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## Amiloride Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

### DEFINITION

Amiloride Hydrochloride and Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ).

### IDENTIFICATION

• **A.** The retention times of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

**Change to read:**

• **B.** ▲The UV spectrum of the amiloride peak of the *Sample solution* exhibits maxima and minima at the same wavelengths as that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay. The UV spectrum of the hydrochlorothiazide peak of the *Diluted sample solution* exhibits maxima and minima at the same wavelengths as that of the *Diluted standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

### ASSAY

**Change to read:**

#### • PROCEDURE

**Buffer:** Dissolve 136 g of [monobasic potassium phosphate](#) in 800 mL of [water](#). Adjust with [phosphoric acid](#) to a pH of 3.0. Dilute with [water](#) to 1000 mL.

**Mobile phase:** [Methanol](#), [water](#), and *Buffer* (25:71:4)

**Standard stock solution:** 1.0 mg/mL of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) in [methanol](#)

**Standard solution:** 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) and 1 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), prepared as follows.

Transfer 10.0 mL of the *Standard stock solution* to a 100-mL volumetric flask containing 100 mg of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) and 20.0 mL of [methanol](#). Add 4.0 mL of [1 N hydrochloric acid](#), and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

▲**Diluted standard solution:** 0.005 mg/mL of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) and 0.05 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), from the *Standard solution*, diluted with [water](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Sample solution:** ▲Nominally 0.1 mg/mL of amiloride hydrochloride and 1 mg/mL of hydrochlorothiazide, prepared as follows. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) Transfer an equivalent to 5 mg of amiloride hydrochloride ▲ and 50 mg of hydrochlorothiazide ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) from powdered Tablets (NLT 20) to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add 15.0 mL of [methanol](#) and 2.0 mL of [1 N hydrochloric acid](#). Sonicate for 10 min, dilute with [water](#) to volume, sonicate for an additional 10 min, and filter.

▲**Diluted sample solution:** Nominally 0.005 mg/mL of amiloride hydrochloride and 0.05 mg/mL of hydrochlorothiazide, from the *Sample solution*, diluted with [water](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 286 nm. ▲For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Column:** 3.9-mm × 30-cm; ▲10-μm ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) packing L1

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

▲**Run time:** NLT 2 times the retention time of amiloride ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride ▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) are about 0.7 and 1.0, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride ▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of amiloride ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of amiloride ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of amiloride hydrochloride in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of hydrochlorothiazide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0% of the labeled amount of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ )

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

**Change to read:**

• [DISSOLUTION \(711\)](#).

**Medium:** [0.1 N hydrochloric acid](#); 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm

**Time:** 30 min

▲ Determine the percentage of the labeled amount of amiloride hydrochloride and hydrochlorothiazide dissolved using the *Spectrophotometric procedure* or the *Chromatographic procedure*.

**Spectrophotometric procedure** ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Amiloride standard solution:** ▲ 0.005 mg/mL of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#), prepared as follows. Transfer 52 mg of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) to ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) a 200-mL volumetric flask. Dissolve in and dilute with [methanol](#) to volume. Transfer 2.0 mL of this solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Medium* to volume.

**Hydrochlorothiazide standard solution:** 0.01 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), prepared as follows. Transfer 100 mg of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) to a 100-mL volumetric flask. Dissolve in and dilute with [methanol](#) to volume. Transfer 5.0 mL of this solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Medium* to volume. Transfer 10.0 mL of the resulting solution to a 50-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Medium* to volume.

**Sample solution A:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a glass fiber filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

**Sample solution B:** Transfer 5.0 mL of *Sample solution A* to a 25-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Medium* to volume.

**Blank:** *Medium*

### Instrumental conditions

**Mode:** UV-Vis

**Analytical wavelengths:** 363 nm for amiloride hydrochloride; 270 nm for hydrochlorothiazide

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Amiloride standard solution*, *Hydrochlorothiazide standard solution*, *Sample solution A*, and *Sample solution B*

Calculate the percentage ▲ of the labeled amount ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = [(A_U \times C_S \times V)/(A_S \times L)] \times 100$$

$A_U$  = absorbance of *Sample solution A*

$C_S$  = concentration of ▲ [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) in ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) the *Amiloride standard solution* (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$A_S$  = absorbance of the *Amiloride standard solution*

$L$  = label claim of amiloride ▲ hydrochloride ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) (mg/Tablet)

▲ Calculate  $F$ , the ratio of absorbance of the *Amiloride standard solution* at 270 nm to that at 363 nm:

$$\text{Result} = A_{S270}/A_{S363}$$

$A_{S270}$  = absorbance of the *Amiloride standard solution* at 270 nm

$A_{S363}$  = absorbance of the *Amiloride standard solution* at 363 nm

Calculate  $A_{UC}$ , the absorbance of *Sample solution B* at 270 nm, corrected for the interference of amiloride:

$$\text{Result} = A_{U270} - [(A_{U363} \times F)/D]$$

$A_{U270}$  = absorbance of *Sample solution B* at 270 nm

$A_{U363}$  = absorbance of *Sample solution A* at 363 nm

$F$  = ratio of the absorbance of the *Amiloride standard solution* at 270 nm to that at 363 nm

$D$  = dilution factor of *Sample solution B*, 5 ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

Calculate the percentage ▲ of the labeled amount ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) of hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = [(A_{UC} \times C_S \times V \times D)/(A_S \times L)] \times 100$$

$A_{UC}$  = corrected absorbance of *Sample solution* ▲  $B$  ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) at 270 nm

$C_S$  = concentration of ▲ [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) in ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) the *Hydrochlorothiazide standard solution* (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$D$  = dilution factor of *Sample solution B*, 5

$A_S$  = absorbance of the *Hydrochlorothiazide standard solution*

$L$  = label claim of hydrochlorothiazide (mg/Tablet)

#### ▲Chromatographic procedure▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Buffer and Mobile phase:** Prepare as directed in the Assay.

**Standard stock solution:** Use the *Standard solution* from the Assay.

**Standard solution:** 0.005 mg/mL of [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) and 0.05 mg/mL of [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#), from the *Standard stock solution*, diluted with *Medium*

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

#### Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 286 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × ▲15-cm; 5-μm▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) packing L1

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 50 μL

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) between hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the ▲ percentage of the labeled ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) amount of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) and hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of amiloride or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of amiloride or hydrochlorothiazide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of ▲ [USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#) or [USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$L$  = label claim of amiloride hydrochloride or hydrochlorothiazide (mg/Tablet)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of amiloride hydrochloride ( $C_6H_8ClN_7O \cdot HCl$ ) and NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of hydrochlorothiazide ( $C_7H_8ClN_3O_4S_2$ ) are dissolved.

**Change to read:**

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905), Content Uniformity:** Meet the requirements ▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

## IMPURITIES

**Change to read:**

- ▲ **LIMIT OF BENZOTHIADIAZINE RELATED COMPOUND A** ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Buffer, Mobile phase, and Sample solution:** Prepare as directed in the Assay.

▲ **System suitability solution:** Use the *Standard solution* from the Assay. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Standard solution:** ▲0.01 mg/mL ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) in *Mobile phase*

**Chromatographic system:** ▲Proceed as directed in the Assay, except for the *Injection volume*. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Injection volume:** 20  $\mu$ L. ▲For *System suitability*, use 10  $\mu$ L. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

## System suitability

**Sample:** ▲*System suitability solution* ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

[NOTE—The relative retention times for hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride ▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) are about 0.7 and 1.0, respectively.]

## Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride ▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% ▲for hydrochlorothiazide and amiloride ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

## Analysis

**Samples:** *Sample solution* and *Standard solution*

Calculate the percentage of benzothiadiazine related compound A in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100 \quad \text{▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)}$$

$r_U$  = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of benzothiadiazine related compound A from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of [USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#) in the *Standard solution* ▲(mg/mL) ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of ▲hydrochlorothiazide ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019) in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

▲▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 1.0%

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

**Change to read:**

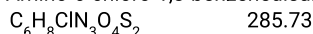
- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers. ▲Store at controlled room temperature. Protect from light. ▲ (USP 1-Aug-2019)

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11).**

[USP Amiloride Hydrochloride RS](#)

[USP Benzothiadiazine Related Compound A RS](#)

4-Amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide.



[USP Hydrochlorothiazide RS](#)

**Auxiliary Information** - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE TABLETS	<a href="#">Documentary Standards Support</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2
REFERENCE STANDARD SUPPORT	RS Technical Services <a href="mailto:RSTECH@usp.org">RSTECH@usp.org</a>	SM22020 Small Molecules 2

**Chromatographic Database Information:** [Chromatographic Database](#)

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