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Moexipril Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

DEFINITION

Moexipril Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% each of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$).

IDENTIFICATION

• A. The retention times of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

Add the following:

▲ B. The UV spectra of the major peaks of the *Diluted sample solution* correspond to those of the *Diluted standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: 0.01 M [potassium dihydrogen phosphate](#)

Mobile phase: [Acetonitrile](#) and **Buffer** (35:65)

Diluent: [Acetonitrile](#) and [water](#) (30:70)

Standard solution: Prepare solutions of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in **Diluent**, of concentrations stated in [Table 1](#). Initially add **Diluent** to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with **Diluent** to volume.

Table 1

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride (mg/mL)	Concentration of Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mL)
7.5/12.5	0.06	0.1
15/12.5	0.06	0.05
15/25	0.06	0.1

▲ **Diluted standard solution:** *Standard solution* and **Diluent** (50:50)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Sample solution: The nominal concentrations of moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide in mg/mL given in [Table 1](#) prepared as follows from powdered Tablets (NLT 20). Initially add **Diluent** to about 60% of the total volume, sonicate for 45 min with intermittent shaking, and then dilute with **Diluent** to volume. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

▲ **Diluted sample solution:** *Sample solution* and **Diluent** (50:50)▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm. ▲ For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing [L7](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 20 µL

Run time: ▲ NLT ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) 2.2 times the retention time of the moexipril peak

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

▲ [Note—The relative retention times for hydrochlorothiazide and moexipril are 0.43 and 1.00, respectively.] ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Suitability requirements

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks**Analysis****Samples:** Standard solution, ▲ Diluted standard solution, ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) Sample solution, and ▲ Diluted sample solution

[Note—The Diluted standard solution and Diluted sample solution are used for Identification B.] ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

 r_u = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the Sample solution r_s = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the Standard solution C_s = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL) C_u = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride or hydrochlorothiazide in the Sample solution (mg/mL)**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0% each of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride and hydrochlorothiazide**PERFORMANCE TESTS****Change to read:**

- [Dissolution \(711\)](#).

Medium: 0.1 N [hydrochloric acid](#); 900 mL**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm**Time:** 15 min**Buffer, Mobile phase,** ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020) **Chromatographic system, and System suitability:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.**Standard solution:** Prepare solutions of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) and [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in Medium of concentrations stated in [Table 2](#).**Table 2**

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Concentration of USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS (μ g/mL)	Concentration of USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS (μ g/mL)
7.5/12.5	8	14
15/12.5	16	14
15/25	16	28

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45- μ m pore size, discarding the first 2–3 mL.**Analysis****Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solutionCalculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times C_s \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

 r_u = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the Sample solution r_s = peak response of moexipril or hydrochlorothiazide from the Standard solution C_s = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL) V = volume of Medium, 900 mL L = label claim for moexipril hydrochloride or hydrochlorothiazide (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 70% (Q) of the labeled amounts each of moexipril hydrochloride ($C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_7 \cdot HCl$) and hydrochlorothiazide ($C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$) are dissolved.

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

Change to read:

- **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Solution A: Add 1 mL of [trifluoroacetic acid](#) to 4 L of [water](#).

Solution B: [Acetonitrile](#) and [tetrahydrofuran](#) (90:10)

Mobile phase: See [Table 3](#).

Table 3

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	95	5
50	30	70
60	95	5
70	95	5

Diluent: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

System suitability solution: 1.2 mg/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#), 2 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), and 2.4 μ g/mL of [USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#) in [Diluent](#). Initially add [Diluent](#) to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with [Diluent](#) to volume.

Standard solution: 1.2 μ g/mL of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#), 12 μ g/mL each of [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#), 2 μ g/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), and 40 μ g/mL each of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Chlorothiazide RS](#) in [Diluent](#). Initially add [Diluent](#) to 70% of the total volume, sonicate to dissolve, and then dilute with [Diluent](#) to volume.

Sample solution: The nominal concentrations of moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide in mg/mL given in [Table 4](#) prepared as follows. Initially add [Diluent](#) to 70% of the total volume, and sonicate for 15 min with intermittent shaking in ice cold water. Dilute with [Diluent](#) to volume, and pass through a suitable filter of 0.45- μ m pore size.

Table 4

Tablet Strength Moexipril Hydrochloride/ Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mg)	Number of Tablets (NLT)	Nominal Concentration of Moexipril Hydrochloride (mg/mL)	Nominal Concentration of Hydrochlorothiazide (mg/mL)
7.5/12.5	20	1.2	2
15/12.5	10	1.8	1.5
15/25	10	1.2	2

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm

Column: 4.6-mm \times 25-cm; 5- μ m packing [L1](#)

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μ L

System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

▲[Note—See [Table 5](#) for the relative retention times.]▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.5 between the moexipril and moexipril related compound G peaks, System suitability solution

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks, *Standard solution***Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0% for both the moexipril and hydrochlorothiazide peaks, *Standard solution***Analysis****Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*Calculate the percentage of moexipril related compound A \blacktriangle or \blacktriangle (USP 1-Aug-2020) moexipril related compound B in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

 r_u = peak response of moexipril related compound A or moexipril related compound B from the *Sample solution* r_s = peak response of \blacktriangle moexipril related compound A or moexipril related compound B \blacktriangle (USP 1-Aug-2020) from the *Standard solution* C_s = concentration of [USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#) \blacktriangle or \blacktriangle (USP 1-Aug-2020) [USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL) C_u = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

 r_u = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide from the *Sample solution* r_s = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A or chlorothiazide from the *Standard solution* C_s = concentration of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) or [USP Chlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL) C_u = nominal concentration of hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any other individual impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

 r_u = peak response of any other individual impurity from the *Sample solution* r_s = peak response of moexipril from the *Standard solution* C_s = concentration of [USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL) C_u = nominal concentration of moexipril hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 5](#).**Table 5**

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Moexipril related compound E ^{a,b}	0.31	—
Benzothiadiazine related compound A ^{c,d} (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.47	1.0
Chlorothiazide ^{c,d} (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.53	0.5
Hydrochlorothiazide	0.57	—
Moexipril related compound F ^{b,c}	0.77	—
5-Chlorohydrochlorothiazide ^{b,d}	0.82	—

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Moexipril related compound A ^a ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.85	1.0
Moexipril related compound G ^b ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)	0.94	—
Moexipril	1.00	—
Moexipril related compound D ^{b,e}	1.17	—
Moexipril related compound C ^{b,f}	1.27	—
Moexipril related compound B ^a ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)	1.43	1.5
Any other individual unspecified impurity	—	0.2
Total impurities ^g	—	4.0

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

^a (S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.^b Process-related impurity controlled in the drug substance.^c (S)-2-[(S)-1-Ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoic acid.^d ▲5,6-Dichloro-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)^e (S)-2-((S)-2-[(S)-4-Cyclohexyl-1-ethoxy-1-oxobutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl}-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.^f (S)-tert-Butyl 2-((S)-2-[(S)-1-ethoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl}-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate.^g Total impurities is a sum total of all specified and unspecified impurities.**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers, and protect from light. Store at controlled room temperature.

Change to read:

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#)

4-Amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide.

 $C_6H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ 285.73[USP Chlorothiazide RS](#)

▲6-Chloro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide.▲ (USP 1-Aug-2020)

 $C_7H_6ClN_3O_4S_2$ 295.73[USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#)[USP Moexipril Hydrochloride RS](#)[USP Moexipril Related Compound A RS](#)

(3S)-2-((2S)-N-[(1S)-1-Carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]alanyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-isoquinolinecarboxylic acid.

 $C_{25}H_{30}N_2O_7$ 470.51[USP Moexipril Related Compound B RS](#)

(S)-Ethyl 2-((3S,11aS)-8,9-dimethoxy-3-methyl-1,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-1H-pyrazino[1,2-b]isoquinolin-2(6H,11H,11aH)-yl)-4-phenylbutanoate.

 $C_{27}H_{32}N_2O_6$ 480.55[USP Moexipril Related Compound G RS](#)

(S)-6,7-Dimethoxy-2-((S)-2-[(S)-1-methoxy-1-oxo-4-phenylbutan-2-ylamino]propanoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid.

 $C_{26}H_{32}N_2O_7$ 484.54

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
MOEXIPRIL HYDROCHLORIDE AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE TABLETS	Documentary Standards Support	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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