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Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride Extended-Release Tablets

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<https://www.uspnf.com/rb-pseudoephedrine-hcl-ert-20190222>

DEFINITION

Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride Extended-Release Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$).

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- **A.** [▲ SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS \(197\), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197K▲](#) (CN 1-MAY-2020)

Sample: Triturate a number of Tablets, nominally equivalent to 180 mg of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride. Filter with about 10 mL of [chloroform](#) collected using vacuum filtration. Maintain the vacuum until no further filtrate can be collected, and evaporate the [chloroform](#) on a steam bath, taking care to avoid overheating. Recrystallize the residue from a small amount of [dehydrated alcohol](#).

Acceptance criteria: Meet the requirements

- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Mobile phase: [Alcohol](#) and [ammonium acetate](#) solution (1 in 250) (850:150). Filter, and degas

Standard solution: 1.2 mg/mL of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in [alcohol](#)

Sample stock solution: Transfer NLT 20 Tablets to a suitable container, add 500 mL of [alcohol](#), and homogenize until the Tablets are dispersed. Quantitatively transfer the contents of the container to a 1000-mL volumetric flask, dilute with [alcohol](#) to volume, mix, and allow to stand for the solids to settle.

Sample solution: Transfer 25.0 mL of the supernatant from the *Sample stock solution* into a 50-mL volumetric flask, dilute with [alcohol](#) to volume, and mix. Pass a portion of this solution through a filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; packing [L3](#)

Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.5

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response from the *Sample solution*

r_s = peak response from the *Standard solution*

C_s = concentration of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_u = nominal concentration of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

- [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#).

For Tablets labeled for dosing every 12 h

Test 1

Medium: [Water](#); 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Times: 1, 3, and 6 h

Mobile phase and **System suitability:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution: 0.13 mg/mL of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in [water](#)

Sample solution: Filter a portion of the solution under test.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; packing [L3](#)

Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min

Injection volume: 50 µL

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved.

Tolerances: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	25–45
3	50–75
6	NLT 75

The percentages of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at the times specified conform to [Dissolution \(711\)](#), [Acceptance Table 2](#).

Test 3: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 3*.

Medium: [Water](#); 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Times: 1, 3, and 6 h

Standard solution: A known concentration of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Medium*.

Sample solution: Pass portions of the solution under test through a filter of 0.45-µm pore size, and suitably dilute with *Medium*.

Analysis: Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved by comparing the maximum absorbance of *Sample solution* with that of *Standard solution* at about 214 nm.

Tolerances: See [Table 2](#).

Table 2

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	25–45
3	60–80
6	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at the times specified conform to [Dissolution \(711\), Acceptance Table 2](#).

▲ **Test 4:** If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 4*.

Medium, Apparatus, and Times: Proceed as directed in *Test 1*.

Solution A: [Acetonitrile](#) and [water](#) (45:55)

Mobile phase: 2.5 g/L of [docusate sodium](#) in *Solution A*. Add 1.0 mL of [phosphoric acid](#). Adjust with [ammonia water, 25%](#) to a pH of 3.2.

Standard solution: ($L/900$) mg/mL of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Medium*, where L is the label claim in mg/Tablet.

Sample solution: Withdraw a portion of the solution under test from each vessel at the specified time point and pass through a suitable filter of 0.45- μ m pore size. Replace the portion of solution withdrawn with an equal volume of *Medium* previously equilibrated to 37.0° \pm 0.5°.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 215 nm

Column: 4.6-mm \times 15-cm; 5- μ m packing [L1](#)

Column temperature: 40°

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μ L

Run time: NLT 1.5 times the retention time of pseudoephedrine

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution and Sample solution*

Calculate the concentration (C_i) of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) in the sample withdrawn from the vessel at each time point i :

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S$$

r_U = peak response of pseudoephedrine from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of pseudoephedrine from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution*

Calculate the percentages of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at each time point i :

$$\text{Result}_1 = C_i \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$$\text{Result}_2 = [(C_2 \times V) + (C_1 \times V_S)] \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$$\text{Result}_3 = \{(C_3 \times V) + [(C_2 + C_1) \times V_S]\} \times (1/L) \times 100$$

- C_i = concentration of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride in the portion of sample withdrawn at time point i (mg/mL)
- V = volume of the *Medium*, 900 mL
- L = label claim (mg/Tablet)
- V_s = volume of the *Sample solution* withdrawn at each time point (mL)

Tolerances: See [Table 3](#).

Table 3

Time Point (<i>i</i>)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	1	27–47
2	3	53–73
3	6	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at the times specified conform to [Dissolution \(711\)](#), [Acceptance Table 2](#). ▲ (RB 1-Mar-2019)

For Tablets labeled for dosing every 24 h

Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

Medium: 0.9% [sodium chloride](#) in [water](#); 50 mL

Apparatus 7 (see [Drug Release \(724\)](#)): 30 cycles/min; 2–3 cm amplitude. To prepare the sample, see [Figure 1](#).

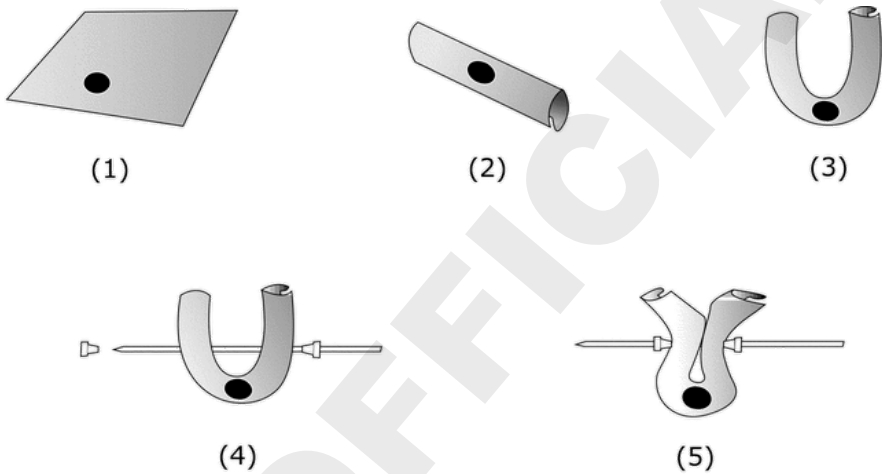


Figure 1. Steps to prepare the sample. (1) Place 1 Tablet on a 5-cm × 5-cm nylon netting. (2) Fold the netting over the Tablet. Continue folding until the Tablet is enclosed in the netting. (3) Fold the netting so that the two open ends meet. The Tablet should be enveloped in the center of the netting. (4) Insert a rod (see [Drug Release \(724\)](#), [Figure 5c](#)) ▲ (ERR 1-May-2019) through the netting to secure the Tablet. (5) Secure the netting with HPLC plastic ferrules or other appropriate device. Trim the excess netting. Attach each sample holder to the vertically reciprocating sample holder.

Times: 2, 8, 14, and 24 h

Solution A: Transfer 200 mL of [water](#) to a 1000-mL volumetric flask. Add 3.4 mL of [phosphoric acid](#) and 5 mL of triethylamine. Add [water](#) to almost 900 mL. Adjust with 1 N [sodium hydroxide](#) to a pH of about 6.8, dilute with [water](#) to volume, and mix.

Mobile phase: [Methanol](#) and *Solution A* (100:900)

System suitability solution: 0.4 mg/mL of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in [water](#)

Sample solution: Solution under test

Standard solution: Known concentrations of [USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#) in [water](#), in a range around the expected concentration of the *Sample solution* at each time interval.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 5-cm; packing [L1](#)

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 µL

System suitability

Sample: *System suitability solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Sample solution* and *Standard solution*

Measure the major peak responses of the *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*. Construct a calibration curve by plotting the peak response versus concentrations of the *Standard solution*. Determine the amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at each time interval from a linear regression analysis of the calibration curve.

Tolerances: See [Table 4](#) (RB-1-Mar-2019).

Table 4 (RB 1-Mar-2019)

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
2	20–35
8	40–65
14	60–90
24	NLT 85

The percentages of the labeled amount of pseudoephedrine hydrochloride ($C_{10}H_{15}NO \cdot HCl$) dissolved at the times specified conform to

[Dissolution \(711\)](#), [Acceptance Table 2](#).

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meet the requirements

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers.
- **LABELING:** When more than one *Dissolution* test is given, the labeling states the *Dissolution* test used only if *Test 1* is not used.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11):**
[USP Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE EXTENDED-RELEASE TABLETS	Documentary Standards Support	SM22020 Small Molecules 2
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services RSTECH@usp.org	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

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