

Status: Currently Official on 15-Feb-2025
Official Date: Official as of 01-Nov-2020
Document Type: USP Monographs
DocId: GUID-9DFC75B9-94AE-41FA-9CC1-7B81E2CC4B48_2_en-US
DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M54528_02_01
DOI Ref: 0s22m

© 2025 USPC
Do not distribute

Moexipril Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

DEFINITION

Moexipril Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% each of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$).

IDENTIFICATION

• **A.** The retention times of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

Add the following:

▲• **B.** The UV spectra of the major peaks of the *Diluted sample solution* correspond to those of the *Diluted standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

ASSAY

Change to read:

• **PROCEDURE**

Buffer: 0.01 M [potassium dihydrogen phosphate](#)

Mobile phase: [Acetonitrile](#) and *Buffer* (35:65)

Diluent: [Acetonitrile](#) and [water](#) (30:70)

Standard solution: Prepare solutions of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in *Diluent*, of concentrations stated in [Table 1](#). Initially add *Diluent* to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

Table 1

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride (mg/mL)	Concentration of Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mL)
7.5/12.5	0.06	0.1
15/12.5	0.06	0.05
15/25	0.06	0.1

▲**Diluted standard solution:** *Standard solution* and *Diluent* (50:50)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Sample solution: The nominal concentrations of moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide in mg/mL given in [Table 1](#) prepared as follows from powdered Tablets (NLT 20). Initially add *Diluent* to about 60% of the total volume, sonicate for 45 min with intermittent shaking, and then dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

▲**Diluted sample solution:** *Sample solution* and *Diluent* (50:50)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm. ▲For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing [L7](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 20 µL

Run time: ▲NLT▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) 2.2 times the retention time of the moexipril peak

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

▲[NOTE—The relative retention times for hydrochlorothiazide and moexipril are 0.43 and 1.00, respectively.]▲ (USP 1-AUG-2020)

Suitability requirements

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution*, ▲*Diluted standard solution*,▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) *Sample solution*, and ▲*Diluted sample solution*

[NOTE—The *Diluted standard solution* and *Diluted sample solution* are used for *Identification B*.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride or hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0% each of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride and hydrochlorothiazide

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

• [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#)

Medium: 0.1 N [hydrochloric acid](#); 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Time: 15 min

Buffer, Mobile phase, ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) **Chromatographic system,** and **System suitability:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution: Prepare solutions of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in *Medium* of concentrations stated in [Table 2](#).

Table 2

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Concentration of USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS (µg/mL)	Concentration of USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS (µg/mL)
7.5/12.5	8	14
15/12.5	16	14
15/25	16	28

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size, discarding the first 2–3 mL.

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

V = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

L = label claim for moexipril hydrochloride or hydrochlorothiazide (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 70% (Q) of the labeled amounts each of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) are dissolved.

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

Change to read:

- **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Solution A: Add 1 mL of [trifluoroacetic acid](#) to 4 L of [water](#).

Solution B: [Acetonitrile](#) and [tetrahydrofuran](#) (90:10)

Mobile phase: See [Table 3](#).

Table 3

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	95	5
50	30	70
60	95	5
70	95	5

Diluent: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

System suitability solution: 1.2 mg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#), 2 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), and 2.4 µg/mL of [USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#) in *Diluent*. Initially add *Diluent* to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

Standard solution: 1.2 µg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#), 12 µg/mL each of [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#), 2 µg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), and 40 µg/mL each of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Chlorothiazide RS](#) in *Diluent*. Initially add *Diluent* to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

Sample solution: The nominal concentrations of moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide in mg/mL given in [Table 4](#) prepared as follows. Initially add *Diluent* to 70% of the total volume, and sonicate for 15 min with intermittent shaking in ice cold water. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume, and pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

Table 4

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Number of Tablets (NLT)	Nominal Concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride (mg/mL)	Nominal Concentration of Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mL)
7.5/12.5	20	1.2	2
15/12.5	10	1.8	1.5
15/25	10	1.2	2

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing [L1](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 µL

System suitability

Samples: *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

▲[NOTE—See [Table 5](#) for the relative retention times.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.5 between the moexipril and moexipril related compound G peaks, *System suitability solution*

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks, *Standard solution*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of moexipril related compound A [▲]or [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020) moexipril related compound B in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of moexipril related compound A or moexipril related compound B from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of [▲]moexipril related compound A or moexipril related compound B [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020) from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#) [▲]or [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020) [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) or [USP Chlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any other individual impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of any other individual impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of moexipril from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 5](#).

Table 5

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Moexipril related compound E ^{a,b}	0.31	—
Benzothiadiazine related compound A [▲] [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.47	1.0
Chlorothiazide [▲] [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.53	0.5
Hydrochlorothiazide	0.57	—
Moexipril related compound F ^{b,c}	0.77	—
5-Chlorohydrochlorothiazide ^{b,d}	0.82	—

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Moexipril related compound A [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.85	1.0
Moexipril related compound G ^{b,▲} (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.94	—
Moexipril	1.00	—
Moexipril related compound D ^{b,e}	1.17	—
Moexipril related compound C ^{b,f}	1.27	—
Moexipril related compound B [▲] (USP 1-Aug-2020)	1.43	1.5
Any other individual unspecified impurity	—	0.2
Total impurities ^g	—	4.0

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

^a (S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.

^b Process-related impurity controlled in the drug substance.

^c (S)-2-[(S)-1-Ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoic acid.

^d ▲5,6-Dichloro-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

^e (S)-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-4-Cyclohexyl-1-ethoxy-1-oxobutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.

^f (S)-tert-Butyl 2-[(S)-2-[(S)-1-ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate.

^g Total impurities is a sum total of all specified and unspecified impurities.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers, and protect from light. Store at controlled room temperature.

Change to read:

• **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#)

4-Amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide.

C₆H₈ClN₃O₄S₂ 285.73

[USP Chlorothiazide RS](#)

▲6-Chloro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

C₇H₆ClN₃O₄S₂ 295.73

[USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#)

[USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#)

[USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#)

(3S)-2-[(2S)-N-[(1S)-1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]alanyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-isoquinolinecarboxylic acid.

C₂₅H₃₀N₂O₇ 470.51

[USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#)

(S)-Ethyl 2-[(3S,11aS)-8,9-dimethoxy-3-methyl-1,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-1H-pyrazino[1,2-b]isoquinolin-2(6H,11H,11aH)-yl)-4-phenylbutanoate.

C₂₇H₃₂N₂O₆ 480.55

[USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#)

(S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-2-[(S)-2-[(S)-1-methoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.

C₂₆H₃₂N₂O₇ 484.54

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
MOEXIPRIL HYDROCHLORIDE AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE TABLETS	Documentary Standards Support	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. 45(2)

Current DocID: GUID-9DFC75B9-94AE-41FA-9CC1-7B81E2CC4B48_2_en-US

DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M54528_02_01

DOI ref: [0s22m](#)

OFFICIAL