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## Levonorgestrel and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets

### DEFINITION

Levonorgestrel and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of levonorgestrel ( $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$ ) and NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol ( $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$ ).

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention times of the two major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of levonorgestrel and ethinyl estradiol in the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** Finely powder 20 Tablets and transfer a portion of the powder, equivalent to 4 mg of levonorgestrel, to a suitable container. Add 250 mL of a solvent mixture consisting of isooctane and chloroform (3:1). Sonicate the mixture for 3 min, and then stir it by mechanical means for 30 min. Filter the mixture and evaporate the filtrate to dryness in a rotating vacuum evaporator. Dissolve the residue in 3 mL of chloroform, and transfer with a pipet to a 60-mL separator containing 18 mL of isooctane. Rinse the evaporator flask with an additional 3-mL portion of chloroform, and add the rinsing to the separator. Add 10 mL of 1 N sodium hydroxide, shake vigorously, and allow the layers to separate. Discard the lower aqueous phase, and filter the organic phase through 3 g of anhydrous sodium sulfate on filter paper into a 50-mL beaker. Rinse the filter with several small portions of the mixture of isooctane and chloroform (3:1), adding the filtered rinsings to the filtrate, and evaporate under nitrogen on a steam bath to dryness. Dissolve the residue in 1–2 mL of hot toluene, and transfer with a pipet to a small glass vial. Reduce the volume of the solution to 0.1 mL under nitrogen with warming. [NOTE—During this step, any crystals that deposit on the vial wall should be transferred to the bottom, and allowed to redissolve.]

Store the vial containing the clear toluene solution at 4° overnight to allow crystallization to occur. Remove and discard the mother liquor with a pipet, rinse the crystals with two 0.5-mL portions of anhydrous ether, and discard the rinsings. Dry the vial containing the rinsed crystals in a vacuum desiccator at 60° for 4 h.

**Acceptance criteria:** The melting point of the dried crystals of levonorgestrel so obtained is not lower than 220°, using the procedure described under [Melting Range or Temperature \(741\), Class I](#).

### ASSAY

#### • PROCEDURE

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (35:15:45)

**Standard solution:** 15 µg/mL of [USP Levonorgestrel RS](#) and 3 µg/mL of [USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS](#) in *Mobile phase*

**Sample solution:** Transfer a number of Tablets, equivalent to 3 mg of levonorgestrel, to a 200-mL volumetric flask. Dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume, sonicate to disintegrate the Tablets, then shake by mechanical means for 20 min. Centrifuge, and use the clear supernatant.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 215 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5- to 7-µm packing L7

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection size:** 50 µL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for ethinyl estradiol and levonorgestrel are about 0.7 and 1.0, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.5 between the two major peaks

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$  and  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$  in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of the corresponding analyte from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of the corresponding analyte from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of the appropriate USP Reference Standard in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of the corresponding analyte in the *Sample solution* (µg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0% of the labeled amount of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$ , 90.0%–110.0% of the labeled amount of  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

- **[DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#):** Determine the amount of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$  and  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$  dissolved by employing the following method.

**Medium:** Polysorbate 80 (5 µg/g) in water; 500 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm

**Time:** 60 min

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and water (6:4)

**Standard solution:** Prepare a solution of [USP Levonorgestrel RS](#) and [USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS](#) in *Medium* having known concentrations corresponding approximately to the concentrations that would be obtained by dissolving 1 Tablet in 500 mL of *Medium*.

[NOTE—A volume of alcohol not exceeding 2% of the final total volume of solution may be used to aid in dissolving the Reference Standards.]

**Sample solution:** Withdraw 15-mL portions of liquid from each vessel, and pass through a polyvinylidene filter, discarding the first 10 mL of the filtrate.

## Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 247 nm (for levonorgestrel analysis); a spectrofluorometric detector (for ethinyl estradiol analysis), with an excitation wavelength of 285 nm, and an emission wavelength of 310 nm

**Column:** 4-mm × 15-cm; packing L7

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection size:** 100 µL

## System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for ethinyl estradiol and levonorgestrel are about 0.7 and 1.0, respectively.]

## Suitability requirements

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 3.0%

## Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$  and  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$  dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of the corresponding analyte from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of the corresponding analyte from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of the appropriate USP Reference Standard in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of the corresponding analyte in the *Sample solution* (µg/mL)

## Tolerances

**Uncoated Tablets:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$ , and 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$  is dissolved.

**Coated Tablets:** NLT 60% (Q) of the labeled amount of  $C_{21}H_{28}O_2$  and  $C_{20}H_{24}O_2$  is dissolved.

- **[UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS \(905\)](#):** Meet the requirements

**Sample solution:** Place 1 Tablet in a 40-mL centrifuge tube, add 10.0 mL of *Mobile phase*, and proceed as directed in the Assay.

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers.

- **[USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#):**

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
LEVONORGESTREL AND ETHINYL ESTRADIOL TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM52020 Small Molecules 5
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM52020 Small Molecules 5

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

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