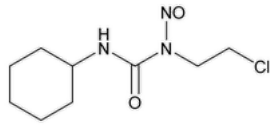


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Lomustine



$C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ 233.70
Urea, *N*-(2-chloroethyl)-*N'*-cyclohexyl-*N*-nitroso-;
1-(2-Chloroethyl)-3-cyclohexyl-1-nitroso-urea CAS RN®: 13010-47-4; UNII: 7BRF0Z81KG.

DEFINITION
Lomustine contains NLT 97% and NMT 103% of lomustine ($C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$), calculated on the as-is basis.

[**CAUTION**—Great care should be taken to prevent inhalation of particles of lomustine and to prevent exposure to the skin.]

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- **A.** **SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS** (197), *Infrared Spectroscopy*: **197K**▲ (CN 1-MAY-2020)
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

PROCEDURE

[NOTE—Protect the solutions from light. Use freshly prepared solutions.]

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and water (35:65)
Standard solution: 0.2 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile
Sample solution: 0.2 mg/mL of Lomustine in acetonitrile

Chromatographic system
(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), *System Suitability*.)

Mode: LC
Detector: UV 230 nm
Column: 4.6-mm × 75-mm; 3-μm packing L1
Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min
Injection volume: 10 μL

System suitability
Sample: *Standard solution*
Suitability requirements
Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%
Tailing factor: NMT 1.3

Analysis
Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*
Calculate the percentage of lomustine ($C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$) in the portion of Lomustine taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response from the *Sample solution*
 r_S = peak response from the *Standard solution*
 C_S = concentration of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
 C_U = concentration of Lomustine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 97%–103% on the as-is basis

IMPURITIES

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

[NOTE—Protect the solutions from light. Use freshly prepared solutions.]

Solution A: Water

Solution B: Acetonitrile

Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	90	10
3	90	10
40	65	35
47	65	35
52	50	50
55	50	50
55.1	5	95
60	5	95
60.1	90	10
65	90	10

Standard solution A: 0.032 mg/mL each of [USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#), and [USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#), and 0.04 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine Related Compound D RS](#), and 2 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile

Standard solution B: 8 µg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile

Sample solution: 8 mg/mL of Lomustine in acetonitrile

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 195 and 230 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 10-cm; 2.6-µm packing L43

Temperatures

Column: 35°

Sample: 15°

Flow rate: 0.8 mL/min

Injection volume: 4 µL

System suitability

Samples: *Standard solution A* and *Standard solution B*

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.2 between the lomustine and lomustine related compound D peaks determined at 230 nm, *Standard solution A*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 10% for carmustine related compound A and lomustine related compounds B and C determined at 195 nm, *Standard solution A*; NMT 10% for lomustine related compound D determined at 230 nm, *Standard solution A*; NMT 10% for lomustine determined at 230 nm, *Standard solution B*

Tailing factor: Between 0.7 and 1.3 for the lomustine peak determined at 230 nm, *Standard solution A*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution A*, *Standard solution B*, and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of carmustine related compound A and lomustine related compounds B and C in the portion of Lomustine taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak area of each impurity from the *Sample solution*, determined at 195 nm

r_s = peak area of the corresponding related compound from *Standard solution A*, determined at 195 nm

C_s = concentration of the corresponding [USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#), or [USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#) in *Standard solution A* (mg/mL)

C_u = concentration of Lomustine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Detect at 230 nm, and compare the peak area of lomustine related compound D in the *Sample solution* with the peak area of lomustine related compound D in *Standard solution A*. The peak area of lomustine related compound D in the *Sample solution* is NMT the peak area of lomustine related compound D in *Standard solution A* (0.5%).

Calculate the percentage of any unspecified impurity in the portion of Lomustine taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

r_u = peak area of any unspecified impurity from the *Sample solution*, determined at 195 nm or 230 nm. If the impurity is detected at both wavelengths, use the higher peak area in the formula.

r_s = peak area of lomustine from *Standard solution B*, determined at 230 nm

C_s = concentration of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in *Standard solution B* (mg/mL)

C_u = concentration of Lomustine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 2](#). Disregard any impurity peak less than 0.05%.

Table 2

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Carmustine related compound A ^a	0.11	0.4 ^b
Lomustine related compound B ^c	0.39	0.4 ^b
Lomustine related compound C ^d	0.73	0.4 ^b
Lomustine	1.0	—
Lomustine related compound D ^e	1.02	0.5
Any individual unspecified impurity	—	0.2
Total impurities ^f	—	1

^a 1,3-Bis(2-chloroethyl)urea.

^b No more than one such impurity (carmustine related compound A, lomustine related compound B, or lomustine related compound C) is greater than 0.2%.

^c 1-(2-Chloroethyl)-3-cyclohexylurea.

^d 1,3-Dicyclohexylurea.

^e 3-(2-Chloroethyl)-1-cyclohexyl-1-nitrosourea.

^f Lomustine related compound D is not included in the *Total impurities*.

SPECIFIC TESTS

- [WATER DETERMINATION, Method I \(921\)](#): NMT 0.5%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers, and store between 2° and 8°.
- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#).
[USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#)
1,3-Bis(2-chloroethyl)urea.

$C_5H_{10}ClN_2O$ 185.05
[USP Lomustine RS](#)
[USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#)
1-(2-Chloroethyl)-3-cyclohexylurea.
 $C_9H_{17}ClN_2O$ 204.70
[USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#)
1,3-Dicyclohexylurea.
 $C_{13}H_{24}N_2O$ 224.34
[USP Lomustine Related Compound D RS](#)
3-(2-Chloroethyl)-1-cyclohexyl-1-nitrosourea.
 $C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ 233.70

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
LOMUSTINE	Documentary Standards Support	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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