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## Caffeine Citrate Oral Solution

### DEFINITION

Caffeine Citrate Oral Solution is a sterile aqueous solution containing Caffeine and citric acid. It contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of caffeine citrate ( $C_{14}H_{18}N_4O_9$ ). It contains no bacteriostat or other preservative.

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** [IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL, Citrate\(191\)](#): Meets the requirements
- **C.**

**Solution A:** Transfer 4 g of potassium iodide to a 100-mL volumetric flask, and add 10 mL of water. Shake until the potassium iodide is dissolved. Add 2 g of iodine to the volumetric flask, and shake until dissolved. Dilute with water to volume.

**Sample solution:** 5.0 mL of Oral Solution

**Analysis:** Transfer the *Sample solution* to a 25-mL centrifuge tube, and add 5 drops of *Solution A*. Add 0.5 mL of 2.0 M hydrochloric acid.

**Acceptance criteria:** A brown precipitate that dissolves on neutralization with 0.5 mL of sodium hydroxide TS is produced.

### ASSAY

#### PROCEDURE

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran, and 0.01 M sodium acetate (5:4:191) adjusted with glacial acetic acid to a pH of 4.5

**Theophylline stock solution:** 0.02 mg/mL of theophylline in water

**Standard solution:** 0.2 mg/mL of [USP Caffeine RS](#) and 0.004 mg/mL of theophylline from *Theophylline stock solution* in water

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.4 mg/mL of caffeine citrate (equivalent to 0.2 mg/mL of caffeine) from Oral Solution in water prepared as follows. Transfer a volume of Oral Solution, equivalent to 50 mg of caffeine, to a 250-mL volumetric flask. Dilute with water to volume, pass through a polyvinylidene difluoride or equivalent membrane of 0.45-μm pore size, and use the filtrate.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 275 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-μm packing L1

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—See [Table 1](#) for the relative retention times.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 6.0 between theophylline and caffeine

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 each for the theophylline and caffeine

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for caffeine

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the concentration ( $C_A$ ), in mg/mL, of caffeine citrate in the *Sample solution*:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2})$$

$r_U$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Caffeine RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of caffeine citrate, 386.31

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of caffeine, 194.19

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of caffeine citrate ( $C_{14}H_{18}N_4O_9$ ) in the portion of Oral Solution taken:

$$\text{Result} = (C_A/C_U) \times 100$$

$C_A$  = concentration of caffeine citrate in the *Sample solution*

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of caffeine citrate in the *Sample solution*

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0%

## IMPURITIES

### • ORGANIC IMPURITIES

**Mobile phase, Theophylline stock solution, Standard solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the Assay.

**Sensitivity solution:** 5 µg/mL of caffeine and 0.1 µg/mL of theophylline from the *Standard solution* in water

### System suitability

**Sample:** *Sensitivity solution*

### Suitability requirements

**Sensitivity:** The theophylline peak is discernible.

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Oral Solution taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_A) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of caffeine from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Caffeine RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_A$  = concentration of caffeine citrate in the *Sample solution* as determined in the Assay

$M_{r1}$  = molecular weight of caffeine citrate, 386.31

$M_{r2}$  = molecular weight of caffeine, 194.19

$F$  = relative response factor, (see [Table 1](#))

**Acceptance criteria:** See [Table 1](#).

**Table 1**

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Theobromine	0.4	1.13	0.10
Paraxanthine	0.6	0.909	0.10
Theophylline	0.7	1.10	0.10
Caffeine	1.0	—	—
Any individual impurity	—	1.0	0.10
Total impurities	—	—	0.1

## SPECIFIC TESTS

- **STERILITY TESTS** (71): It meets the requirements of the [Test for Sterility of the Product to Be Examined, Membrane Filtration](#).
- **pH** (791): 4.2–5.2

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in single-dose, tight containers, and store at a temperature between 15°–30°.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11):  
[USP Caffeine RS](#)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
CAFFEINE CITRATE ORAL SOLUTION	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM52020 Small Molecules 5

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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