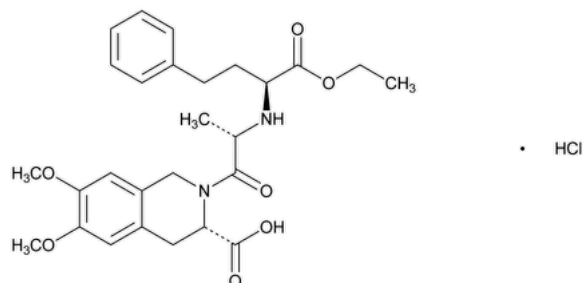


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Moexipril Hydrochloride



$C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$ 535.03

3-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[[1-(ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]amino]-1-oxopropyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-, monohydrochloride, [3S-[2[R*(R*),3R*]]]-; (3S)-2-[(2S)-N-[(1S)-1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]alanyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 2-ethyl ester, monohydrochloride CAS RN®: 82586-52-5; UNII: Q1UMG3UH45.

DEFINITION

Moexipril Hydrochloride contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$), calculated on the anhydrous basis.

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- **A.** ▲ [SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS \(197\)](#), [Infrared Spectroscopy: 197K](#) ▲ (CN 1-MAY-2020)
- **B.** The relative retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **C.** [IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL \(191\)](#), [Chloride](#): Meets the requirements

ASSAY

PROCEDURE

Buffer: 1.32 g/L of dibasic ammonium phosphate. Adjust with diluted phosphoric acid to a pH of 7.5.

Solution A: Acetonitrile and tetrahydrofuran (95:5)

Mobile phase: *Solution A* and *Buffer* (30:70)

Standard solution: 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Mobile phase*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

Sample solution: 0.1 mg/mL of Moexipril Hydrochloride in *Mobile phase*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 215 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L1

Column temperature: 35°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

Run time: NLT 3.2 times the retention time of moexipril

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) in the portion of Moexipril Hydrochloride taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 98.0%–102.0% on the anhydrous basis

IMPURITIES

• **RESIDUE ON IGNITION** (281): NMT 0.20%

• **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

[NOTE—Use freshly prepared samples for analysis.]

Solution A and **Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Solution B: Proceed as directed for the *Buffer* in the Assay.

Diluent: *Solution A* and *Solution B* (20:80)

Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	20	80
5	20	80
35	55	45
65	55	45
70	20	80
80	20	80

Standard solution 1: 4 µg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Diluent*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

Standard solution 2: 2 mg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) and 3 µg/mL each of [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#), [USP Moexipril Related Compound C RS](#), [USP Moexipril Related Compound D RS](#), [USP Moexipril Related Compound E RS](#), [USP Moexipril Related Compound F RS](#), and [USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#) in *Diluent*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

Sample solution: 2 mg/mL of Moexipril Hydrochloride in *Diluent*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

System suitability

Samples: *Standard solution 1* and *Standard solution 2*

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 3.5 between moexipril related compound A and moexipril related compound E; NLT 2.5 between moexipril and moexipril related compound G, *Standard solution 2*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for moexipril, *Standard solution 1*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution 1*, *Standard solution 2*, and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of each specified impurity in the portion of Moexipril Hydrochloride taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of each specified impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of the corresponding Reference Standard from *Standard solution 2*

C_S = concentration of each specified impurity in *Standard solution 2* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any other individual unspecified impurity in the portion of Moexipril Hydrochloride taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of each individual unspecified impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of moexipril from *Standard solution 1*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Standard solution 1* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 2](#). Disregard peaks less than 0.05%.

Table 2

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Moexipril related compound E ^a	0.14	0.15
Moexipril related compound A ^b	0.28	0.2
Moexipril related compound F ^c	0.62	0.15
Moexipril related compound G ^d	0.90	0.15
Moexipril	1.00	—
Moexipril related compound D ^e	1.28	0.15
Moexipril related compound B ^f	1.62	0.2
Moexipril related compound C ^g	2.26	0.15
Any other individual unspecified impurity	—	0.10
Total impurities ^h	—	1.0

- ^a (S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
^b (3S)-2-[(2S)-N-[(1S)-1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]alanyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-isoquinolinecarboxylic acid.
^c (S)-2-[(S)-1-Ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoic acid.
^d (S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-1-methoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
^e (S)-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-4-Cyclohexyl-1-ethoxy-1-oxobutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
^f (S)-Ethyl 2-[(3S,11aS)-8,9-dimethoxy-3-methyl-1,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-1H-pyrazino[1,2-b]isoquinolin-2(6H,11H,11aH)-yl]-4-phenylbutanoate.
^g (S)-tert-Butyl 2-[(S)-2-[(S)-1-ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate.
^h Sum of all specified and unspecified impurities.

• **CONTENT OF IMIDAZOLE**

Mobile phase: Hexane, isopropyl alcohol, and diethyl amine (52:48:0.025)

Standard solution: 0.01 mg/mL of [USP Imidazole RS](#) in *Mobile phase*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution.]

Sample solution: 2 mg/mL of Moexipril Hydrochloride in *Mobile phase*. [NOTE—Sonication may be necessary for complete dissolution. Use freshly prepared *Sample solution* for analysis.]

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 215 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L3
Flow rate: 1 mL/min
Injection volume: 20 μL
Run time: NLT 3.3 times the retention time of imidazole

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*
Suitability requirements
Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*
Calculate the percentage of imidazole in the portion of Moexipril Hydrochloride taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of imidazole from the *Sample solution*
 r_S = peak response of imidazole from the *Standard solution*
 C_S = concentration of [USP Imidazole RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
 C_U = concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NMT 0.03%

SPECIFIC TESTS

- [WATER DETERMINATION \(921\), Method I, Method Ia](#): NMT 1.5%
- [OPTICAL ROTATION \(781S\), Procedures, Specific Rotation](#)
Sample solution: 0.011 g/mL of Moexipril Hydrochloride in alcohol. Sonicate to dissolve the sample.
Acceptance criteria: +30.0° to +38.0°

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, protected from moisture. Store at room temperature.
- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#)
 - [USP Imidazole RS](#)
 - [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#)
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#)
(3S)-2-((2S)-N-[(1S)-1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]alanyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-isoquinolinecarboxylic acid.
 $C_{25}H_{30}N_2O_7$ 470.51
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#)
(S)-Ethyl 2-((3S,11aS)-8,9-dimethoxy-3-methyl-1,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-1H-pyrazino[1,2-b]isoquinolin-2(6H,11H,11aH)-yl)-4-phenylbutanoate.
 $C_{27}H_{32}N_2O_6$ 480.55
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound C RS](#)
(S)-tert-Butyl 2-((S)-2-[(S)-1-ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl)-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate.
 $C_{31}H_{42}N_2O_7$ 554.67
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound D RS](#)
(S)-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-4-Cyclohexyl-1-ethoxy-1-oxobutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
 $C_{27}H_{40}N_2O_7$ 504.62
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound E RS](#)
(S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
 $C_{12}H_{15}NO_4$ 237.25
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound F RS](#)
(S)-2-[(S)-1-Ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoic acid.
 $C_{15}H_{21}NO_4$ 279.33
 - [USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#)
(S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-1-methoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.
 $C_{26}H_{32}N_2O_7$ 484.54

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
MOEXIPRIL HYDROCHLORIDE	Documentary Standards Support	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

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