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Famotidine Injection

DEFINITION

Famotidine Injection is a sterile, concentrated solution of Famotidine. It contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of famotidine ($C_8H_{15}N_7O_2S_3$). It may contain suitable preservatives.

IDENTIFICATION

• **A.** The retention time of the famotidine peak from the *Sample solution* corresponds to that from the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: 13.8 g/L of monobasic sodium phosphate

Mobile phase: Methanol, water, and *Buffer* (5:32:3). Adjust with 1 N sodium hydroxide to a pH of 5.3.

Diluent: Dissolve 1.36 g of monobasic potassium phosphate in 800 mL of water, adjust with 1 N sodium hydroxide to a pH of 7.0, and dilute with water to 1 L.

Standard solution

If benzyl alcohol is present: 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Famotidine RS](#) and 0.09 mg/mL of [USP Benzyl Alcohol RS](#) in *Diluent*

If benzyl alcohol is not present: 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Famotidine RS](#) in *Diluent*

Sample solution: Transfer a volume of Injection, equivalent to 20 mg of famotidine based on the label claim, to a 200-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L3

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection size: 30 μL

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for the famotidine peak

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of famotidine ($C_8H_{15}N_7O_2S_3$) in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of famotidine from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of famotidine from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Famotidine RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of famotidine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0%

OTHER COMPONENTS• **CONTENT OF BENZYL ALCOHOL** (if present)

Buffer, Mobile phase, Diluent, Standard solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

System suitability stock solution: Proceed as directed in the *Organic Impurities* test.

System suitability solution: Transfer 25 mL of *System suitability stock solution* to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add 1 drop (approximately 20 mg) of [USP Benzyl Alcohol RS](#), and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

System suitability

Samples: *Standard solution* and *System suitability solution*

[NOTE—See [Table 1](#) for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.3 between adjacent peaks of benzyl alcohol and famotidine propionic acid; the benzyl alcohol peak is resolved from the solvent front, *System suitability solution*

Relative standard deviation: Less than 2.0% for each peak, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of benzyl alcohol in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak area of benzyl alcohol from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak area of benzyl alcohol from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Benzyl Alcohol RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of benzyl alcohol in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: The content of benzyl alcohol meets the requirements under [Injections and Implanted Drug Products \(1\), Specific Tests, Vehicles and added substances](#).

IMPURITIES• **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Buffer, Mobile phase, Diluent, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

System suitability stock solution: Transfer 10 mg of [USP Famotidine RS](#) to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add 1 mL of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid.

Heat at 80° for 30 min. Allow to cool, add 2 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, and heat at 80° for an additional 30 min. Allow to cool, and neutralize by adding 1 mL of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume (*Solution A*). Transfer 5 mg of [USP Famotidine RS](#) to a separate 50-mL volumetric flask, add 8 mL of methanol, and sonicate to dissolve. Add 10 mL of *Solution A*, and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

System suitability solution

If benzyl alcohol is present: Transfer 25 mL of *System suitability stock solution* to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add 1 drop (approximately 20 mg) of [USP Benzyl Alcohol RS](#), and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

If benzyl alcohol is not present: Transfer 25 mL of *System suitability stock solution* to a 50-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

System suitability

Sample: *System suitability solution*

[NOTE—See [Table 1](#) for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.3 between adjacent peaks of famotidine propionic acid, famotidine sulfamoyl propanamide, famotidine, and famotidine propanamide for each pair of peaks

Analysis

Sample: *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the total of famotidine propionic acid, famotidine sulfamoyl propanamide, and famotidine propanamide in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_T) \times 100$$

r_U = sum of the peak areas for famotidine propionic acid, famotidine sulfamoyl propanamide, and famotidine propanamide from the *Sample solution*

r_T = sum of the peak areas for famotidine, famotidine propionic acid, famotidine sulfamoyl propanamide, and famotidine propanamide from the *Sample solution*

Acceptance criteria

Total impurities: NMT 5.0%

Table 1

Name	Relative Retention Time
Benzyl alcohol (if present)	0.4
Famotidine propionic acid (famotidine related compound F) ^a	0.7
Famotidine sulfamoyl propanamide (famotidine related compound C) ^b	0.8
Famotidine	1.0
Famotidine propanamide (famotidine related compound D) ^c	1.3

^a 3-[[2-(Diaminomethyleneamino)thiazol-4-yl]methylthio]propanoic acid.

^b 3-[[2-(Diaminomethyleneamino)thiazol-4-yl]methylthio]-N-sulfamoylpropanamide.

^c 3-[[2-(Diaminomethyleneamino)thiazol-4-yl]methylthio]propanamide.

SPECIFIC TESTS

- **STERILITY TESTS (71):** Meets the requirements
- **pH (791):** 5.0–5.6
- **PARTICULATE MATTER IN INJECTIONS (788):** Meets the requirements for small-volume injections
- **BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST (85):** NMT 16.67 USP Endotoxin Units/mg of famotidine
- **OTHER REQUIREMENTS:** It meets the requirements under [Container Content for Injections \(697\)](#).

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in single-dose or multiple-dose containers, preferably of Type I glass. Store in a refrigerator.
- **LABELING:** It meets the requirements under [Labeling \(7\)](#), [Labels and Labeling for Injectable Products](#). Label it to indicate that the Injection is to be diluted with a suitable parenteral vehicle prior to administration. Label it to indicate the name and the quantity of any added preservative.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11):**
[USP Benzyl Alcohol RS](#)
[USP Famotidine RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
FAMOTIDINE INJECTION	Documentary Standards Support	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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