C RS](#) and [USP Rotigotine Related Compound K RS](#) from suitable volumes of Standard stock solution and Impurities stock solution in Extraction solvent

System suitability solution: Mix 3 mL of System suitability stock solution with 7 mL of Diluent.

Sensitivity stock solution: 0.25 μ g/mL of [USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS](#) from Standard stock solution in Extraction solvent

Sensitivity solution: Mix 3 mL of Sensitivity stock solution with 7 mL of Diluent.

Sample stock solution: [Note—Lacquer removal is recommended to minimize the interferences from the lacquer with the degradation product peaks as follows. Remove the lacquer from the backing foil of each Transdermal System with 4% (v/v) [glacial acetic acid](#) in [methanol](#). Dry the lacquer-removed Transdermal Systems for NLT 1 h at room temperature.] Nominally 0.45 mg/mL of rotigotine from NLT 3 Transdermal Systems prepared as follows. Transfer the required number of (lacquer removed, if necessary) Transdermal Systems without the release liner to a suitable flask containing n mL of Extraction solvent, where n is the total area (cm^2) of the Transdermal Systems taken. Close the flask and sonicate the solution for NLT 10 min in a sonicator maintained at 20°, shaking the flask intermittently to ensure the silicone matrix is completely dissolved. [Note—Sonication time may be extended if needed to enable complete dissolution of the silicone matrix.]

Sample solution: Mix 3 mL of Sample stock solution with 7 mL of Diluent. Centrifuge the solution and use the clear supernatant. [Note—A centrifuge speed of NLT 4000 rpm for NLT 15 min may be used.]

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC**Detector:** UV 220 nm**Column:** 4.6-mm × 12.5-cm; 5-μm packing [L10](#). [NOTE—A guard column with dimensions 4-mm × 1-cm with 5-μm [L3](#) packing is recommended to minimize interference from the adhesive.]**Column temperature:** 40°**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min**Injection volume:** 80 μL**System suitability****Samples:** System suitability solution and Sensitivity solution[NOTE—See [Table 3](#) for relative retention times.]**Suitability requirements****Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between rotigotine related compound K and rotigotine related compound C, System suitability solution**Signal-to-noise ratio:** NLT 10 for rotigotine, Sensitivity solution**Analysis****Sample:** Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each specified or unspecified degradation product in the portion of the Transdermal System taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_T) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

r_u = peak response of each specified or unspecified degradation product from the Sample solution

r_T = sum of all the peak responses (including the rotigotine peak) from the Sample solution

F = relative response factor (see [Table 3](#))

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 3](#).**Table 3**

| Name | Relative Retention Time | Relative Response Factor | Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%) |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Desthienylethyl rotigotine ^a | 0.36 | 1.0 | 0.40 |
| Rotigotine related compound K | 0.6 | 3.5 | 0.20 |
| Rotigotine related compound C | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.60 |
| Rotigotine | 1.0 | — | — |
| Any individual unspecified degradation product | — | 1.0 | 0.20 |
| Total degradation products | — | — | 1.0 |

^a (S)-6-(Propylamino)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ol.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at controlled room temperature.
- LABELING:** The label states the total amount of rotigotine in the Transdermal System and the release rate, in mg/day, for the duration of the application of one system.

USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)USP Rotigotine Hydrochloride RS

(6S)-6-[Propyl(2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)amino]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenol hydrochloride.

 $C_{19}H_{25}NOS \cdot HCl$ 351.93USP Rotigotine Related Compound C RS

(S)-6-[2-(Thiophen-2-yl)ethyl]amino)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ol.

 $C_{16}H_{19}NOS$ 273.39

[USP Rotigotine Related Compound K RS](#)

7,8-Dihydronaphthalen-1-ol.

 $C_{10}H_{10}O$ 146.19**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

| Topic/Question | Contact | Expert Committee |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| ROTIGOTINE TRANSDERMAL SYSTEM | Documentary Standards Support | SM42020 Small Molecules 4 |
| REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT | RS Technical Services RSTECH@usp.org | SM42020 Small Molecules 4 |

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)**Most Recently Appeared In:**

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