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Atomoxetine Capsules

To view the Notice from the Expert Committee that posted in conjunction with this accelerated revision, please click https://www.uspnf.com/rb-atomoxetine-caps-20200131.

DEFINITION

Atomoxetine Capsules contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of atomoxetine (C₁₇H₂₁NO).

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

• A. <u>Spectroscopic Identification Tests (197), Infrared Spectroscopy</u>: 197K or 197A_{▲ (CN 1-May-2020)}

Standard: 6 mg/mL of <u>USP Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS</u> in <u>methanol</u>. Dry the solution to a dry powder under an air or nitrogen purge for a minimum of 3 h.

Sample: Shake the contents of a sufficient number of Capsules, equivalent to about 60 mg of atomoxetine, with 10 mL of methanol. Centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 5 min. Evaporate the solution to a dry powder with the aid of a current of air or stream of nitrogen.

Acceptance criteria: The IR spectrum exhibits main bands at (±2) wavenumbers (cm⁻¹) 2955, 2855, 1599–1604, 1492, 1048, 1023, and 1010.

• B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: 5.8 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. To each liter of this solution add 3.0 mL of triethylamine, and adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.5.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and Buffer (38:62)

System suitability solution: 0.1 mg/mL of atomoxetine (free base) from <u>USP Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS</u> and 0.02 mg/mL of o-cresol in *Mobile phase*. Sonicate to aid in dissolution.

Standard solution: 0.1 mg/mL of atomoxetine (free base) from <u>USP Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Mobile phase*. Sonicate to aid in dissolution.

Sample stock solution: From NLT 10 Capsules (including shells) prepared as follows. Add the intact Capsules to a suitable volumetric flask. Add *Mobile phase* to fill 65% of the final volume. Allow to stand for at least 10 min, then shake for 20 min. Dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume.

Sample solution: Nominally 0.1 mg/mL of atomoxetine, prepared by diluting a suitable volume of *Sample stock solution* with *Mobile phase* **Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 220 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 7.5-cm; 3.5-µm packing <u>L7</u>

Column temperature: 35° Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min Injection volume: 10 µL

Run time: 1.7 times the retention time of atomoxetine

System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

[Note—The relative retention times for atomoxetine and o-cresol are 1.0 and 1.3, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 3.5 between atomoxetine and o-cresol, System suitability solution

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for atomoxetine, *System suitability solution* **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 1.0% for atomoxetine, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of atomoxetine $(C_{17}H_{21}NO)$ in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result = $(r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$

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= peak response from the Sample solution

r_s = peak response from the Standard solution

 C_s = concentration of atomoxetine in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 C_{ii} = nominal concentration of atomoxetine in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

• <u>Dissolution (711)</u>

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 1000 mL, deaerated, Aif needed (RB 1-May-2020)

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm, with ≜suitable (RB 1-May-2020) sinker

Time: 30 min

Buffer and Mobile phase: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

Standard stock solution: 0.1 mg/mL of atomoxetine (free base) from <u>USP Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*. Sonicate to aid in

dissolution.

Standard solution: Dilute the *Standard stock solution* with *Medium* to obtain a final concentration of (*L*/1000) mg/mL, where *L* is the Capsule label claim in mg.

label claim in mg.

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter.

Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.4%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of atomoxetine (C₁₇H₂₁NO) dissolved:

Result =
$$(r_{I}/r_{s}) \times (C_{s}/L) \times V \times 100$$

 r_{ij} = peak response from the Sample solution

 r_s = peak response from the Standard solution

 C_s = concentration of atomoxetine in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

V = volume of Medium (mL)

Tolerances: NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of atomoxetine (C_{1,7}H₂₁NO) is dissolved.

• **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905):** Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Buffer: Dissolve 4.9 g of <u>sodium 1-decanesulfonate</u> and 6.9 g of <u>monobasic potassium phosphate</u> in 1 L of <u>water</u>. Adjust with <u>phosphoric</u> acid to a pH of 3.1.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and Buffer (41:59)

Sensitivity solution: 0.1 µg/mL of atomoxetine in Mobile phase

System suitability solution: 1 mg/mL of atomoxetine containing atomoxetine *N*-amide prepared as follows. Weigh equal amounts of <u>USP</u>

Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS and <u>urea</u>, and place in a volumetric flask. Add <u>water</u> to fill 10% of the final volume. Sonicate for 3 min. Place the flask in an 85° oven for 40 min. Allow the solution to cool to room temperature. Dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume. [Note—The oven temperature and time in the oven can be adjusted to give a suitable level of atomoxetine *N*-amide peak.]

Sample solution: 1 mg/mL of atomoxetine in *Mobile phase*, from the contents of NLT 5 Capsules prepared as follows. Transfer the Capsule contents to a suitable volumetric flask. Fill 50% of the final volume with *Mobile phase*. Swirl, and let stand for 15 min. Dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 215 nm

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Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 3.5-µm packing L7

Column temperature: 30° Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection volume: 10 µL

Run time: 2.3 times the retention time of atomoxetine

System suitability

Samples: Sensitivity solution and System suitability solution

[Note—See <u>Table 1</u> for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.6 between atomoxetine and atomoxetine N-amide, System suitability solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5%, Sensitivity solution

Analysis

Sample: Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each individual impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result =
$$(r_{II}/r_{T}) \times 100$$

 $r_{_{\!U}}$ = peak response of each individual impurity from the Sample solution

 r_{τ} = sum of all the peak responses from the Sample solution

Acceptance criteria: See Table 1.

Table 1

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Desmethyl atomoxetine ^a	0.76	0.3
Atomoxetine	1.0	-
Atomoxetine N-amide ^b	1.2	0.2
Any individual unspecified degradation product	-	0.2
Total impurities	-	1.0

^a (R)-N-Methyl-3-phenoxy-3-phenylpropan-1-amine.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at controlled room temperature.

• USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11) USP Atomoxetine Hydrochloride RS

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
ATOMOXETINE CAPSULES	Documentary Standards Support	SM42020 Small Molecules 4

Chromatographic Database Information: Chromatographic Database

Most Recently Appeared In:

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b (R)-1-Methyl-1-[3-phenyl-3-(o-tolyloxy)propyl]urea.

