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## Lomustine Capsules

### DEFINITION

Lomustine Capsules contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of lomustine ( $C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ ).

[**CAUTION**—Great care should be taken to prevent inhalation of particles of lomustine and to prevent exposure to the skin.]

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A. SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197K**

**Sample:** Transfer the contents of 2 Capsules to a stoppered Erlenmeyer flask containing 25 mL of methylene chloride. Shake vigorously, and filter. Evaporate the methylene chloride from the filtrate under a stream of dry nitrogen. Prepare a potassium bromide pellet of the residue.

**Acceptance criteria:** Meet the requirements

- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

### ASSAY

- **PROCEDURE**

[**NOTE**—Protect the solutions from light. Use freshly prepared solutions.]

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and water (7:13)

**Standard solution:** 0.2 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile

**Sample solution:** 0.2 mg/mL of lomustine in acetonitrile prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of the Capsule fill (from NLT 20 Capsules) to a suitable volumetric flask, and add acetonitrile equivalent to 75% of the volume. Shake for 15 min, and dilute with acetonitrile to volume. Pass through a suitable filter, and discard the first few mL of filtrate.

**Chromatographic system**

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 230 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 7.5-cm; 3-μm packing L1

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

**System suitability**

**Sample:** Standard solution

**Suitability requirements**

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

**Tailing factor:** NMT 1.3

**Analysis**

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of lomustine ( $C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ ) in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of lomustine in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of lomustine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0%

### IMPURITIES

- **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

[**NOTE**—Protect the solutions from light. Use freshly prepared solutions.]

**Solution A:** Water

**Solution B:** Acetonitrile

Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).**Table 1**

| Time<br>(min) | Solution A<br>(%) | Solution B<br>(%) |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 0             | 90                | 10                |
| 3             | 90                | 10                |
| 40            | 65                | 35                |
| 47            | 65                | 35                |
| 52            | 50                | 50                |
| 55            | 50                | 50                |
| 55.1          | 5                 | 95                |
| 60            | 5                 | 95                |
| 60.1          | 90                | 10                |
| 65            | 90                | 10                |

**Standard solution A:** 0.032 mg/mL each of [USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#), and [USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#), and 0.04 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine Related Compound D RS](#) and 2 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile

**Standard solution B:** 8 µg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in acetonitrile

**Sample solution:** 8 mg/mL of lomustine in acetonitrile prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of the Capsule fill (from NLT 20 Capsules) to a suitable volumetric flask, and dilute with acetonitrile to volume. Sonicate for 30 min, and then stir for 30 min. Pass a portion of the solution through a suitable filter of 0.2-µm pore size.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 195 and 230 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 10-cm; 2.6-µm packing L43

#### Temperatures

**Column:** 35°

**Sample:** 15°

**Flow rate:** 0.8 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 4 µL

#### System suitability

**Samples:** Standard solution A and Standard solution B

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 1.2 between the lomustine and lomustine related compound D peaks determined at 230 nm, Standard solution A

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 10% for carmustine related compound A, lomustine related compounds B and C determined at 195 nm, Standard solution A; NMT 10% for lomustine determined at 230 nm, Standard solution B

**Tailing factor:** Between 0.7 and 1.3 for the lomustine peak determined at 230 nm, Standard solution A

#### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution A, Standard solution B, and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of carmustine related compound A and lomustine related compounds B and C in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

$r_u$  = peak area of each impurity from the Sample solution, determined at 195 nm

$r_s$  = peak area of the corresponding related compound from Standard solution A, determined at 195 nm

$C_s$  = concentration of the corresponding [USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#), [USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#), or [USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#) in Standard solution A (mg/mL)

$C_u$  = nominal concentration of lomustine in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any unspecified impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

$r_u$  = peak area of any unspecified impurity from the *Sample solution*, determined at 195 nm or 230 nm. If the impurity is detected at both wavelengths, use the higher peak area in the formula.

$r_s$  = peak area of lomustine from *Standard solution B*, determined at 230 nm

$C_s$  = concentration of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in the *Standard solution B* (mg/mL)

$C_u$  = nominal concentration of lomustine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 2](#). Disregard any impurity peak less than 0.05%.

**Table 2**

| Name                                       | Relative Retention Time | Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%) |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Carmustine related compound A <sup>a</sup> | 0.11                    | 0.4 <sup>b</sup>             |
| Lomustine related compound B <sup>c</sup>  | 0.39                    | 0.4 <sup>b</sup>             |
| Lomustine related compound C <sup>d</sup>  | 0.73                    | 0.4 <sup>b</sup>             |
| Lomustine                                  | 1.0                     | —                            |
| Lomustine related compound D <sup>e</sup>  | 1.02                    | —                            |
| Any individual unspecified impurity        | —                       | 0.2                          |
| Total impurities                           | —                       | 2                            |

<sup>a</sup> 1,3-Bis(2-chloroethyl)urea.

<sup>b</sup> No more than one such impurity (carmustine related compound A, lomustine related compound B, or lomustine related compound C) is greater than 0.2%.

<sup>c</sup> 1-(2-Chloroethyl)-3-cyclohexylurea.

<sup>d</sup> 1,3-Dicyclohexylurea.

<sup>e</sup> This process impurity is included in the table for identification only, and it is not to be reported or included in the *Total impurities*.

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

- [DISINTEGRATION \(701\)](#): 20 min

**Change to read:**

- [UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS \(905\)](#): ▲Meet the requirements ▲ (CN 1-Aug-2023)

### Procedure for content uniformity

Complete the analysis within 1 h after the preparation of *Sample solution*.

**Standard solution:** 0.02 mg/mL of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in methanol

**Sample solution:** Nominally equivalent to 0.02 mg/mL of lomustine in methanol prepared as follows. Transfer the content of a Capsule into a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with methanol to volume. Allow the excipients to settle for at least 15 min. Transfer a measured volume of the clear supernatant to a suitable volumetric flask, and dilute to volume with methanol.

### Instrumental conditions

(See [Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy \(857\)](#).)

**Mode:** UV

**Analytical wavelength:** 230 nm

**Cell length:** 1 cm

### Analysis

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of lomustine ( $C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ ) in the Capsule taken:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance from the Sample solution

$A_S$  = absorbance from the Standard solution

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Lomustine RS](#) in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of lomustine in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

▲ (CN 1-Aug-2023)

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers, and store at controlled room temperature.

• [USP Reference Standards \(11\)](#)

[USP Carmustine Related Compound A RS](#)

1,3-Bis(2-chloroethyl)urea.

$C_5H_{10}Cl_2N_2O$  185.05

[USP Lomustine RS](#)

[USP Lomustine Related Compound B RS](#)

1-(2-Chloroethyl)-3-cyclohexylurea.

$C_9H_{17}ClN_2O$  204.70

[USP Lomustine Related Compound C RS](#)

1,3-Dicyclohexylurea.

$C_{13}H_{24}N_2O$  224.34

[USP Lomustine Related Compound D RS](#)

3-(2-Chloroethyl)-1-cyclohexyl-1-nitrosourea.

$C_9H_{16}ClN_3O_2$  233.70

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQ](#)s before contacting USP.

| Topic/Question     | Contact                                       | Expert Committee          |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------|
| LOMUSTINE CAPSULES | <a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a> | SM32020 Small Molecules 3 |

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

#### Most Recently Appeared In:

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