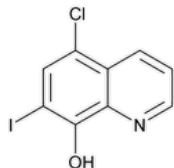


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## Clioquinol



$C_9H_5ClINO$  305.50

8-Quinololinol, 5-chloro-7-iodo-;

5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol CAS RN<sup>®</sup>: 130-26-7; UNII: 7BHQ856EJ5.

### DEFINITION

Clioquinol, dried over phosphorus pentoxide for 5 h, contains NLT 93.0% and NMT 100.5% of clioquinol ( $C_9H_5ClINO$ ).

### IDENTIFICATION

#### • A.

**Standard solution:** Prepare as directed for the *Standard solution* in the Assay, except use 1.0 mL of pyridine instead of the *Internal standard solution*.

**Acceptance criteria:** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

#### Change to read:

#### • B. ▲ [SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS \(197\)](#), [Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy: 197U](#) ▲ (CN 1-MAY-2020)

**Analytical wavelength:** 267 nm

**Medium:** 3 N hydrochloric acid

**Sample solution:** 5 µg/mL

**Acceptance criteria:** Absorptivities, calculated on the dried basis, do not differ by more than 3.0%.

#### • C.

**Sample:** 100 mg

**Analysis:** Heat the *Sample* with 5 mL of sulfuric acid.

**Acceptance criteria:** Copious violet vapors of iodine are evolved.

### ASSAY

#### • PROCEDURE

**Internal standard solution:** 2 mg/mL of pyrene in pyridine

**Standard stock solution:** 3 mg/mL of [USP Clioquinol RS](#) in a mixture of pyridine and *n*-hexane (4:1)

**Standard solution:** Transfer 1.0 mL of the *Standard stock solution* to a screw-capped glass vial fitted with a septum, add 1.0 mL of bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide and 1.0 mL of *Internal standard solution*, attach the cap, and mix. Heat in a water bath at 50° for 15 min, and then cool to ambient temperature.

**Sample stock solution:** 3 mg/mL of Clioquinol, previously dried, in a mixture of pyridine and *n*-hexane (4:1)

**Sample solution:** Transfer 1.0 mL of the *Sample stock solution* to a screw-capped glass vial fitted with a septum, add 1.0 mL of bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide and 1.0 mL of *Internal standard solution*, and attach the cap. Heat in a water bath at 50° for 15 min, and then cool to ambient temperature.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** GC

**Detector:** Flame ionization

**Column:** 1.83-m × 2-mm glass; packed with 3% liquid phase G3 on 80- to 100-mesh support S1AB

**Temperatures**

**Column:** The initial temperature is 200° for a conditioning period of NLT 16 h (not connected to the detector) and is then reduced to 165°.

**Injection port:** 170°

**Detector:** 250°

**Carrier gas:** Helium

**Flow rate:** 30 mL/min for helium. Hydrogen and air are introduced into the detector at rates of 25 and 500 mL/min, respectively.

**Injection volume:** 1 µL

**System suitability**

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for clioquinol and pyrene are 0.6 and 1.0, respectively.]

**Suitability requirements**

**Resolution:** NLT 3 between the clioquinol and the internal standard peaks

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of clioquinol ( $C_9H_5ClINO$ ) in the portion taken:

$$\text{Result} = (R_U/R_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$R_U$  = peak response ratio of clioquinol to the internal standard from the *Sample solution*

$R_S$  = peak response ratio of clioquinol to the internal standard from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Clioquinol RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = concentration of Clioquinol in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 93.0%–100.5%

**IMPURITIES**

- [RESIDUE ON IGNITION \(281\)](#): NMT 0.5%

**SPECIFIC TESTS**

- [LOSS ON DRYING \(731\)](#)

**Analysis:** Dry a sample over phosphorus pentoxide for 5 h.

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 0.5%

- **FREE IODINE AND IODIDE**

**Control solution:** Dilute 2.0 mL of potassium iodide solution (1 in 6000) with water to 10 mL, add 6 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid, 1 mL of potassium dichromate TS, and 2 mL of chloroform, and shake for 15 s (0.05% of iodide).

**Sample:** 1.0 g

**Analysis:**

Shake the *Sample* with 20 mL of water for 30 s, allow to stand for 5 min, and filter. To 10 mL of the filtrate add 1 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid, then add 2 mL of chloroform, and shake: no violet color appears in the chloroform (free iodine). To the mixture add 5 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid and 1 mL of potassium dichromate TS, and shake for 15 s.

**Acceptance criteria:** The color of the chloroform layer is no deeper than that produced in the *Control solution*.

**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers.

- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#)

[USP Clioquinol RS](#)

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
CLIOQUINOL	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM12020 Small Molecules 1

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