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# (92) GROWTH FACTORS AND CYTOKINES USED IN CELL THERAPY MANUFACTURING

## INTRODUCTION

Qualification of reagents, source materials, and control of the manufacturing process are key elements that ensure the quality and safety of cell therapies. Growth factors and cytokines are important for the maintenance, growth, selection, and purification of cultures of cell therapy products. This chapter describes the accepted tests, procedures, and acceptance criteria for growth factors and cytokines that may be involved in the manufacturing of cell therapy products.

# **RECOMBINANT HUMAN INTERLEUKIN 4 (rhiL-4)**

MHKCDITLQE	IIKTLNSLTE	QKTLCTELTV	TDIFAASKNT
TEKETFCRAA	TVLRQFYSHH	EKDTRCLGAT	AQQFHRHKQL
IRFLKRLDRN	LWGLAGLNSC	PVKEANQSTL	ENFLERLKTI
MREKYSKCSS			

$$C_{658}H_{1071}N_{193}O_{197}S_{8}$$
 15,096 Da

rhIL-4 is a single-chain polypeptide of 130 amino acid residues expressed in *Escherichia coli*. It is produced as a lyophilized powder and contains NLT  $0.5 \times 10^7$  USP Units of IL-4/mg of total protein. Process specific host-cell DNA impurities in IL-4 with limits of less than 1 ng/mg are determined as described in *Nucleic Acid-Based Techniques—Approaches for Detecting Trace Nucleic Acids (Residual DNA Testing)* (1130). Neither manufacturing license nor market approval is required for IL-4 intended for use as an ancillary material during manufacturing. Following are typical IL-4 quality attributes.

# **IDENTIFICATION**

- A. Amino-terminal sequence analysis of at least eight amino acids is performed with an automated sequencer. Stepwise-released phenylthiohydantoin amino acids are identified with on-line reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatography, on the basis of their elution times.
- **B.** Use the electrophoresis method followed by western blotting analysis to visualize the IL-4 protein. The method is sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE), described in the test for *Purity*.

**Phosphate buffered saline; Laemmli sample buffer, reducing;** and **Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing:** Proceed as directed in the test for *Purity* in the *Assay*.

**Standard stock solution:** 50 μg/mL of reconstituted <u>USP rHuman Interleukin 4 RS</u> in *Phosphate buffered saline*. [Note—Do not agitate while mixing; swirl gently.]

Standard solution: 20 µg/mL of IL-4, from Standard stock solution, in Phosphate buffered saline

Standard solution, reducing: Combine 20 µL of Standard solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, reducing.

Standard solution, nonreducing: Combine 20  $\mu L$  of Standard solution and 5  $\mu L$  of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

Sample stock solution: 50 µg/mL of reconstituted IL-4 in Phosphate buffered saline. [Note—Do not agitate while mixing; swirl gently.]

Sample solution: 20 µg/mL of IL-4, from Sample stock solution, in Phosphate buffered saline

Sample solution, reducing: Combine 20  $\mu L$  of Sample solution and 5  $\mu L$  of Laemmli sample buffer, reducing.

Sample solution, nonreducing: Combine 20 µL of Sample solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

**Analysis** 

**Samples:** Standard solution, reducing; Standard solution, nonreducing; Sample solution, reducing; and Sample solution, nonreducing **Western blotting:** After electrophoresis, the proteins are transferred onto a polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) membrane using standard procedures. Incubate the membrane for 1 h at room temperature with *Phosphate buffered saline* containing 0.1% Tween 20 and 5% skim milk powder. The membrane is then incubated with an anti-IL-4 antibody<sup>1</sup> (diluted appropriately in *Phosphate buffered saline*), followed by

incubation with a secondary antibody at room temperature under gentle agitation for 1 h for each of the antibodies. The IL-4 protein band is identified by developing the membrane using a suitable detection system.<sup>2</sup>

Acceptance criteria: The developed Western blot should give a positive signal equivalent to the USP rHuman Interleukin 4 RS.

#### **ASSAY**

• **Purity:** [Note—Purity is determined on the bulk material.] SDS-PAGE is performed as described under <u>Biotechnology-Derived Articles—Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (1056)</u> under reducing and nonreducing conditions.

Molecular weight marker: Use a suitable molecular weight marker containing protein bands between 10 and 200 kDa.

**Phosphate buffered saline:** 2.67 mM of potassium chloride, 1.47 mM of potassium phosphate (KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>), 137.93 mM of sodium chloride, and 8.06 mM of dibasic sodium phosphate in water. Adjust to a pH of 7.0–7.3.

**Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing:** 100 mM TRIS-HCl, pH 6.8, 50% glycerol, 0.25% bromophenol blue indicator, and 10% sodium lauryl sulfate in water

Laemmli sample buffer, reducing: Add 2.5 μL mercaptoethanol to 50 μL of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

Sample stock solution: 400 µg/mL of bulk IL-4 in Phosphate buffered saline

Sample solution 1: Combine 20 µL of Sample stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

Sample solution 2: Combine 20 µL of Sample stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, reducing.

**Control A stock solution:** 4 µg/mL of IL-4, from Sample stock solution, in Phosphate buffered saline. [Note—Control A solutions are run in triplicates in both reducing and nonreducing conditions.]

Control A solution 1: Combine 20 µL of Control A stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

Control A solution 2: Combine 20 µL of Control A stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, reducing.

**Control B stock solution:** 12 µg/mL of IL-4, from *Sample stock solution*, in *Phosphate buffered saline*. [Note—Control B solutions are run in duplicates in both reducing and nonreducing conditions.]

Control B solution 1: Combine 20 µL of Control B stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, nonreducing.

Control B solution 2: Combine 20 µL of Control B stock solution and 5 µL of Laemmli sample buffer, reducing.

**Electrophoretic conditions** 

(See <u>Biotechnology-Derived Articles—Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (1056).</u>)

Mode: Discontinuous PAGE gel Stacking gel: 4% acrylamide Resolving gel: 12% acrylamide

Run conditions: 10 min at 100 V; then 30 min at 200 V

Protein detection: Silver stain

**Analysis** 

Samples: Sample solution 1, Sample solution 2, Control A solution 1, Control A solution 2, Control B solution 1, and Control B solution 2
Incubate 25 µL of each Sample solution and Control solution under nonreducing conditions for 5 min at 60°, and load onto the gel.
Incubate 20 µL of each Sample solution and Control solution under reducing conditions for 5 min at 60°, and load onto the gel. After silver staining and scanning the whole gel, determine the intensity of all detectable protein bands by densitometry, and calculate the percentage of each detectable protein band, in the Sample solution, twice by comparing the pixel intensity of each contaminating band with the mean value of Control solutions A and B, respectively, by the formulas:

Result = 
$$(A_{100}) \times 1/(A_1)$$
 and

Result = 
$$(A_{100}) \times 3/(A_3)$$

A<sub>100</sub> = intensity of one contaminating band of the Sample solution

A = mean intensity of all detectable bands of Control A solution

A<sub>2</sub> = mean intensity of all detectable bands of Control B solution

IL-4 control solutions analysis should yield one detectable band with an apparent molecular weight of approximately 15 kDa. If values calculated by means of *Control A solution* are different from those revealed by comparison with *Control B solution*, the value corresponding to the highest amount of impurity should be taken. If the intensity of one of the contaminating bands is lower than the value of *Control A solution* (corresponding to 1%), the value of this contamination is set to 1%. The purity of the sample solution is then calculated:

Result = 
$$100 - \Sigma C_n$$

C = percentage of each contamination given in rounded whole numbers

n = number of contaminants of the IL-4 Sample solution

Acceptance criteria: The purity of IL-4 is NLT 97%, as determined by SDS-PAGE.

• PROTEIN CONTENT: [NOTE—Protein content is determined on the basis of the packaged product.]

Phosphate buffered saline: Proceed as directed in the test for Purity.

Sample solution: 50 µg/mL of IL-4 in Phosphate buffered saline. [Note—Do not agitate while mixing; swirl gently.]

**Blank:** Phosphate buffered saline **Spectrometric conditions** 

(See <u>Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857)</u>.)

Mode: UV Pathlength: 1 cm

Analytical wavelength: 280 nm

**Analysis** 

**Samples:** Sample solution and Blank
Calculate the protein concentration:

$$C = A_{280}/0.63$$

C = IL-4 concentration of the Sample solution (mg/mL)

A<sub>280</sub> = absorbance at 280 nm

# **SPECIFIC TESTS**

• BIOIDENTITY: [Note—The biological activity measurement is determined on the basis of the packaged product.]

**RPMI 1640 medium with L-glutamine:** Prepare a mixture of the ingredients in the quantities shown in sufficient water to obtain 1 L of medium, and sterilize by filtration:

Material	Quantity	
Calcium nitrate (Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) · 4H <sub>2</sub> O)	100 mg	
Magnesium sulfate (MgSO <sub>4</sub> · 7H <sub>2</sub> O)	100 mg	
Potassium chloride	400 mg	
Sodium chloride	6000 mg	
Sodium phosphate, dibasic anhydrous	800 mg	
Sodium bicarbonate	2000 mg	
Glycine	10 mg	
L-Arginine	200 mg	
L-Asparagine	50 mg	
L-Aspartic acid	20 mg	
ւ-Polyvinylidene fluoride ւ-cystine dihydrochloride	20 mg	
L-Glutamic acid	20 mg	
L-Glutamine	300 mg	
L-Histidine	15 mg	
L-Hydroxyproline	20 mg	
L-Isoleucine	50 mg	
L-Leucine	50 mg	
լ-Lysine hydrochloride	40 mg	
L-Methionine	15 mg	
∟-Phenylalanine	15 mg	

Material	Quantity	
L-Proline	20 mg	
L-Serine	30 mg	
L-Threonine	20 mg	
L-Tryptophan	5 mg	
L-Tyrosine disodium salt dihydrate	20 mg	
L-Valine	20 mg	
Biotin	0.2 mg	
Choline chloride	3 mg	
D-Calcium pantothenate	0.25 mg	
Folic acid	1 mg	
<i>i</i> -Inositol	35 mg	
Niacinamide	1 mg	
para-Aminobenzoic acid	1 mg	
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	1 mg	
Riboflavin	0.2 mg	
Thiamine hydrochloride	1 mg	
Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	0.005 mg	
D-Glucose (dextrose)	2000 mg	
Glutathione (reduced)	1 mg	
Phenol red	5 mg	

**Growth medium:** Using aseptic procedures, prepare the following tissue culture medium:

RPMI-1640 with ∟-glutamine	500 mL
Sodium pyruvate 100 mM	5 mL
Fetal bovine serum	50 mL
Human rGM-CSF <sup>a</sup>	3 × 10 <sup>4</sup> International Units

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) is added extemporaneously.

Sterilize by filtration, and store at between 2° to 8°. Use within 1 month. Add GM-CSF immediately before use.

Assay medium: Use Growth medium containing no GM-CSF.

**Phosphate buffered saline:** Proceed as directed in the test for *Purity* in the *Assay*.

**Resazurin solution:** 11 mg of resazurin in 100 mL of *Phosphate buffered saline*. [Note—Sterile filter and store solution protected from light at 4°. *Resazurin solution* is stable for at least 6 months if treated under sterile conditions.]

[Note—For all Standard and Sample solutions, IL-4 concentration is determined by photometry at 280 nm using an extinction coefficient ( $\epsilon$ ) of 0.63 mg<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>.]

**Standard stock solution:** 50  $\mu$ g/mL of USP rHuman Interleukin 4 RS in Phosphate buffered saline. [Note—Do not agitate while mixing; swirl gently.]

**Standard solutions:** 36, 12, 4, 1.33, 0.44, 0.15, 0.05, 0.016, 0.006 ng/mL of IL-4, from *Standard stock solution* in *Assay medium* 

**Sample stock solution:** 50 μg/mL of IL-4 in *Phosphate buffered saline*. [Note—Do not agitate while mixing; swirl gently.] **Sample solutions:** 36, 12, 4, 1.33, 0.44, 0.15, 0.05, 0.016, 0.006 ng/mL of IL-4, from *Sample stock solution* in *Assay medium* 

Control solution: Use the Assay medium.

**Cell culture preparation:** Prepare cell cultures of the human factor-dependent TF-1 cell line (ATCC No. CRL-2003), following the protocol described in the ATCC information sheet. Passage the cultures every 2–3 days, using 1:3 subcultures of the cells for up to 1 month. Seed density should be  $0.5 \times 10^6$  cells/mL, and maximal density should be  $3 \times 10^6$  cells/mL. Viability of the cells should be >90%. Maximal passage number is 24, and maximal cultivation time from thawing is 28 days. After 28 days, initiate a new culture. Cells are propagated using *Growth medium* at 37°, supplemented with air and 5% carbon dioxide.

## **Analysis**

Samples: Standard solutions, Sample solutions, and Control solution

The activity of the Sample solution is determined in duplicate. Wash the cells three times in Phosphate buffered saline. Plate  $2 \times 10^4$  TF-1 cells resuspended in 100 µL of Assay medium per well in 96-well, flat-bottom microplates. Incubate for 72 h at 37° and 5% CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere in a humidified incubator in the presence or absence of various concentrations of Standard solution, Sample solution, or Control solution by adding 100 µL of the corresponding solution to each well. Add 30 µL of Resazurin solution to each well and incubate for another 24 h. Determine the fluorescence intensity per well by reading the plate with a microplate reader using 544 nm (excitation) and 590 nm (emission). Convert the fluorescence intensity in each well to a percentage of the maximum fluorescence intensity. For the Sample solution and Standard solution, plot the percentage of fluorescence intensity versus the concentration of the respective solution. By using the least squares method of regression analysis, compute the ED50 in ng/mL of the Sample solution and the Standard solution. The coefficient of determination for curve regression should be  $\geq$  0.98. Calculate the potency in USP Interleukin 4 Units/mg:

Result = 
$$A \times E_{s}/E_{H}$$

A = activity of <u>USP rHuman Interleukin 4 RS</u> (USP units/mg)

E<sub>s</sub> = determined ED<sub>50</sub> of Standard solution (ng/mL)

 $E_{II}$  = determined  $ED_{50}$  of Sample solution (ng/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NLT  $0.5 \times 10^7$  USP IL-4 Units/mg

- STERILITY TESTS (71): Meets the requirements
- BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST (85): It contains NMT 50 USP Endotoxin Units/mg.

# **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- Packaging and Storage: Preserve in tight containers, and store at -80°.
- LABELING: Material is of recombinant DNA origin.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)

**USP Endotoxin RS** 

USP rHuman Interleukin 4 RS

- <sup>1</sup> A suitable anti-IL-4 antibody can be obtained from commercial sources (e.g., Dianova Inc.).
- <sup>2</sup> A suitable detection system can be obtained from commercial sources (e.g., Pierce/Perbio Science).

Auxiliary Information - Please check for your question in the FAQs before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
<92> GROWTH FACTORS AND CYTOKINES USED IN CELL THERAPY MANUFACTURING	Rebecca C. Potts Associate Scientific Liaison	BIO52020 Biologics Monographs 5 - Advanced Therapies

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