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Diethylene Glycol Stearates

To view the Notice from the Expert Committee that posted in conjunction with this accelerated revision, please click www.uspnf.com/rb-diethylene-glycol-stearates-20220527.

Change to read:

DEFINITION

Diethylene Glycol Stearates is a mixture of diethylene glycol monoesters and diesters of stearic and palmitic acids. It contains NLT 45.0% of monoesters produced from the condensation of diethylene (RB 1-Jun-2022) glycol and stearic acid of vegetable or animal origin.

IDENTIFICATION

- A. It meets the requirements in Specific Tests for Melting Range or Temperature (741), Class II.
- B. It meets the requirements in Specific Tests for Fats and Fixed Oils (401), Fatty Acid Composition.

ASSAY

Procedure

Mobile phase: Tetrahydrofuran

Sample solution: 40 mg/mL of Diethylene Glycol Stearates in tetrahydrofuran

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: Refractive index

 $\textbf{Column:} \ 7.5\text{-mm} \times 60\text{-cm}; \ containing \ 5\text{-}\mu\text{m} \ 100\text{\AA} \ packing \ L21. \ [\text{Note-Two or three } 7.5\text{-mm} \times 30\text{-cm } L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ L21 \ columns \ may \ be \ used \ in \ place \ of \ notation \ notatio$

the 60-cm column, provided that System suitability requirements are met.]

Temperatures

Detector: 40°

Column: 40°. [Note-The column temperature may be lowered to ambient temperature, although working at 40° provides stable separation

conditions and ensures better sample solubility.]

Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection volume: 40 μL System suitability

Sample: Sample solution

[Note—The relative retention times for diesters, monoesters, and diethylene glycol are 0.78, 0.84, and 1.0, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for the monoesters peak

Analysis

Sample: Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of free fatty acids, E, in the portion of Diethylene Glycol Stearates taken:

$$E = I_A \times 270/561.1$$

I_A = acid value, determined in Specific Tests for <u>Fats and Fixed Oils (401)</u>, <u>Acid Value (Free Fatty Acids)</u>

Calculate the percentage of monoesters in the portion of Sample taken:

Result =
$$[r_M/(r_M + r_D)] \times (100 - D - E)$$

 r_{M} = peak response for the monoesters

r = peak response for the diesters

9 = percentage of free diethylene glycol in the portion of Diethylene Glycol Stearates taken, as determined in Impurities for Limit of Free Diethylene Glycol

https://trengtamthuoc.com/

Acceptance criteria: NLT 45.0% of monoesters

IMPURITIES

• LIMIT OF FREE DIETHYLENE GLYCOL

Mobile phase, Sample solution, Chromatographic system, and System suitability: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution A: 0.5 mg/mL of diethylene glycol in tetrahydrofuran **Standard solution B:** 1.0 mg/mL of diethylene glycol in tetrahydrofuran **Standard solution C:** 2.0 mg/mL of diethylene glycol in tetrahydrofuran **Standard solution D:** 4.0 mg/mL of diethylene glycol in tetrahydrofuran

Analysis

Samples: Sample solution and Standard solutions

Plot the diethylene glycol peak responses obtained versus the concentration of diethylene glycol in the *Standard solutions*. From the standard curve so obtained, determine the diethylene glycol concentration in the sample.

Calculate the percentage of free diethylene glycol in the portion of sample taken:

Result =
$$(C/C_{ij}) \times 100$$

C = concentration of diethylene glycol, determined from the standard curve (mg/mL)

 C_{ij} = concentration of the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NMT 8.0%

SPECIFIC TESTS

• Melting Range or Temperature (741), Class II: 43°-50°

• FATS AND FIXED OILS (401), Acid Value (Free Fatty Acids)

Sample: 10.0 g

Acceptance criteria: NMT 4.0

• FATS AND FIXED OILS (401), Iodine Value: NMT 3.0

Change to read:

• FATS AND FIXED OILS (401), Saponification value

Sample: 2.0 g

Acceptance criteria: 150-▲180_{▲ (RB 1-Jun-2022)}

- FATS AND FIXED OILS (401), Fatty Acid Composition: 40.0%-60.0% of stearic acid, and the sum of palmitic and stearic acids is NLT 90.0%.
- ARTICLES OF BOTANICAL ORIGIN (561), Total Ash

Sample: 1.0 g

Acceptance criteria: NMT 0.1%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in tight containers. No storage requirements are specified.
- Label it to indicate that it is intended for topical and vaginal use only.

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL STEARATES	Documentary Standards Support	CE2020 Complex Excipients

Chromatographic Database Information: <u>Chromatographic Database</u>

Most Recently Appeared In:

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