

Status: Currently Official on 15-Feb-2025  
Official Date: Official Prior to 2013  
Document Type: USP Monographs  
DocId: GUID-79166FEC-AA52-4822-8640-99DF17F46475\_1\_en-US  
DOI: [https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M44625\\_01\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M44625_01_01)  
DOI Ref: y1u25

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## Levamisole Hydrochloride Tablets

» Levamisole Hydrochloride Tablets contain an amount of Levamisole Hydrochloride equivalent to not less than 90.0 percent and not more than 110.0 percent of the labeled amount of levamisole ( $C_{11}H_{12}N_2S$ ).

**Packaging and storage**—Preserve in well-closed containers.

**Labeling**—Label it to state both the content of the active moiety and the content of the salt used in formulating the article.

**USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)**—

[USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#)

**Identification**—

**A:** The retention time of the major peak for levamisole in the chromatogram of the *Assay preparation* corresponds to that in the chromatogram of the *Standard preparation*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

**B:** The  $R_f$  value of the principal spot obtained from *Test solution B* in the *Chromatographic purity* test corresponds to that from *Standard solution A*.

**DISSOLUTION (711)**—

*Medium:* 0.01 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL.

*Apparatus 2:* 50 rpm.

*Time:* 45 minutes.

*Procedure*—Determine the amount of levamisole ( $C_{11}H_{12}N_2S$ ) dissolved by employing UV absorption at the wavelength of maximum absorbance at about 214 nm on filtered portions of the solution under test, suitably diluted with *Dissolution Medium*, if necessary, in comparison with a Standard solution having a known concentration of [USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#) in the same *Medium*.

*Tolerances*—Not less than 80% (*Q*) of the labeled amount of  $C_{11}H_{12}N_2S$  is dissolved in 45 minutes.

**UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905)**: meet the requirements.

**Chromatographic purity**—

*Test solution A*—Transfer an amount of powdered Tablets, equivalent to 100 mg of levamisole, to a glass test tube. Add 5.0 mL of methanol, shake for 2 minutes, and filter.

*Test solution B*—Dilute 1.0 mL of *Test solution A* to 10 mL with methanol, and mix.

*Standard solution A*—Prepare a solution of [USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#) in methanol having a concentration of 2.4 mg per mL (equivalent to 2.0 mg of levamisole per mL).

*Standard solution B*—Dilute 1.0 mL of *Standard solution A* to 20 mL with methanol, and mix.

*Procedure*—Apply separate 10- $\mu$ L portions of *Test solutions A* and *B* and *Standard solutions A* and *B* to the starting line of a suitable thin-layer chromatographic plate (see [Chromatography \(621\)](#)) coated with a 0.25-mm layer of chromatographic silica gel mixture. Allow the spots to dry, and develop the chromatogram in a solvent system consisting of a mixture of toluene, acetone, and ammonium hydroxide (60:40:1) until the solvent front has moved about three-fourths of the length of the plate. Remove the plate from the developing chamber, and dry the plate at 105° for 15 minutes. Locate the spots on the plate by examination under short-wavelength UV light: any spot obtained from *Test solution A*, other than that of levamisole, does not exceed, in size or intensity, the principal spot obtained from *Standard solution B*, corresponding to not more than 0.5% of any individual impurity. Expose the plate to iodine vapor in a closed chamber for 15 minutes, and locate the spots on the plate: any spot obtained from *Test solution A*, other than that of levamisole, does not exceed, in size or intensity, the principal spot obtained from *Standard solution B*, corresponding to not more than 0.5% of any individual impurity.

**Assay**—

*Solution A*—Prepare a 0.75% solution of monobasic ammonium phosphate in water, and adjust with diisopropylamine to a pH of 7.

*Solution B*—Use acetonitrile.

*Mobile phase*—Use variable mixtures of *Solution A* and *Solution B* as directed for *Chromatographic system*. Make adjustments if necessary (see *System Suitability* under [Chromatography \(621\)](#)).

*Standard preparation*—Transfer about 20 mg of [USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#), accurately weighed, to a 100-mL volumetric flask, add 10 mL of water, and swirl to dissolve. Dilute with methanol to volume, and mix to obtain a solution having a known concentration of about 0.2 mg

of [USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#) per mL.

**Resolution solution**—Dissolve 20 mg of Levamisole Hydrochloride in 5 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, and heat at 100° in a closed vial for 5 hours. Allow to cool, and dilute 1 mL of the solution to 25 mL with methanol.

**Assay preparation**—Transfer an accurately counted number of Tablets, equivalent to about 150 mg of levamisole ( $C_{11}H_{12}N_2S$ ), to a 100-mL volumetric flask. Add 25 mL of water, and shake by mechanical means for 30 minutes. Dilute with water to volume, and mix. Transfer 10.0 mL of this solution to a second 100-mL volumetric flask, dilute with methanol to volume, and mix.

**Chromatographic system** (see [Chromatography \(621\)](#))—The liquid chromatograph is equipped with a 215-nm detector and a 4.6-mm × 10-cm column that contains 3-μm packing L1. The flow rate is about 2 mL per minute. The chromatograph is programmed as follows.

Time (minutes)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)	Elution
0–5	80→20	20→80	linear gradient
5–7	20	80	isocratic
7–8	20→80	80→20	linear gradient
8–12	80	20	isocratic

Chromatograph the *Resolution solution*, and record the peak responses as directed for *Procedure*: the relative retention times are 1.0 for levamisole and about 1.3 for the major degradation product; and the resolution,  $R$ , between levamisole and the major degradation product is not less than 6.0. Chromatograph the *Standard preparation*, and record the peak responses as directed for *Procedure*: the capacity factor,  $k'$ , is not less than 3.0; the tailing factor is not more than 1.8; and the relative standard deviation for replicate injections is not more than 2.0%.

**Procedure**—Separately inject equal volumes (about 10 μL) of the *Standard preparation* and the *Assay preparation* into the chromatograph, record the chromatograms, and measure the areas for the major peaks. Calculate the quantity, in mg, of levamisole ( $C_{11}H_{12}N_2S$ ) in the Tablets taken by the formula:

$$(204.29/240.75)(1000C)(r_U/r_S)$$

in which 204.29 and 240.75 are the molecular weights of levamisole and levamisole hydrochloride, respectively;  $C$  is the concentration, in mg per mL, of [USP Levamisole Hydrochloride RS](#) in the *Standard preparation*; and  $r_U$  and  $r_S$  are the levamisole peak responses obtained from the *Assay preparation* and the *Standard preparation*, respectively.

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
LEVAMISOLE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

**Most Recently Appeared In:**

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. Information currently unavailable

**Current DocID:** GUID-79166FEC-AA52-4822-8640-99DF17F46475\_1\_en-US

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