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Digitoxin

$$H_3C$$
 H_3C
 H_3C

Card-20(22)-enolide, 3-[(O-2,6-dideoxy- β -D-ribo-hexopyranosyl-($1 \rightarrow 4$)-O-2,6-dideoxy- β -D-ribo-hexopyranosyl)oxy]-14-hydroxy, (3 β ,5 β)-.

Digitoxin CAS RN®: 71-63-6; UNII: E90NZP2L9U.

» Digitoxin is a cardiotonic glycoside obtained from *Digitalis purpurea* L., *Digitalis lanata* Ehrh. (Fam. Scrophulariaceae), and other suitable species of *Digitalis*. Digitoxin contains not less than 92.0 percent and not more than 103.0 percent of C₄₁H₆₄O₁₃, calculated on the dried hasis

[CAUTION—Handle Digitoxin with exceptional care since it is highly potent.]

Packaging and storage-Preserve in tight containers.

USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)-

USP Digitoxin RS

Identification-

Change to read:

A: [≜]Spectroscopic Identification Tests (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197K_▲ (CN 1-May-2020)

B: Prepare a test solution in methanol containing 1 mg per mL. Apply 1 μL of the test solution and 1 μL of a Standard solution of <u>USP Digitoxin RS</u> in methanol containing 1 mg per mL to a suitable thin-layer chromatographic plate (see <u>Chromatography (621)</u>) coated with a 0.25-mm layer of chromatographic silica gel mixture. Allow the applications to dry, and develop the chromatogram in a solvent system consisting of a mixture of methylene chloride and methanol (93:7) until the solvent front has moved about three-fourths of the length of the plate. Remove the plate from the developing chamber, mark the solvent front, and dry the plate at 100° to remove the solvent. Spray the plate with a 6 in 10 solution of sulfuric acid in methanol, heat at 105° for 10 minutes, and examine the chromatogram under long-wavelength UV light: the *R_c* value of the principal spot obtained from the test solution corresponds to that obtained from the Standard solution.

C: The retention time of the major peak in the chromatogram of the *Assay preparation* corresponds to that of the major peak in the chromatogram of the *Standard preparation*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

Loss on DRYING (731)—Dry it in vacuum at 105° for 1 hour: it loses not more than 1.5% of its weight.

RESIDUE ON IGNITION (281): negligible, from 100 mg.

Assay-

Mobile phase—Prepare a filtered and degassed mixture of water and acetonitrile (55:45). Make adjustments if necessary (see <u>System Suitability</u> under <u>Chromatography (621)</u>).

Standard preparation—Dissolve an accurately weighed quantity of <u>USP Digitoxin RS</u> in *Mobile phase*, and dilute quantitatively, and stepwise if necessary, with *Mobile phase* to obtain a solution having a known concentration of about 40 µg per mL.

Assay preparation—Transfer about 50 mg of Digitoxin, accurately weighed, to a 200-mL volumetric flask. Dissolve in and dilute with Mobile phase to volume, and mix. Pipet 4 mL of this solution into a 25-mL volumetric flask, dilute with Mobile phase to volume, and mix. System suitability preparation—Prepare a solution in Mobile phase containing about 40 µg each of digitoxin and digoxin per mL. Chromatographic system (see Chromatography (621))—The liquid chromatograph is equipped with a 218-nm detector and a 3.9-mm × 30-cm column that contains packing L1. The flow rate is about 1 mL per minute. Chromatograph the Standard preparation and the System suitability preparation, and record the peak responses as directed for Procedure: the relative retention times are about 0.35 for digoxin and 1.0 for digitoxin; the resolution, R, between the digoxin and digitoxin peaks is not less than 2.0; the tailing factor for the analyte peak is not more than 2.0; and the relative standard deviation for replicate injections of the Standard preparation is not more than 2.0%.

Procedure—Separately inject equal volumes (about 50 μ L) of the *Standard preparation* and the *Assay preparation* into the chromatograph, record the chromatograms, and measure the responses for the major peaks. Calculate the quantity, in mg, of C₄₁H₆₄O₁₃ in the portion of Digitoxin taken by the formula:

$$1.25C(r_{_U}/r_{_S})$$

in which C is the concentration, in μ g per mL, of <u>USP Digitoxin RS</u> in the *Standard preparation*, and r_U and r_S are the peak responses obtained from the *Assay preparation* and the *Standard preparation*, respectively.

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
DIGITOXIN	Nam-Cheol Kim Scientific Liaison	BDSHM2020 Botanical Dietary Supplements and Herbal Medicines

Chromatographic Database Information: Chromatographic Database

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. Information currently unavailable

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