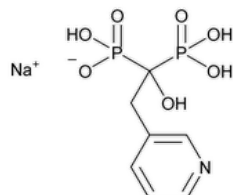


Status: Currently Official on 16-Feb-2025  
 Official Date: Official as of 01-Nov-2020  
 Document Type: USP Monographs  
 DocId: GUID-2D596944-0A9F-4EDD-975E-7D0D758B5818\_4\_en-US  
 DOI: [https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M73734\\_04\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M73734_04_01)  
 DOI Ref: hq0gz

© 2025 USPC  
 Do not distribute

## Risedronate Sodium



$C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2$  305.09  
 $C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2 \cdot H_2O$  323.12  
 $C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2 \cdot 2.5 H_2O$  350.13

Phosphonic acid, [1-hydroxy-2-(3-pyridinyl)ethylidene]bis-, monosodium salt;  
 Sodium trihydrogen [1-hydroxy-2-(3-pyridyl) ethylidene]diphosphonate;  
 Hemi-pentahydrate CAS RN<sup>®</sup>: 329003-65-8; UNII: HU2YAQ274O.  
 Monohydrate CAS RN<sup>®</sup>: 353228-19-0; UNII: F67L43UT5C.

### DEFINITION

Risedronate Sodium contains one or two-and-one-half molecules of hydration. The monohydrate form contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of risedronate sodium ( $C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2$ ), calculated on the dried basis. The hemi-pentahydrate form contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of risedronate sodium ( $C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2$ ), calculated on the anhydrous basis.

### IDENTIFICATION

#### Change to read:

- **A.** ▲ [SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS \(197\)](#), [Infrared Spectroscopy](#): 197K or 197A ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)
- **B.** [IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL \(191\)](#), [Chemical Identification Tests, Sodium](#): Meets the requirements of test A. [NOTE—Complete dissolution of the sample is achieved only after the addition of the 15% potassium carbonate.]

#### Add the following:

- ▲ • **C.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay. ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

### ASSAY

#### Change to read:

#### • PROCEDURE

**Mobile phase:** 1.8 g/L of [edetate disodium](#) in [water](#). Adjust with [1 N sodium hydroxide](#) to a pH of  $9.5 \pm 0.1$ .

**Standard solution:** ▲ 1.0 mg/mL of [USP Risedronate Sodium RS](#) and 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Risedronate Related Compound A RS](#) in *Mobile phase* ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Sample solution:** 1.1 mg/mL of Risedronate Sodium in *Mobile phase*

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 263 nm

**Column:** 4.0-mm × 25-cm; 10-μm packing [L48](#)

**Flow rate:** 0.8 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 20 μL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

**Suitability requirements**

**Resolution:** NLT 2.3 between risedronate related compound A and risedronate

**Tailing factor:** NMT 1.6 for the risedronate peak

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.0% for the risedronate peak ▲▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of risedronate sodium ( $C_7H_{10}NNaO_7P_2$ ) in the portion of Risedronate Sodium taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response ▲ of risedronate ▲ (USP 1-May-2020) from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response ▲ of risedronate ▲ (USP 1-May-2020) from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Risedronate Sodium RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = concentration of Risedronate Sodium in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria**

**Monohydrate:** 98.0%–102.0% on the dried basis

**Hemi-pentahydrate:** 98.0%–102.0% on the anhydrous basis

**IMPURITIES**

**Change to read:**

• **ORGANIC IMPURITIES, PROCEDURE 1**

[NOTE—Perform both *Procedure 1* and *Procedure 2*.]

**Mobile phase, Standard solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

**Diluted standard solution:** ▲0.005 mg/mL of [USP Risedronate Sodium RS](#) and 0.5 µg/mL of [USP Risedronate Related Compound A RS](#) in *Mobile phase* from the *Standard solution* ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**System suitability**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Diluted standard solution*

**Suitability requirements**

**Resolution:** NLT 2.3 between risedronate related compound A and risedronate, *Standard solution*

**Tailing factor:** NMT 1.6 for the risedronate peak, *Standard solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.0% for the risedronate peak, ▲▲ (USP 1-May-2020) *Standard solution*; NMT 15% for the risedronate related compound A peak, ▲▲ (USP 1-May-2020) *Diluted standard solution*

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Sample solution* and *Diluted standard solution*

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Risedronate Sodium taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of risedronate from the *Diluted standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Risedronate Sodium RS](#) in the *Diluted standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = concentration of Risedronate Sodium in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$F$  = relative response factor (see [Table 1](#))

**Table 1**

**Acceptance criteria:** ▲The reporting threshold is 0.05%. ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Any individual impurity:** NMT 0.10%

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor
3-Pyridyl acetic acid	0.22	1.65
▲Risedronate related compound A▲ (USP 1-May-2020) (2-Pyridinyl isomer)	0.84	1.0
Risedronate sodium	1.0	—

[NOTE—Disregard the peak due to the sodium ion, eluting at about 1.6 min, and any peak observed in the blank.▲ (USP 1-May-2020) ]

**Change to read:**

**• ORGANIC IMPURITIES, PROCEDURE 2**

**Mobile phase:** Transfer 16.15 g of [dibasic potassium phosphate](#) and 0.46 g of [edetate disodium](#) to a 1-L beaker, and dissolve in about 400 mL of [water](#). Add 1 vial of commercially available tetrabutylammonium dihydrogen phosphate buffered solution in methanol<sup>1</sup> and 1 mL of [hydrochloric acid](#). Adjust with [1 N sodium hydroxide](#) or [1 N hydrochloric acid](#), as necessary, to a pH of 7.5 ± 0.1, and dilute with [water](#) to 480 mL. Add 20 mL of [methanol](#), mix well, pass the solution through a nylon filter of 0.45-µm pore size, and degas.

**Diluent:** Transfer 0.46 g of [edetate disodium](#) to a 1-L beaker, and dissolve in 500 mL of [water](#). Adjust with [1 N sodium hydroxide](#) to a pH of 7.5 ± 0.1.

**Standard solution:** ▲0.005 mg/mL▲ (USP 1-May-2020) of [USP Risedronate Related Compound B RS](#) in *Diluent*

**Diluted standard solution:** 0.5 µg/mL of [USP Risedronate Related Compound B RS](#) in *Diluent* from the *Standard solution*

**Sample solution:** 2 mg/mL of Risedronate Sodium in *Diluent*, using sonication if necessary

**Chromatographic system**

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 263 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing [L1](#)

**Flow rate:** 1.0 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 µL

**System suitability**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Diluted standard solution*

**Suitability requirements**

▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Tailing factor:** NMT 1.5, *Standard solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** ▲ (USP 1-May-2020) NMT 10%, ▲ (USP 1-May-2020) *Diluted standard solution*

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

[NOTE—Disregard any peak eluting before risedronate related compound B. The risedronate peak elutes unretained at the void volume.]

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Risedronate Sodium taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of risedronate related compound B from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Risedronate Related Compound B RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = concentration of Risedronate Sodium in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of risedronate related compound B as a free acid, 530.20

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of risedronate related compound B as a tetrahydrate disodium salt, 646.22

**Acceptance criteria:** ▲ The reporting threshold is 0.05%. ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Risedronate related compound B:** NMT 0.10%

**Individual impurities:** NMT 0.10%

**Total impurities:** NMT 0.50%, *Procedure 1* and *Procedure 2* being combined. [NOTE—Disregard any peak observed in the blank. ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)]

## SPECIFIC TESTS

**Change to read:**

- **WATER DETERMINATION (921)** ▲ (USP-1-MAY-2020): Perform the test by direct introduction of solid sample into the titrator. ▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Acceptance criteria:** 11.9%–13.9%; where it is labeled as a hemi-pentahydrate

**Change to read:**

- **LOSS ON DRYING**

(See [Thermal Analysis \(891\)](#).)

▲ (USP 1-May-2020)

**Sample:** 7–15 mg of Risedronate Sodium

**Heating rate:** 10°/min in a stream of nitrogen at a flow rate of about 40 mL/min

**Temperature range:** Ambient temperature to 250°

**Acceptance criteria:** 5.5%–7.5%; where it is labeled as a monohydrate

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **LABELING:** Label to indicate whether it is the monohydrate or the hemi-pentahydrate form.
- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at room temperature.

**Change to read:**

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Risedronate Sodium RS](#)

[USP Risedronate Related Compound A RS](#)

▲ (USP 1-May-2020) [1-hydroxy-2-(2-pyridinyl)ethylidene]bis(phosphonic acid) monohydrate.

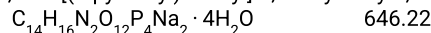


[USP Risedronate Related Compound B RS](#)

Cyclic dimer;

Disodium tetrahydrate salt;

[3,6-Bis[(3-pyridinyl)methyl]-2,5-dihydroxy-2,5-dioxido-1,4,2,5-dioxadiphosphorinane-3,6-diyl]bis[phosphonic acid] disodium tetrahydrate salt.



<sup>1</sup> Available from Waters Corp. as Part #85101 (PIC A).

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
RISEDRONATE SODIUM	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

**Most Recently Appeared In:**

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. PF 44(6)

**Current DocID:** GUID-2D596944-0A9F-4EDD-975E-7D0D758B5818\_4\_en-US

**DOI:** [https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M73734\\_04\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M73734_04_01)

**DOI ref:** [hq0gz](#)