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# Chloroxylenol

C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClO 156.61 Phenol, 4-chloro-3,5-dimethyl-;

4-Chloro-3,5-xylenol CAS RN<sup>®</sup>: 88-04-0; UNII: 0F32U78V2Q.

#### **DEFINITION**

Chloroxylenol contains NLT 98.5% of chloroxylenol (C<sub>o</sub>H<sub>o</sub>CIO).

#### **IDENTIFICATION**

- A. Spectroscopic Identification Tests (197), Infrared Spectroscopy: 197K
- B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

#### **ASSAY**

• PROCEDURE

Internal standard solution: 4 mg/mL of USP Parachlorophenol RS in toluene

**Standard solution:** 1 mg/mL of <u>USP Chloroxylenol RS</u> prepared as follows. Transfer 10 mg of <u>USP Chloroxylenol RS</u> to a 10.0-mL volumetric flask, add 2.0 mL of the *Internal standard solution*, and dilute with toluene to volume.

**Sample solution:** 1 mg/mL of Chloroxylenol prepared as follows. Transfer 10 mg of Chloroxylenol to a 10.0 mL volumetric flask, add 2.0 mL of the *Internal standard solution*, and dilute with toluene to volume.

#### **Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: GC

**Detector:** Flame ionization

Column: 0.32-mm × 30-m; coated with a 0.50-µm film of phase G42

Temperatures
Injection port: 250°
Detector: 250°
Column: See <u>Table 1</u>.

Table 1

Initial Temperature (°)	Temperature Ramp (°/min)	Final Temperature (°)	Hold Time at Final Temperature (min)
105	0	105	1
105	6	190	8

Carrier gas: Helium Flow rate: 2.4 mL/min Injection volume: 2 µL https://trumgtamthuoc.com/

Split ratio: 25:1 Run time: 23 min System suitability

**Sample:** Standard solution **Suitability requirements** 

Resolution: NLT 5.0 between the parachlorophenol peak and the chloroxylenol peak

Tailing factor: NMT 1.5 for the chloroxylenol peak

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.5%

**Analysis** 

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of chloroxylenol (C<sub>o</sub>H<sub>o</sub>CIO) in the portion of Chloroxylenol taken:

Result = 
$$(R_{U}/R_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{U}) \times 100$$

 $R_{tt}$  = peak area ratio of the chloroxylenol peak to the parachlorophenol peak from the Sample solution

 $R_{\rm s}$  = peak area ratio of the chloroxylenol peak to the parachlorophenol peak from the Standard solution

C<sub>s</sub> = concentration of <u>USP Chloroxylenol RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

C<sub>11</sub> = concentration of Chloroxylenol in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NLT 98.5%

#### **IMPURITIES**

• Residue on Ignition (281): NMT 0.1%

Change to read:

• ▲ IRON (241), Procedures, Procedure 1 (CN 1-Jun-2023)

**Sample:** 0.10 g

**Analysis:** Transfer the *Sample* to a suitable crucible, add 5 drops of sulfuric acid, and ignite at a low heat until thoroughly ashed. Add 10 drops of sulfuric acid to the carbonized mass, and heat cautiously until white fumes are no longer evolved. Ignite, preferably in a muffle furnace, at 500°-600°, until the carbon is completely burned off. Cool, add 4 mL of 6 N hydrochloric acid, cover, digest on a steam bath for 15 min, uncover, and slowly evaporate on a steam bath to dryness. Moisten the residue with 1 drop of hydrochloric acid, add 10 mL of hot water, and digest for 2 min. Dilute with water to 25 mL. Filter, if necessary. Rinse the crucible and the filter with 10 mL of water, combining the filtrate and rinsing in a 50-mL color-comparison tube; add 2 mL of hydrochloric acid; dilute with water to 47 mL; and mix.

Acceptance criteria: NMT 0.01%

• LIMIT OF TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Internal standard stock solution: 20 µL/mL of 1-butanol in methanol

Internal standard solution: 2 μL/mL of 1-butanol in methanol from *Internal standard stock solution* Tetrachloroethylene standard stock solution: 20 μL/mL of tetrachloroethylene in methanol

**Tetrachloroethylene standard solution:** 2 μL/mL of tetrachloroethylene in methanol from *Tetrachloroethylene standard stock solution* **Standard solution:** 0.4 μL/mL each of 1-butanol and tetrachloroethylene in methanol from *Internal standard solution* and *Tetrachloroethylene standard solution*, respectively, prepared as follows. Combine 5 mL each of *Internal standard solution* and *Tetrachloroethylene standard solution* in a 25-mL volumetric flask, dilute with methanol to volume, and mix.

**Sample solution:** 160 mg/mL of chloroxylenol and 0.4 μL/mL of 1-butanol in methanol prepared as follows. Weigh 4 g of chloroxylenol in a 25-mL volumetric flask, combine with 5 mL of *Internal standard solution*, and dilute with methanol to volume.

## **Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: GC

**Detector:** Flame ionization

**Column:** 0.53-mm × 30-m; 1.0-µm film of phase G14 or G16

Carrier gas: Hydrogen

Temperatures
Injector: 240°
Detector: 240°

Table 2

Initial Temperature (°)	Temperature Ramp (°/min)	Final Temperature (°)	Hold Time at Final Temperature (min)
70	0	70	2
70	35	210	5

Flow rate: 12.8 mL/min Injection volume: 0.5 µL

Split ratio: 20:1 System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—The relative retention times for tetrachloroethylene and 1-butanol are about 1.0 and 1.9, respectively.]

**Suitability requirements** 

Resolution: NLT 1.5 between tetrachloroethylene and the solvent front of methanol

Tailing factor: NM T 1.2 for the tetrachloroethylene and 1-butanol peaks

Relative standard deviation: NMT 8.0% for the ratio of the 1-butanol to the tetrachloroethylene peak

#### **Analysis**

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of tetrachloroethylene in the portion of Chloroxylenol taken by comparing the peak response ratio of tetrachloroethylene to the internal standard from the *Standard solution* to that of the peak response ratio of tetrachloroethylene to the internal standard from the *Sample solution*:

Result = 
$$(R_{II}/R_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{II}) \times d \times F \times 100$$

 $R_{_{U}}$  = peak response ratio of tetrachloroethylene to 1-butanol from the Sample solution

 $R_s$  = peak response ratio of tetrachloroethylene to 1-butanol from the Standard solution

C<sub>s</sub> = concentration of tetrachloroethylene in the Standard solution (mL/mL)

C<sub>11</sub> = concentration of Chloroxylenol in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

d = density of tetrachloroethylene, 1.623 g/mL

F = conversion factor, 1 mg/0.001 g

Acceptance criteria: NMT 0.4% of tetrachloroethylene

#### Organic Impurities

Standard solution: 0.02 mg/mL each of 3,5-dimethylphenol and USP Chloroxylenol Related Compound A RS in toluene

**Sample solution:** 10.0 mg/mL of Chloroxylenol in toluene **Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the *Assay*.

#### **System suitability**

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—For relative retention times, see <u>Table 3</u>.]

## Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 8 between 3,5-dimethylphenol and chloroxylenol related compound A

Relative standard deviation: NMT 3%

## Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentages of 3,5-dimethylphenol ( $C_8H_{10}O$ ) and chloroxylenol related compound A ( $C_8H_9ClO$ ) in the portion of Chloroxylenol taken:

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Result =  $(r_{t/}/r_{s}) \times (C_{s}/C_{t/}) \times 100$ 

 $r_{ij}$  = peak response of the appropriate analyte from the Sample solution

r<sub>s</sub> = peak response of the 3,5-dimethylphenol or chloroxylenol related compound A from the *Standard solution* 

 $C_S$  = concentration of 3,5-dimethylphenol or <u>USP Chloroxylenol Related Compound A RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 $C_{ij}$  = concentration of the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of each unspecified impurity in the portion of Chloroxylenol taken:

Result = 
$$(r_{II}/r_{T}) \times 100$$

 $r_{ij}$  = peak response of each unspecified impurity from the Sample solution

 $r_{\tau}$  = sum of all the peak responses

Acceptance criteria: See Table 3.

Table 3

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
3,5-Dimethylphenol	0.58	0.2
Chloroxylenol related compound A	0.64	0.2
Chloroxylenol	1.0	_
Any individual impurity	-	0.5
Total impurities	<u> </u>	1.5

## **SPECIFIC TESTS**

• Water Determination, Method I(921): NMT 0.5%

#### **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in well-closed containers.
- USP Reference Standards (11)

USP Chloroxylenol RS

USP Chloroxylenol Related Compound A RS

2-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenol.

USP Parachlorophenol RS

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
CHLOROXYLENOL	Documentary Standards Support	SM12020 Small Molecules 1

Chromatographic Database Information: Chromatographic Database

Most Recently Appeared In:

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