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## Prochlorperazine Maleate Tablets

To view the Notice from the Expert Committee that posted in conjunction with this accelerated revision, please click <https://www.uspnf.com/rb-prochlorperazine-maleate-tabs-20220930>.

### DEFINITION

Prochlorperazine Maleate Tablets contain an amount of Prochlorperazine Maleate equivalent to NLT 95.0% and NMT 105.0% of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ).

[NOTE—Throughout the following procedures, protect the samples, Reference Standards, and solutions from light, and conduct the procedures without delay.]

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

### ASSAY

#### • PROCEDURE

**Ion-pairing solution:** Dissolve 4.33 g of [sodium 1-octanesulfonate](#) in 500 mL of [water](#). Add 4.0 mL of [glacial acetic acid](#), and dilute with [water](#) to 1 L.

**Mobile phase:** [Acetonitrile](#), [methanol](#), and *Ion-pairing solution* (40:15:45)

**Standard solution:** 0.2 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in *Mobile phase*

**Sample solution:** Nominally equivalent to 0.12 mg/mL of prochlorperazine in *Mobile phase* prepared as follows. Transfer an equivalent to about 12 mg of prochlorperazine from finely powdered Tablets (NLT 20), to a 100-mL volumetric flask. Add 60 mL of *Mobile phase*, sonicate for 3 min, and shake by mechanical means for 30 min. Dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume, and filter, discarding the first 10 mL of filtrate.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 210–400 nm.

**Column:** 3.9-mm × 30-cm; 10 μm packing [L1](#)

**Flow rate:** 2 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of prochlorperazine from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of prochlorperazine from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of prochlorperazine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine, 373.94

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine maleate, 606.09

**Acceptance criteria:** 95.0%–105.0%

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

**Change to read:**

- [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#).

### ▲Test 1▲ (RB 7-Sep-2022)

**Medium:** 0.1 N [hydrochloric acid](#); 500 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm

**Time:** 60 min

**Standard solution:** [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) at a known concentration in *Medium*

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter, and dilute with *Medium*, if necessary, to a concentration that is similar to that of the *Standard solution*.

#### Instrumental conditions

**Mode:** UV

**Analytical wavelength:** 254 nm

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times D \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance of the *Sample solution*

$A_S$  = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in the *Standard solution*

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 500 mL

$D$  = dilution factor for *Sample solution*, if needed

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine, 373.94

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine maleate, 606.09

$L$  = label claim (mg/Tablet)

**Tolerances:** NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ) is dissolved.

### ▲Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

**Medium:** 0.1 N [hydrochloric acid](#); 500 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm

**Time:** 30 min

**Standard stock solution:** 0.275 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 10% of the flask volume of [acetonitrile](#) and 60% of the flask volume of *Medium* and sonicate to dissolve. Dilute with *Medium* to volume.

**Standard solution:** ( $L/500$ ) mg/mL of prochlorperazine prepared as follows, where  $L$  is the label claim in mg/Tablet. Dilute the *Standard stock solution* with *Medium* to obtain a solution with a final concentration of 0.0165 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) for Tablets labeled to contain 5 mg and 0.033 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) for Tablets labeled to contain 10 mg.

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45- $\mu$ m pore size, discarding the first 5 mL of filtrate.

#### Instrumental conditions

**Mode:** UV

**Analytical wavelength:** 254 nm

**Cell path length:** 0.5 cm

Blank: Medium

#### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance of the Sample solution

$A_S$  = absorbance of the Standard solution

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of Medium, 500 mL

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine, 373.94

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine maleate, 606.09

$L$  = label claim (mg/Tablet)

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of prochlorperazine ( $C_{20}H_{24}ClN_3S$ ) is dissolved.▲ (RB 7-Sep-2022)

- [UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS \(905\)](#): Meet the requirements

#### IMPURITIES

##### • ORGANIC IMPURITIES

**Buffer solution:** 1.36 g/L of [sodium acetate trihydrate](#) in [water](#) (0.01 M). Add 2.0 mL of [triethylamine](#) and 6.0 mL of [glacial acetic acid](#) per liter of solution.

**Solution A:** Buffer solution

**Solution B:** [Acetonitrile](#)

**Mobile phase:** See [Table 1](#). Return to original conditions, and re-equilibrate the system for about 10 min.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	75	25
20	65	35
25	65	35
55	35	65
65	35	65

**Diluent:** [Acetonitrile](#) and [water](#) (40:60)

**Impurity stock solution:** 0.16 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Related Compound A RS](#) in Diluent

**Standard stock solution:** 0.16 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in Diluent

**System suitability solution:** 1.6 µg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) and 1.6 µg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Related Compound A RS](#) in Diluent from the Standard stock solution and the Impurity stock solution, respectively

**Standard solution:** 0.0064 mg/mL of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in Diluent from the Standard stock solution

**Sample solution:** Nominally equivalent to 0.4 mg/mL of prochlorperazine in Diluent, prepared as follows. Transfer 20 Tablets to a suitable volumetric flask, using a 250-mL volumetric flask for 5-mg Tablets and a 500-mL volumetric flask for 10-mg Tablets. Add Diluent to about 80% of the final flask volume, sonicate with occasional swirling for 10 min or shake by mechanical means for 20 min, and dilute with Diluent to volume. Centrifuge a portion of the solution, and use the clear supernatant.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing [L1](#)

**Column temperature:** 50 ± 5°

**Flow rate:** 2.0 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 20 μL

#### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between prochlorperazine related compound A and prochlorperazine, *System suitability solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0%, *Standard solution*

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of any individual specified or unspecified impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each corresponding impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of prochlorperazine from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of prochlorperazine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine, 373.94

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of prochlorperazine maleate, 606.09

$F$  = relative response factor (see [Table 2](#))

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 2](#).

**Table 2**

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Maleic acid	0.07	—	<a href="#">—a</a>
Prochlorperazinesulfoxide <b>b</b>	0.20	0.38	0.5
Perazine <b>c,d</b>	0.66	—	—
Prochlorperazine related compound A <b>d</b>	0.97	—	—
Prochlorperazine	1.00	—	—
4-Chlorophenothiazine <b>d,e</b>	2.01	—	—
2-Chlorophenothiazine <b>d,f</b>	2.08	—	—
Specified unknown 1 <b>d</b>	2.64	—	—
Specified unknown 2 <b>d</b>	2.79	—	—

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Specified unknown 3 <sup>d</sup>	2.88	—	—
Any individual unspecified impurity	—	1.0	0.5
Total impurities	—	—	2.0

<sup>a</sup> Disregard.

<sup>b</sup> 2-Chloro-10-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl]-10*H*-phenothiazine sulfoxide.

<sup>c</sup> 10-[3-(4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl]-10*H*-phenothiazine.

<sup>d</sup> Process impurity controlled in the drug substance. It is included for identification purposes only. It should not be reported for the drug product, and should not be included in the total impurities.

<sup>e</sup> 4-Chloro-10*H*-phenothiazine.

<sup>f</sup> 2-Chloro-10*H*-phenothiazine.

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers, protected from light. Store at controlled room temperature.

#### Add the following:

- ▲ **LABELING:** When more than one *Dissolution* test is given, the labeling states the test used only if *Test 1* is not used. ▲ (RB 7-Sep-2022)

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Prochlorperazine Maleate RS](#)

[USP Prochlorperazine Related Compound A RS](#)

4-Chloro-10-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl]-10*H*-phenothiazine dihydrochloride.

C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S · 2HCl

446.86

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
PROCHLORPERAZINE MALEATE TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

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