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# Doxycycline Tablets

### DEFINITION

Doxycycline Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 120.0% of the labeled amount of doxycycline (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>).

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

### ASSAY

• **PROCEDURE**

Protect solutions containing doxycycline from light.

**Solution A:** Transfer 3.1 g of [monobasic potassium phosphate](#), 0.5 g of [edetate disodium](#), and 0.5 mL of [triethylamine](#) to a 1000-mL volumetric flask. Add about 850 mL of [water](#) and mix. Dilute with [water](#) to volume and adjust with [1 N sodium hydroxide](#) to a pH of 8.5 ± 0.1.

**Solution B:** [Methanol](#)

**Mobile phase:** See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0.0	90	10
2.0	90	10
4.0	60	40
6.0	90	10
9.0	90	10

**Diluent:** [0.01 N hydrochloric acid](#)

**Standard solution:** 0.12 mg/mL of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate as needed to dissolve.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.1 mg/mL of doxycycline from NLT 20 Tablets prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable portion of finely powdered Tablets to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 50% of the final volume of *Diluent*, dissolve, dilute with *Diluent* to volume, and mix well. Centrifuge a portion of the solution and use the supernatant. [NOTE—The use of a centrifuge speed at 3,000 rpm for 10 min may be suitable.]

### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 270 nm. For *Identification B*, a diode array detector may be used in the wavelength range of 200–400 nm.

**Column:** 2.1-mm × 5-cm; 1.7-μm packing [L7](#). [NOTE—A 1.7-μm guard column with packing [L7](#) was used during method validation.]

**Column temperature:** 60°

**Flow rate:** 0.6 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 5 μL

### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

### Suitability requirements

**Tailing factor:** NMT 1.5

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of doxycycline (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times P \times F \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of doxycycline in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$P$  = potency of doxycycline in [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) (µg/mg)

$F$  = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–120.0%

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

### • [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#)

#### Test 1

**Medium:** [0.01 N hydrochloric acid](#); 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm

**Time:** 60 min

**Standard solution:** 0.01 mg/mL of doxycycline from [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in *Medium*

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter. Dilute a portion of the filtrate with *Medium* to a concentration that is similar to that of the *Standard solution*.

#### Instrumental conditions

(See [Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy \(857\)](#).)

**Mode:** UV

**Analytical wavelength:** 268 nm

**Cell:** 1 cm

**Blank:** *Medium*

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Determine the percentage of the labeled amount of doxycycline ( $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times P \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance of the *Sample solution*

$A_S$  = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$L$  = label claim (mg/Tablet)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$P$  = potency of doxycycline in [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) (µg/mg)

**Tolerances:** NLT 85% (Q) of the labeled amount of doxycycline ( $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8$ ) is dissolved.

**Test 2:** If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

Protect solutions containing doxycycline from light.

**Medium:** [0.01 N hydrochloric acid](#); 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm

**Time:** 15 min

**Standard solution:** 0.01 mg/mL of doxycycline from [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in *Medium*

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter. Dilute a portion of the filtrate with *Medium* to a concentration that is similar to that of the *Standard solution*.

#### Instrumental conditions

(See [Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy \(857\)](#).)

**Mode:** UV

**Analytical wavelength:** 268 nm

**Cell:** 1 cm

**Blank:** *Medium*

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Determine the percentage of the labeled amount of doxycycline ( $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/L) \times D \times V \times P \times F \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance of the *Sample solution*

$A_S$  = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$L$  = label claim (mg/Tablet)

$D$  = dilution factor for the *Sample solution*, if applicable

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$P$  = potency of doxycycline in [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) (µg/mg)

$F$  = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of doxycycline ( $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8$ ) is dissolved.

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meet the requirements

## IMPURITIES

### • ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Protect solutions containing doxycycline from light.

**Mobile phase, Diluent, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

**System suitability stock solution 1:** 1 mg/mL each of [USP Doxycycline Related Compound A RS](#) and [USP Methacycline Hydrochloride RS](#) in *Diluent*

**System suitability stock solution 2:** 1.2 mg/mL of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in *Diluent*

**System suitability solution:** Transfer 5 mL of *System suitability stock solution 2* to a 25-mL volumetric flask, heat on a steam bath for 60 min, and evaporate to dryness on a hot plate, taking care not to char the residue. Dissolve the residue in *Diluent*, add 0.5 mL of *System suitability stock solution 1*, and dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Pass the solution through a suitable filter and use the filtrate. This solution contains a mixture of 4-epidoxycycline, doxycycline related compound A, methacycline, and doxycycline. [NOTE—The solution is stable up to 14 days when stored in a refrigerator at 2°–8°.]

**Standard solution:** 7.0 µg/mL of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in *Diluent*

**Sample solution:** Nominally 2.0 mg/mL of doxycycline from NLT 20 Tablets prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable portion of finely powdered Tablets to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 50% of the final volume of *Diluent*, dissolve, dilute with *Diluent* to volume, and mix well. Centrifuge a portion of the solution and use the supernatant. [NOTE—The use of a centrifuge speed at 3,000 rpm for 10 min may be suitable.]

### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 1.5 between methacycline and 4-epidoxycycline; NLT 1.5 between 4-epidoxycycline and doxycycline related compound A; NLT 2.0 between doxycycline related compound A and doxycycline, *System suitability solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0% for the doxycycline peak, *Standard solution*

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times P \times F \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of doxycycline from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of doxycycline in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$P$  = potency of doxycycline in [USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#) (µg/mg)

$F$  = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 2](#). Disregard peaks less than 0.1%.

**Table 2**

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Methacycline <sup>a,b</sup>	0.64	—
4-Epidoxycycline <sup>c</sup>	0.79	1.5
Doxycycline related compound A (6-epidoxycycline) <sup>b,d</sup>	0.88	—
Doxycycline	1.0	—
Any individual unspecified impurity	—	0.3
Total impurities	—	2.5

<sup>a</sup> (4S,4aR,5S,5aR,12aS)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,5,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methylene-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

<sup>b</sup> Process impurities that are controlled in the drug substance are not to be reported. They are not to be included in total impurities. They are listed here for information only.

<sup>c</sup> (4R,4aR,5S,5aR,6R,12aS)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,5,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide. Main degradation product.

<sup>d</sup> (4S,4aR,5S,5aR,6S,12aS)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,5,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers. Store at controlled room temperature.
- **LABELING:** When more than one *Dissolution* test is given, the labeling states the test used only if *Test 1* is not used.

Change to read:

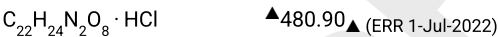
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**  
[USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS](#)  
[USP Doxycycline Related Compound A RS](#)

[NOTE—May be available as a free base or a hydrochloride salt.]

(4S,4aR,5S,5aR,6S,12aS)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,5,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide.



(4S,4aR,5S,5aR,6S,12aS)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,5,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-2-naphthacenecarboxamide ▲hydrochloride▲ (ERR 1-Jul-2022) ·



[USP Methacycline Hydrochloride RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
DOXYCYCLINE TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM12020 Small Molecules 1

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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