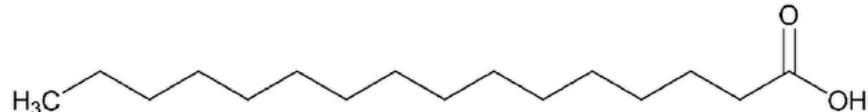


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Palmitic Acid



$C_{16}H_{32}O_2$ 256.42

n-Hexadecanoic acid;

1-Pentadecanecarboxylic acid CAS RN®: 57-10-3.

DEFINITION

Change to read:

Palmitic Acid is a mixture of ▲fatty▲ (2S (NF36)) acids obtained from fats or oils of animal or vegetable origin. It contains NLT 92.0% of palmitic acid ($C_{16}H_{32}O_2$) and NMT 6.0% of stearic acid ($C_{18}H_{36}O_2$).

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- A. ▲CHROMATOGRAPHIC IDENTITY:▲ (2S (NF36)) The retention time of the major peak for palmitic acid of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

Add the following:

▲• B. Acid Value

Sample: 1 g of Palmitic Acid

Analysis: Proceed as directed in [Fats and Fixed Oils \(401\), Procedures, Acid Value](#).

Acceptance criteria: 216–220▲ (2S (NF36))

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

▲**Solution A:** Add 1 mL of [phosphoric acid](#) to 1 L of water. This is a 0.1% phosphoric acid solution.

Solution B: Acetonitrile

Diluent: [Methanol](#)

Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0.0	50	50
20.0	1	99
25.0	1	99
26.0	50	50

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
30.0	50	50

System suitability solution: 5.0 mg/mL of [USP Myristic Acid RS](#) and 0.025 mg/mL of linolenic acid in *Diluent*

Standard solution: 5.0 mg/mL of [USP Palmitic Acid RS](#) in *Diluent*

Sample solution: 5.0 mg/mL of Palmitic Acid in *Diluent*

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 2.7-μm packing [L1](#)

Column temperature: 40°

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Injection volume: 25 μL

Run time: 30 min

System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

[NOTE—The relative retention times for linolenic acid, myristic acid, and palmitic acid are 0.77, 0.80, and 1.00, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.5 between linolenic acid and myristic acid, System suitability solution

Tailing factor: 0.8–1.5, Standard solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 0.5%, Standard solution

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of palmitic acid ($C_{16}H_{32}O_2$) in the portion of Palmitic Acid taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response from the Sample solution

r_S = peak response from the Standard solution

C_S = concentration of [USP Palmitic Acid RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Palmitic Acid in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NLT 92.0% of palmitic acid ($C_{16}H_{32}O_2$) ▲ (2S (NF36))

IMPURITIES

Delete the following:

▲• [HEAVY METALS, Method II \(231\)](#): NMT 10 ppm ▲ (Official 1-Jan-2018)

Add the following:

▲• **Limit of Stearic Acid, Myristic Acid, and Other Related Fatty Acids**

Solution A, Solution B, Diluent, Mobile phase, System suitability solution, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution: 0.3 mg/mL of [USP Stearic Acid RS](#), 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Myristic Acid RS](#), and 0.05 mg/mL of [USP Palmitic Acid RS](#) in *Diluent*

Sample solution: 5.0 mg/mL of Palmitic Acid in *Diluent*

System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

[NOTE—The relative retention times for linolenic acid, myristic acid, palmitic acid, and stearic acid are 0.77, 0.80, 1.00, and 1.17, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.5 between linolenic acid and myristic acid, System suitability solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5%, Standard solution

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Based on the Standard solution and [Table 2](#), identify the peaks of appropriate fatty acids.

[NOTE—The relative retention times for several fatty acids are provided in [Table 2](#).]

Table 2

Fatty Acid	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor
Caprylic acid	0.20	1.85
Capric acid	0.36	1.54
Lauric acid	0.57	1.34
Myristic acid	0.80	—
Palmitic acid	1.00	1.00
Stearic acid	1.17	—

Calculate the percentage of myristic acid ($C_{14}H_{28}O$) or stearic acid ($C_{18}H_{36}O_2$) in the portion of Palmitic Acid taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of myristic acid or stearic acid from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of myristic acid or stearic acid from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Myristic Acid RS](#) or [USP Stearic Acid RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Palmitic Acid in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any other single fatty acid (caprylic acid, capric acid, or lauric acid, if present) in the portion of Palmitic Acid taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of any other single fatty acid (caprylic acid, capric acid, or lauric acid, if present) from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of palmitic acid from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Palmitic Acid RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Palmitic Acid in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

F = relative response factor for any other single fatty acid (caprylic acid, capric acid, or lauric acid, if present) (see [Table 2](#))

Acceptance criteria: Disregard peaks that are less than 0.05% for any individual impurity, and any peaks due to solvents.

Stearic acid: NMT 6.0%

Myristic acid: NMT 2.0%

Any other single fatty acid (caprylic acid, capric acid, or lauric acid): NMT 1.0%▲ (2S (NF36))

SPECIFIC TESTS

- **Color:** Heat a sample of Palmitic Acid to 75°. The resulting liquid is not more intensely colored than a solution prepared by mixing 1.2 mL of [ferric chloride CS](#) and 0.3 mL of [cobaltous chloride CS](#) with 0.3 N hydrochloric acid to make 10 mL, and diluting 5 mL of this solution with 0.3 N hydrochloric acid to make 100 mL. Make the comparison by viewing the solutions downward in matched color-comparison tubes against a white surface (see [Color and Achromicity \(631\)](#)).

- **CONGEALING TEMPERATURE (651):** 60°–66°

Delete the following:

- ▲ [FATS AND FIXED OILS, Acid Value \(401\)](#): 216–220, using 1 g▲ (2S (NF36))

- [FATS AND FIXED OILS \(401\), Procedures, Iodine Value, Method I](#)

Analysis: Proceed as directed in the chapter, except use 35 mL of [chloroform](#).

Acceptance criteria: NMT 1

- [MINERAL ACID](#)

Analysis: Shake 5 g of melted Palmitic Acid with an equal volume of hot water for 2 min. Cool, and filter.

Acceptance criteria: The filtrate is not reddened by the addition of 1 drop of methyl orange TS.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- [PACKAGING AND STORAGE](#): Preserve in well-closed containers, and store at room temperature.

- [LABELING](#): Label it to indicate whether it is derived from animal or vegetable sources.

Change to read:

- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#)

- ▲ [USP Myristic Acid RS](#)▲ (2S (NF36))

[USP Palmitic Acid RS](#)

[USP Stearic Acid RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
PALMITIC ACID	Documentary Standards Support	SE2020 Simple Excipients
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services RSTECH@usp.org	SE2020 Simple Excipients

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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