

Status: Currently Official on 13-Feb-2025
Official Date: Official as of 01-May-2022
Document Type: USP Monographs
DocId: GUID-3D1EF3CB-33CD-471F-AA8C-71EC40DC3DAC_2_en-US
DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M8866_02_01
DOI Ref: 29elo

© 2025 USPC
Do not distribute

Add the following:

▲Acyclovir Injection

DEFINITION

Acyclovir Injection contains acyclovir sodium equivalent to NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of acyclovir ($C_8H_{11}N_5O_3$).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention time of the acyclovir peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.
- **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

• **PROCEDURE**

Mobile phase: 3 mL/L of [glacial acetic acid](#) in [water](#)

Standard stock solution: 2 mg/mL of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in 0.1 N sodium hydroxide. Sonicate, if necessary, to dissolve prior to final dilution.

Standard solution: 0.1 mg/mL of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in [water](#) from the *Standard stock solution*

Sample stock solution: Nominally 2 mg/mL of acyclovir prepared as follows. Transfer 4 mL of Injection to a 100-mL volumetric flask and dilute with 0.1 N sodium hydroxide to volume.

Sample solution: 0.1 mg/mL of acyclovir in [water](#) prepared from the *Sample stock solution*

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing [L1](#)

Column temperature: 40°

Flow rate: 1.8 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

Run time: NLT 1.5 times the retention time of acyclovir

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of acyclovir ($C_8H_{11}N_5O_3$) in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of acyclovir from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of acyclovir from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of acyclovir in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0%

IMPURITIES

• **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Solution A: 1.36 g/L of potassium dihydrogen phosphate in [water](#). Adjust with 10% phosphoric acid to a pH of 3.0.

Solution B: [Methanol](#)

Mobile phase: See [Table 1](#).

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	100	0
5	100	0
40	90	10
60	58	42
61	100	0
70	100	0

Diluent: 3 mL/L of [glacial acetic acid](#) in [water](#)

Sensitivity solution: 0.5 µg/mL of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate, if necessary, to dissolve prior to final dilution.

Standard stock solution A: 0.0265 mg/mL of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in *Diluent*. Sonicate, if necessary, to dissolve prior to final dilution.

Standard solution A: 0.00265 mg/mL of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in *Diluent*, from *Standard stock solution A*

Standard stock solution B: 0.035 mg/mL of [USP Guanine RS](#) prepared as follows. Transfer 3.5 mg of [USP Guanine RS](#) to a 100-mL volumetric flask and add about 25 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide. Sonicate, if necessary, to dissolve and dilute with [water](#) to volume.

Standard solution B: 0.0035 mg/mL of [USP Guanine RS](#) in *Diluent*, from *Standard stock solution B*

Sample solution: Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of acyclovir in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer 2 mL of Injection to a 200-mL volumetric flask and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\), System Suitability](#).)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing [L1](#)

Temperatures

Autosampler: 6°

Column: 40°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 50 µL

System suitability

Samples: *Sensitivity solution*, *Standard solution A*, and *Standard solution B*

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for acyclovir, *Standard solution A*; NMT 2.0% for guanine, *Standard solution B*

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for acyclovir, *Standard solution A*; NMT 2.0 for guanine, *Standard solution B*

Signal-to-noise ratio: NLT 10 for acyclovir, *Sensitivity solution*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution A*, *Standard solution B*, and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of guanine in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of guanine from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of guanine from the *Standard solution B*

C_S = concentration of [USP Guanine RS](#) in *Standard solution B* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of acyclovir in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any individual impurity in the portion of Injection taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of any individual impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of acyclovir from the *Standard solution A*

C_S = concentration of [USP Acyclovir RS](#) in *Standard solution A* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of acyclovir in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 2](#).

Table 2

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Guanine	0.35	0.7
Acyclovir	1.0	—
Bis-acyclovir ^a	2.8	0.5
Any individual unspecified impurity	—	0.2
Total impurities ^b	—	1.0

^a Bis({9-[(2-hydroxyethoxy)methyl]guanine}-*N*²-yl)methane.

^b Total impurities excludes guanine.

SPECIFIC TESTS

- [BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST \(85\)](#): Meets the requirements
- [PARTICULATE MATTER IN INJECTIONS \(788\)](#): Meets the requirements
- [STERILITY TESTS \(71\)](#): Meets the requirements
- [pH \(791\)](#): 10.85–11.50
- **OTHER REQUIREMENTS**: It meets the requirements in [Injections and Implanted Drug Products \(1\)](#).

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE**: Preserve in single-dose containers, preferably of Type I glass. Store at controlled room temperature.

- [USP REFERENCE STANDARDS \(11\)](#).

[USP Acyclovir RS](#)

[USP Guanine RS](#)

2-Amino-1,7-dihydro-6*H*-purin-6-one.

C₅H₅N₅O

151.13 ▲ (USP 1-May-2022)

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
ACYCLOVIR INJECTION	Documentary Standards Support	SM12020 Small Molecules 1

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

Most Recently Appeared In:

Pharmacopeial Forum: Volume No. 46(4)

Current DocID: GUID-3D1EF3CB-33CD-471F-AA8C-71EC40DC3DAC_2_en-US

DOI: https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M8866_02_01

DOI ref: [29elo](#)