Status: Currently Official on 14-Feb-2025
Official Date: Official as of 01-Jun-2023
Document Type: USP Monographs
DocId: GUID-D6ED6363-05B2-45EC-8B28-684A0D5BC4B6_7_en-US
DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M12005_07_01
DOI Ref: 73wrp

© 2025 USPC Do not distribute

Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate

Portions of this monograph that are national USP text, and are not part of the harmonized text, are marked with symbols ($^{ullet}_{ullet}$) to specify this

fact

CaHPO₄ 136.06

Phosphoric acid, calcium salt (1:1);

Calcium phosphate (1:1) CAS RN®: 7757-93-9.

DEFINITION

Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate contains NLT 97.5% and NMT 102.5% of anhydrous dibasic calcium phosphate (CaHPO_A).

IDENTIFICATION

٠ A.

Sample: 0.1 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate

Analysis: Dissolve the *Sample* by warming in 10 mL of 2 N hydrochloric acid. Add 2.5 mL of ammonia TS dropwise, with shaking, and then add 5 mL of ammonium oxalate TS.

Acceptance criteria: A white precipitate is formed.

• B.

Sample: 0.1 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate

Analysis: Dissolve the *Sample* in 5 mL of diluted nitric acid. Warm the solution to 70°, and add 2 mL of 10% ammonium molybdate solution (freshly prepared).

Acceptance criteria: A yellow precipitate of ammonium phosphomolybdate is formed.

ASSAY

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: Dissolve 53.5 g of ammonium chloride with sufficient water in a 1000-mL volumetric flask. Add 570 mL of ammonia water, stronger, and dilute with water to volume. The pH of this solution is 10.7.

Sample solution: Transfer 400 mg of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate to a 200-mL volumetric flask. Dissolve in 12 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid with the aid of gentle heat, if necessary, and dilute with water to volume.

Blank: 20 mL of water containing 1.2 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid

Titrimetric system

(See <u>Titrimetry (541)</u>.)

Mode: Residual titration

Titrant: 0.02 M edetate disodium VS **Back-titrant:** 0.02 M zinc sulfate VS

Endpoint detection: Visual

Analysis: To 20.0 mL of the *Sample solution* add 25.0 mL of *Titrant*, 50 mL of water, and 5 mL of *Buffer*. Add 25 mg of eriochrome black T– sodium chloride indicator. Titrate the excess *Titrant* with the *Back-titrant*. Perform a *Blank* determination in the same manner. Calculate the percentage of anhydrous dibasic calcium phosphate (CaHPO₄) in the sample taken:

Result =
$$\{[(V_R - V_S) \times M \times F]/W\} \times 100$$

 $V_{R} = Back-titrant$ volume consumed by the Blank (mL)

V_s = Back-titrant volume consumed by the Sample (mL)

M = actual molarity of the Back-titrant (mmol/mL)

F = equivalency factor, 136.06 mg/mmol

W = sample weight (mg) in 20.0 mL of the Sample solution

Acceptance criteria: 97.5%-102.5%

IMPURITIES

• CARBONATE

Sample: 1.0 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate

Analysis: Mix the Sample with 5 mL of carbon dioxide-free water, and immediately add 2 mL of hydrochloric acid.

Acceptance criteria: No effervescence occurs.

• CHLORIDE AND SULFATE (221), Chloride

Standard solution: To 0.70 mL of 0.01 N hydrochloric acid, add 6 mL of diluted nitric acid, and dilute with water to 50 mL.

Sample solution: To 0.20 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate, add 20 mL of water and 13 mL of diluted nitric acid, and warm gently, if necessary, to completely dissolve. Dilute with water to 100 mL, and filter if necessary. Use 50 mL of the solution as *Sample solution*.

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Add 1 mL of silver nitrate TS to the Sample solution and the Standard solution, respectively. Mix well, and allow to stand for 5 min protecting from direct sunlight. Compare the opalescence developed in both solutions against a black background by viewing downward or transversely.

Acceptance criteria: The opalescence of the Sample solution does not exceed that of the Standard solution (NMT 0.25%).

• CHLORIDE AND SULFATE (221), Sulfate

Standard solution: To 1.0 mL of 0.010 N sulfuric acid, add 1 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid, and dilute with water to 50 mL.

Sample solution: To 0.5 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate, add 5 mL of water and 5 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid, and warm gently, if necessary, to completely dissolve. Dilute with water to 100 mL, and filter if necessary. To 20 mL of the solution add 1 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid, and dilute with water to 50 mL.

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Add 2 mL of barium chloride TS to the *Sample solution* and the *Standard solution*, respectively. Mix well, and allow to stand for 10 min. Compare the white turbidity produced in both solutions against a black background by viewing downward or transversely.

Acceptance criteria: The turbidity of the Sample solution does not exceed that of the Standard solution (NMT 0.5%).

Change to read:

ARSENIC (211), Procedures, Procedure 1 (CN 1-Jun-2023)

Test preparation: 1.0 g in 25 mL of 3 N hydrochloric acid, diluted with water to 55 mL. Omit the addition of 20 mL of 7 N sulfuric acid specified in *Procedure*.

Acceptance criteria: NMT 3 µg/g◆

BARIUM

Sample: 0.5 g Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate

Analysis: Heat the *Sample* to boiling with 10 mL of water, and add 1 mL of hydrochloric acid dropwise, stirring after each addition. Allow to cool, and filter if necessary. To the filtrate add 2 mL of potassium sulfate TS.

Acceptance criteria: No turbidity is produced within 10 min.

• LIMIT OF ACID-INSOLUBLE SUBSTANCES

Sample solution: Dissolve 5.0 g in a mixture of 40 mL of water and 10 mL of hydrochloric acid by boiling gently for 5 min.

Analysis: After cooling, collect the insoluble substance on ashless filter paper, and wash with water until the last washing does not give a reaction for chloride (no turbidity results from the addition of silver nitrate TS). Ignite to completely incinerate the residue and the ashless filter paper at 600 ± 50°.

Acceptance criteria: The weight of the residue does not exceed 10 mg (NMT 0.2%).

LIMIT OF FLUORIDE

[Note—Prepare and store all solutions in plastic containers.]

Buffer solution: 294 mg/mL of sodium citrate dihydrate in water

Standard stock solution: 1.1052 mg/mL of USP Sodium Fluoride RS in water

Standard solution: Transfer 20.0 mL of *Standard stock solution* to a 100-mL volumetric flask containing 50.0 mL of *Buffer solution*, dilute with water to volume, and mix. Each milliliter of this solution contains 100 µg of fluoride ion.

Sample solution: Transfer 2.0 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate to a beaker containing a plastic-coated stirring bar. Add 20 mL of water and 2.0 mL of hydrochloric acid, and stir until dissolved. Add 50.0 mL of *Buffer solution* and sufficient water to make 100 mL.

Electrode system: Use a fluoride-specific ion-indicating electrode and a silver–silver chloride reference electrode connected to a pH meter capable of measuring potentials with a minimum reproducibility of ±0.2 mV (see pH (791)).

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Standard response line: Transfer 50.0 mL of *Buffer solution* and 2.0 mL of hydrochloric acid to a beaker, and add water to make 100 mL. Add a plastic-coated stirring bar, insert the electrodes into the solution, stir for 15 min, and read the potential in millivolts. Continue stirring, and at 5-min intervals add 100, 100, 300, and 500 µL of *Standard solution*, reading the potential 5 min after each addition. Plot the

Rinse and dry the electrodes, insert them into the *Sample solution*, stir for 5 min, and read the potential in millivolts. From the measured potential and the *Standard response line* determine the concentration (*C*), in µg/mL, of fluoride ion in the *Sample solution*.

Calculate the content of fluoride in ppm in the portion of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate taken:

logarithms of the cumulative fluoride ion concentrations (0.1, 0.2, 0.5, and 1.0 µg/mL) versus potential in millivolts.

V = Sample solution volume (mL)

C = concentration of fluoride ion, determined from the Standard response line, in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

W = weight of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate taken to prepare the Sample solution (g)

Acceptance criteria: NMT 50 ppm[◆]

SPECIFIC TESTS

• Loss on Ignition (733)

Sample: 1 g of Anhydrous Dibasic Calcium Phosphate **Analysis:** Ignite the *Sample* at 800°-825° to constant weight.

Acceptance criteria: 6.6%-8.7%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• Packaging and Storage: Preserve in well-closed containers. No storage requirements specified. ◆

• USP Reference Standards (11)

USP Sodium Fluoride RS

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
ANHYDROUS DIBASIC CALCIUM PHOSPHATE	Documentary Standards Support	SE2020 Simple Excipients

Chromatographic Database Information: Chromatographic Database

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. PF 42(6)

Current DocID: GUID-D6ED6363-05B2-45EC-8B28-684A0D5BC4B6_7_en-US

DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M12005_07_01

DOI ref: 73wrp