Status: Currently Official on 14-Feb-2025
Official Date: Official as of 01-May-2020
Document Type: USP Monographs
DocId: GUID-5BEE116E-8504-43F1-A92B-65594677DE98_4_en-US
DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M28560_04_01
DOI Ref: ne9he

© 2025 USPC Do not distribute

Drospirenone

 $C_{24}H_{30}O_3$ 366.49

 $(6R,7R,8R,9S,10R,13S,14S,15S,16S,17S)-1,3',4',6,6a,7,8,9,10,\\ 11,12,13,14,15,15a,16-Hexadecahydro-10,13-dimethylspiro-[17H-dicyclopropa[6,7:15,16]cyclopenta[a]phenanthrene-17,2'(5'H)-furan]-3,5'(2H)-dione;$

17-Hydroxy-6β,7β:15β,16β-dimethylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone CAS RN[®]: 67392-87-4; UNII: N295J34A25.

DEFINITION

Drospirenone contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of $C_{24}H_{30}O_{3}$, calculated on the anhydrous and solvent-free basis.

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

- A. <u>Spectroscopic Identification Tests (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197M</u> (CN 1-May-2020)
- B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Solution A: Water **Solution B:** Acetonitrile **Mobile phase:** See <u>Table 1</u>.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	63	37
2.0	63	37
16.0	52	48
23.0	52	48
31.0	20	80
39.0	20	80
39.1	63	37
49.0	63	37

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (1:1)

 $\textbf{System suitability solution:} \ 60\ \mu\text{g/mL of } \underline{\text{USP Drospirenone RS}} \ \text{and} \ 60\ \mu\text{g/mL of } \underline{\text{USP Drospirenone Related Compound A RS}} \ \text{in } \underline{\text{Diluent}}$

Standard solution: 0.6 mg/mL of <u>USP Drospirenone RS</u> in *Diluent*

Sample solution: 0.6 mg/mL of Drospirenone in Diluent

Chromatographic system

https://trungtamthuoc.com/

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 245 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 3-µm packing L1

Column temperature: 35° Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection size: 10 µL System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 5.0 between drospirenone and drospirenone related compound A, System suitability solution

Tailing factor: Between 0.8 and 1.5, Standard solution **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%, Standard solution

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of drospirenone ($C_{24}H_{30}O_2$) in the portion of Drospirenone taken:

Result =
$$(r_{IJ}/r_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{IJ}) \times 100$$

 r_{ij} = peak response from the Sample solution

 r_s = peak response from the Standard solution

 C_s = concentration of <u>USP Drospirenone RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 C_{II} = concentration of drospirenone in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 98.0%-102.0%

IMPURITIES

INORGANIC IMPURITIES

• Residue on Ignition (281): NMT 0.1%

ORGANIC IMPURITIES

• PROCEDURE 1: LIMIT OF 1,2-DIMETHOXYETHANE AND DIISOPROPYL ETHER (if present)

Standard solution: 0.1 mg/mL of 1,2-dimethoxyethane and 0.05 mg/mL of diisopropyl ether in dimethylformamide

Sample solution: 50 mg/mL of Drospirenone in dimethylformamide

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: GC

Detector: Flame ionization

Column: 0.25-mm \times 30-m; 1.4- μ m coating of phase G43

Temperature
Injector: 160°
Detector: 250°
Column: See <u>Table 2</u>.

Table 2

Initial Temperature (°)	Temperature Ramp (°/min)	Final Temperature (°)	Hold Time at Final Temperature (min)
40	0	40	10
40	5	70	0
70	30	220	0

Carrier gas: Helium

Flow rate: 32 ± 8 cm/s. [Note—For pressure-controlled systems, a column pressure of about 130 kPa is necessary.]

Injector type: Headspace
Sample volume: 2.0 mL/vial

Vial treatment: Maintain at 80° for 60 min before injection.

https://trungtamthuoc.com/

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—The relative retention times for diisopropyl ether and 1,2-dimethoxyethane are about 0.6 and 1.0, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: NMT 4.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of 1,2-dimethoxyethane and diisopropyl ether in the portion of Drospirenone taken:

Result =
$$(r_{IJ}/r_c) \times (C_c/C_{IJ}) \times 100$$

 r_{ij} = peak response of 1,2-dimethoxyethane or diisopropyl ether from the Sample solution

 r_s = peak response of 1,2-dimethoxyethane or diisopropyl ether from the Standard solution

C_s = concentration of 1,2-dimethoxyethane or diisopropyl ether in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 C_{ii} = concentration of Drospirenone in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria

Individual impurities: NMT 0.2% of 1,2-dimethoxyethane and NMT 0.1% of diisopropyl ether

• Procedure 2

Solution A: Water **Solution B:** Acetonitrile **Mobile phase:** See <u>Table 3</u>.

Table 3

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)	
0	63	37	
2.0	63	37	
16.0	52	48	
23.0	52	48	
31.0	20	80	
39.0	20	80	
39.1	63	37	
49.0	63	37	

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (1:1)

System suitability solution: 60 µg/mL of <u>USP Drospirenone RS</u> and 60 µg/mL of <u>USP Drospirenone Related Compound A RS</u> in *Diluent*

Standard solution: 0.6 μ g/mL of <u>USP Drospirenone RS</u> in *Diluent* Sample solution: 0.6 μ g/mL of Drospirenone in *Diluent*

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 195 nm and 245 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 3-µm packing L1

Column temperature: 35 ± 5°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection size: 10 µL System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 5.0 between drospirenone and drospirenone related compound A, System suitability solution

Tailing factor: Between 0.8 and 1.5, *Standard solution* **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 15.0%, *Standard solution*

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Drospirenone taken:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

= peak response of each individual impurity from the Sample solution

= peak response of drospirenone from the Standard solution

= concentration of $\underline{\text{USP Drospirenone RS}}$ in the Standard solution (µg/mL)

= concentration of Drospirenone in the Sample solution ($\mu g/mL$)

= relative response factor for each individual impurity (see <u>Table 4</u>)

[Note—The percentage of hydroxydrospirenone is calculated at 195 nm.]

Acceptance criteria

 $\mbox{[Note-Disregard any peaks that are less than 0.05\% of the drospirenone peak.]}$

Individual impurities: See <u>Table 4</u>.

Table 4

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
7-Hydroxymethyl drospirenone at 245 nm ^a	0.43	1.9	0.1
5-Hydroxydros pirenone at 195 nm ^b	0.57	0.57	0.1
17-Keto drospirenone at 245 nm [©]	0.77	1.2	0.1
Drospirenone at 245 and 195 nm	1.00	-	-
Drospirenone 6-ene at 245 nm ^d	1.04	0.30	0.1
Drospirenone related compound A at 245 nm ^g	1.11	1.0	0.1
6,7-Epidrospirenone at 245 nm [£]	1.14	1.3	0.1
6,7-Desmethylene drospirenone at 245 nm ⁹	1.18	2.2	0.1
15-Methyl drospirenone at 245 nm ^h	1.34	0.99	0.1
7-Chloromethyl drospirenone at 245 nm ⁱ	1.38	1.6	0.1
7-Chloromethyl 17- epidrospirenone at 245 nm ^j	1.51	1.9	0.1
7-Hydroxymethyl 3,5(6)-diene drospirenone at 245 nm ^{<u>k</u>}	1.55	1.4	0.1

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Any unspecified impurity at 245 nm	_	1.0	0.1
Total impurities	_	-	0.4

a 17-Hydroxy-7β-hydroxymethyl-15β,16β-methylene-3-oxo-17α-pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ-lactone.

- ^d 17-Hydroxy-15 β ,16 β -methylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregn-4,6-diene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.
- ^e 17-Hydroxy-6β,7β:15β,16β-dimethylene-3-oxo-17β-pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ-lactone; 17-epidrospirenone.
- f 17-Hydroxy- 6α , 7α :15 β ,16 β -dimethylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.
- g 17-Hydroxy-15 β ,16 β -methylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.
- h 17-Hydroxy-15β-methyl-6β,7β-methylene-3-oxo-17α-pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.
- i 17-Hydroxy-7β-chloromethyl-15β,16β-methylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.
- j 17-Hydroxy-7β-chloromethyl-15β,16β-methylene-3-oxo-17β-pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid, y-lactone.
- k 17-Hydroxy-7β-hydroxymethyl-15β,16β-methylene-17 α -pregn-3,5(6)-diene-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.

SPECIFIC TESTS

• OPTICAL ROTATION, Specific Rotation (781S)

Sample solution: 10 mg/mL in methanol

Acceptance criteria: -187° to -193° at 20° on the anhydrous and solvent-free basis

- Melting Range or Temperature, Class 1(741): 198°-203°. [Note-Dry over silica gel for NLT 24 h before testing.]
- Water Determination, Method I(921): NMT 0.2%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in tight containers, and store at controlled room temperature.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)

USP Drospirenone RS

USP Drospirenone Related Compound A RS

 $17\text{-Hydroxy-}6\beta,\!7\beta:\!15\beta,\!16\beta\text{-dimethylene-3-oxo-}17\beta\text{-pregn-4-ene-21-carboxylic acid,}\,\gamma\text{-lactone}.$

 $C_{24}H_{30}O_3$ 366.49

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
DROSPIRENONE	Documentary Standards Support	SM52020 Small Molecules 5

Chromatographic Database Information: Chromatographic Database

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. PF 36(6)

Current DocID: GUID-5BEE116E-8504-43F1-A92B-65594677DE98_4_en-US

DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M28560_04_01

DOI ref: ne9he

^b 5β ,17-Dihydroxy- 6β ,7 β :15 β ,16 β -dimethylene-3-oxo-17 α -pregnan-21-carboxylic acid, γ -lactone.

^c 6β , 7β : 15β , 16β -Dimethyleneandrost-4-ene-3,17-dione.